

## **HENRY C. ALLEN - THE MATERIA MEDICA OF SOME IMPORTANT NOSODES**

In memoriam

Dr. Henry C. Allen was born in the village of Nilestown, near London, Ontario, and was the son of Hugh and Martha Billings Allen. On his paternal side, he was a descendant of that distinguished family of Vermonters of the same name, Gen. Ira Allen and Ethan Allen, both famous in the revolution. On his maternal side, the Billings' were well known among the Colonial families of Massachusetts Bay, and one of them, the great-grandfather of Dr. Allen, owned the farm lands on which the present city of Salem is built. After selling this property, the family moved to Deerfield, in the Connecticut Valley and were there at the time the Indians pillaged and ravaged that part of the country.

He received his early education in the common and grammar schools at London, where he later taught school for a time. His medical education was acquired at the Western Homoeopathic College at Cleveland, Ohio (now the Cleveland Homoeopathic College), where he graduated in 1861, and later from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada. Shortly after graduation, he entered the Union Army, serving as a surgeon under General Grant.

After the war he was offered and accepted the professorship on Anatomy in his Alma Mater at Cleveland, and it was here that he first started practicing medicine. Later he resigned and accepted the same chair in the Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago. In 1868 he was offered the Chair of Surgery to succeed Dr. Beebe, but was unable to accept. He then located in Brantford, Ontario, where on December 24th, 1867, he married Selina Louise Goold, who, with his two children, Franklin Lyman Allen and Helen Marian Allen Aird, survives him.

In 1875 he moved to Detroit, Michigan, and in 1880, being appointed Professor of Materia Medica at the University of Michigan, he moved to Ann Arbor, where he remained until 1899, when he came to Chicago, where he has since resided.

In 1892 he founded the Hering Medical College and Hospital, of which he was Dean and Professor of Materia Medica until his death, January 22d, 1909.

Dr. Allen was an honorable senior of the American Institute of Homoeopathy; a member of the International Hahnemannian Association; of the Illinois Homoeopathic Medical association; of the Englewood Homoeopathic Medical Society; of the Regular Homoeopathic Medical society of Chicago; Honorary Vice-President of the Cooper Club of London, England; and Honorary Member of the Michigan, New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio State Medical Societies and Honorary Member of the Homoeopathic Society of Calcutta, India.

He was owner and editor of the "Medical Advance" for many years. Besides writing many articles in this and other magazines he wrote numerous books, among which are the following: "Keynotes of Leading Remedies," lately placed on the "Council List of Books" for use in the Canadian Medical Colleges; "The Homoeopathic therapeutics of Intermittent Fever;" "The Homoeopathic therapeutics of Fevers;" "therapeutics of Tuberculous Affections;" and recently completed the revision of Boenninghausen's Slip Repertory, which he brought down to date and arranged for rapid and practical work.

This, his latest work, a treatise on the Nosodes, was completed only a short time before

his death, and was the result of years of study, experience, and of proving and confirming the symptomatology of many of the nosodes. His observations are here published for the first time.

FRANKLIN LYMAN ALLEN.

Publisher's preface

It is with deep regret that the publishers are compelled to offer a preface of their own to this great work instead of one by the author, which intervening death prevented.

An outline of the history of this book, so far as we know it, may be of interest here, and indeed is needed. We have no means of knowing when the work was started, but, judging from the manuscript, it must have been many years ago, for much of the manuscript is old, and bears evidence of frequent revision and correction; of the work of a painstaking and conscientious author.

Close towards the end of the year 1908 Dr. Allen wrote us that his work was completed, the manuscript had received its final revision, and was ready for the compositor. The contracts were made, the manuscript was sent to the compositor. Several pages of the first section, Adrenalin, were set up and submitted to the author for style of type, and arrangement passed on by him as being satisfactory, the compositors were told to go ahead with the work, and then when all this was finished, word came of Dr. Allen's death. This threw the responsibility of seeing the work through the press, and the proof reading, on us. How well this work has been performed the reader can judge for himself. We believe it is good work.

Concerning the character of this book, Nosodes, it may be said that Dr. Allen first, last and all the time, regarded these drugs as homoeopathic, and not as isopathic, remedies; that they were to be proved as homoeopathic remedies and prescribed according to the totality of the symptoms. The preliminary remarks preceding the drugs treated in this book, tell all that we know concerning the source of the provings.

Dr. Allen placed great store by this, his final work, which he, we believe, considered his greatest.

THE PUBLISHERS

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 14, 1910.

Adrenalinum

[adrenalin (sarcode)]

Description

- Extract of super-renal bodies. Its chemical formula is  $C_3H_3A_2O_3$  and it forms shining prismatic crystals; which melt at a temperature of 207 c.: it is most soluble in warm water. It has a bitter taste, which leaves a sensation of numbness of the tip of the tongue. In dilute acids it possesses a marked affinity for oxygen, and when exposed to the air it changes into oxyadrenalin which is poisonous, though not possessing the properties of Adrenalin. It is to this chemical change that constantly occurs in the tissues that the evanescent effect of the drug is due.

- A number of cases of Addison's disease have been cured, and others arrested in their course, by Adrenalin. The most of these cases have occurred in the practice of other schools, and with large doses of the crude drug.

- Very few have been reported in the homoeopathic school, in fact, Raue says he has been unable to find an authenticated case of this disease cured, in our literature. As yet we have but one proving, made in 1904 by students of the New York Homoeopathic

College, under the direction of Dr. V. L. Getman and the following provers: M. W. Macduffie, W. G. LaField, G. H. Clapp, J. B. G. Custis, Jr., G. C. Birdsall, and R. C. Miller. The day-books of provers are omitted.

#### Mind

- Despondent and nervous; lack of interest in anything; no ambition; disinclination for mental work; absence of "grit".
- Aversion to mental work, cannot concentrate thoughts.

#### Head

- Hot headache in left side, extending to right, aggravated by reading and in morning, with a feeling as though the eyes were strained.
- Frontal headache, supraorbital, with congested nose and eyes.
- Burning heat in head, feeling as though he wanted to open eyes wide.
- Headache extending all over but aggravated on left side and over eyes across forehead.
- Awoke with headache over eyes and left side of head as though he wanted to open the eyes wide and press on them.
- Dull pain all over head, sometimes right-sided sometimes left-sided, but always extending to eyes, causing a feeling as though he wanted to open the eyes wide.
- Severe pain ameliorated by pressure on the eyes.
- Headache with nausea and heat in face, without redness, aggravated in the evening, but reappears as soon as pressure is removed.
- Headache extending to the ears.
- All headaches are aggravated in the afternoon or evening; in the evening they appear about 7 P.M. and last until relieved by walk in the open air or sleep.
- If headache appears in the afternoon the time is 3 P.M. , always ameliorated by walk in the open air, and somewhat relieved by eating and sleeping, but not so completely as by walk in the open air.
- When the headache is worse it is also ameliorated by pressure on the eyes and opening the eyes wide, and is aggravated by mental labor and indoors.
- Dull headache over eyes; fulness in head.
- Neuralgic headache; pain start from base of brain, go forward over the head to front and sides; pains are first shooting and seem to be just under the scalp, appear at 11 A.M. and last until 3 or 4 P.M. , and disappear by eating, in open air, aggravated in close, warm room.
- Brain feels swollen as though it were too large for skull.
- Congestion of brain during the day.
- Dull aching in the eyeballs with the headache, ameliorated by pressure and by rubbing the eyes.
- Headache coming on at 11 A.M. , lasting until 12-30 at night, ameliorated by eating.
- Fulness of the head in the afternoon and evening.
- Flushes of heat in the evening over face and head, but face was only slightly red.
- Dull feeling in the head from 3 to 6 P.M.
- Frontal headache.

#### Eye

- Strained feeling; congested: feeling as though he wanted to open them wide or press upon them.
- Pain in the right eye.

- Pressure on the eyes and opening them wide ameliorated the headache.
- Hyperemia of the conjunctiva dissipated almost immediately when used locally; thus rendering operations possible.

- Aching in eyeballs, ameliorated by pressure and rubbing.

#### Ear

- Aching in the left ear accompanies the headache: sharp pain in both ears at times.
- Itching and tickling in right ear, ameliorated by boring into ear with finger.

#### Nose

- Congested, full feeling in nose.
- Gelatinous mucus drops from the posterior nares, difficult to detach.
- On going out into the cold air had a copious, watery nasal discharge, aggravated on right side; when indoors, the nose felt full and stopped up.
- Slight stuffiness in the nose, with full feeling at the root of the nose.

#### Face

- Feels flushed but is not red.
- Flushes of heat over face and heat; flushed throughout evening.

#### Mouth

- Bad taste on waking.
- Mouth filled with dark brown mucus, which has nasty taste.
- Tongue coated white, red edge and tip.
- Tongue clean anteriorly; mouth dry.
- Tongue coated white at times posteriorly.

#### Throat

- Much hemming and hawking to clear throat.
- Vocal cords inflamed; laryngeal catarrh, profuse secretion from the pharyngeal glands of whitish gelatinous mucus which was difficult to loosen.
- Right side swollen and sore, red and inflamed, aggravated by swallowing.

#### Stomach

- Belching after meals.
- Appetite increased.
- Sensation of nausea as though he would vomit.
- Pain in stomach passing from right to left, coming and going suddenly.
- Nausea before meals, though appetite is good when he once began to eat.
- Appetite increased; ravenous hunger.
- Less thirst than usual.
- Thirst at times for large quantities, increased in the evening.

#### Abdomen

- Rumbling in the intestines; borborygmus.

#### Stool

- Passage of foul flatus.
- Stool loose, brown, semi-solid, passed quickly, with fetid odor.
- Sudden spluttering diarrhoea; all over in a minute, followed with burning in anus.

#### Urine

- Strong odor, hot and scalding; frequent, profuse, pale.
- Burning before and during micturition.
- Sudden urgent desire to urinate.

- Amount of urine decreased, solids increased.
- Crystals of sodium oxalate increased while sodium urate appeared during the proving, and was very prominent, no casts.
- Pus corpuscles which were present at the beginning disappeared; no epithelia.
- Hematuria with severe pain in the renal region; cured.
- Urine more frequent than usual.

#### Male

- Spermatozoa present (in the urine?) at the beginning and during the first part of the proving, totally disappeared.
- Sexual desire increased, without erections.
- Erections; lascivious dreams all night causing waking from sleep.
- Emissions in early morning without any bad effects.

#### Respiratory

- Cough, from irritation in suprasternal fossa.
- Expectoration of gelatinous mucus, which is hard to detach.
- Increase of respiratory movements, soon followed by suffocation and death from paralysis of medulla and pneumogastric (crude drugs).

#### Back

- Pain especially on the left side; better by sitting up straight or lying straight.

#### Extremities

- Slight rheumatic pains coming and going down leg.
- Left foot, leg and buttocks go to sleep easily and feel numb; this numbness extends to both lower extremities but is aggravated in the left.
- Arms and legs go to sleep easily; numbness and tingling from below upwards.
- Corns on the toes.
- Aching in limbs on walking in the morning; aching in the calves.
- Rheumatic pains in left elbow and little finger on waking.
- Severe cramp in right heel lasting ten minutes, then the same in left heel, followed by stomachache.
- Legs tired and ache, especially in the calves and below the knees.
- Ankles feel weak and tired.
- Painful swelling on first finger of right hand, resulting in a felon.
- Tired aching in arms and legs on waking.
- Dull pain in arms and legs.

#### Tissues

- It possesses powerful local action over dilated blood-vessels.
- When injected into the circulation arteries become contracted and blood pressure rises.
- Prolonged contraction of the general muscular system.
- Repeated injections cause atheroma and heart lesions in animals.
- The skin becomes bronzed; great loss of strength; rapid emaciation; exceedingly rapid pulse; irregular intermitting heart beats; general marked anaemia.

#### Sleep

- Great sleepiness and drowsiness.
- Sleepy in evening and after a good night's sleep.
- Dullness and sleepiness from 3 to 6 P.M.

#### Fever

- Flushes of heat over face and head.

Ambra grisea

[ambra grisea (ambergris)]

Description

- Of doubtful origin, for years on the borderland as to its true classification, but probably a nosode or morbid product found in the belly of the sperm-whale, the *Physeter Macrocephalus*.

- It is often found floating upon the sea or thrown upon the shore of the Baltic, or on the coast of Madagascar or Sumatra. But, perhaps the best specimens are those which whalers cut out and are to be found in Boston and other whaling ports. It has many characteristics of intestinal or biliary concretions and has been considered to be of hepatic origin, probably a fatty excretion from its gall-bladder.

- It was introduced by Hahnemann in 1827; proved by him and his friend, Count de Gersdorf, who personally obtained nearly one-half of the symptoms.

- The so-called Oil of Amber (used by Dr. Holcombe in hic-cough) is *Oleum Succinum*, and should not be confounded with Ambergris.

Characteristics

- For children, especially young girls who are excitable, nervous and weak; nervous affections, old people, nerves "worn out"; premature senility; general functional impairment.

- Ailments of both extremes of life.

- Lean, thin, emaciated persons who take cold easily; "dried up"; nervous, thin, scrawny women (*Secale*); nervous bilious temperament.

- Great sadness, sits for days weeping.

- Great bashfulness, very characteristic; embarrassed in company, in sick room.

- The presence of others, even the nurse, is unbearable during stool; frequent, ineffectual desire, which makes her anxious.

- After business embarrassments, unable to sleep, must get up (*Act.*, *Sep.*).

- Retires weary, yet wakeful as soon as head touches pillow.

- Weakness; lassitude; numbness of single parts; one-sided complaints.

- *Ranula* with fetid breath (*Thuja*).

- Sensation of coldness in abdomen (*Cal.*); of single parts.

- Cannot urinate in presence of other persons (*Nat. mur.*).

- Discharge of blood between periods, at very little accident - a long walk, after every hard stool, etc.; nymphomania; severe pruritus, especially in lying-in.

- *Leucorrhoea*; thick, bluish-white mucus, especially or only at night (*Caust.*, *Mer.*, *Nit. ac.*).

- Cough violent; in spasmodic paroxysms, with eructations and hoarseness; aggravated talking or reading aloud (*Dros.*, *Phos.*, *Tub.*); evening without, morning with expectoration (*Bry.*, *Carb. v.*, *Hep.*, *Hyos.*, *Phos.*, *Puls.*, *Sep.*); whooping cough, but without crowing inspiration; aggravated when many people are present.

Relations

- Antidoted by *Camph.*, *Cof.*, *Nux*, *Puls.*, *Staph.*, *X-ray*.

- *Ambra* antidotes *Staph.*, especially the voluptuous itching of scrotum.

- *Nux* antidotes the potentized *Ambra*.

Compare

- Calc., Nat. c., Tub. (coldness of abdomen); Cast., Asaf., Psor., X-ray, Val., defective reaction; Coca, Fer., bashfulness and blushing; Mosch., Val., fainting, hysteric asthma; Act., Ign., night cough; Iod., Nux, Tub., thin, emaciated, nervous, irritable persons; Ars., Tub., asthmatic affections; Phos., asthma, nervous, excitable, weak, irritable patient, tall and slender; Bov., flow every few days midway between the periods: Lach., Rhus., Sepia, aggravated from overlifting; Cof.,Croc., China, Ign., Puls., Sec., Staph., Sulph., nervous hysterical affections; Kali bi., Iod., itching behind sternum in violent, racking, paroxysmal cough.

- Carbo veg. and Petr. in lack of reaction in acute disease.

- In cases of women who are excessively nervous and fail to react in acute sickness.

#### Aggravation

- Warm drinks, warm room; in the evening; lying, especially on the painless side (Arn., Bry., Calc., Puls., Rhus.); reading or talking aloud; music; the presence of many people; after waking (Lach., Sep.).

#### Amelioration

- After eating; in the cold open air; cold food and drinks; rising from bed, resting upon affected parts.

- Pains: tearing, drawing, sticking; with sensation of pressure.

- The infant is weak, peevish and mentally deficient, thin and emaciated, the image of a little dried-up old man.

- The hair turns gray and falls; the memory grows unreliable; comprehension is dull; hearing, smell and sight begin to fail; nervousness, anxiety, melancholy; aversion to company or indifference to family and the affairs of life are gradual steps in the path to senility.

- From defective assimilation the tissues become impoverished; from weak circulation there is coldness of the extremities, numbness and vertigo.

- These signs of senile decrepitude may be found to a greater or less extent in any stage of life, and this is the sphere of Ambra.-Farrington.

#### Mind

- ||Memory impaired.

- ||Comprehension slow, has to read everything three or four times and then does not understand it.

- |Is not able to reflect upon anything properly, feels stupid.

- Confusion of the head; of the occiput.

- |Difficult thinking in the morning.

- ||Distorted images, grimaces; diabolical faces crowd upon his fancy.

- She is excited, loquacious; erratic talking fatigues her; was unable to sleep at night, or averse to talking and laughing.

- Great sadness; despondent, does not want to live.

- Forced to dwell upon most disagreeable things; sleepless in consequence.

- |Melancholy, sits for days weeping; with great weakness, loss of muscular power and pain in the small of the back and constipation.

- ||Fears of becoming insane.

- Despair; loathing of life.

- Anguish and sweat all over, at night.

- Anxiety, oppression, nervous weakness with irritability and impatience.

- |After business embarrassment cannot sleep, must get up and walk about (Rhus r., Sep.).

- Hurries too much while engaged in mental labor.

- ||Embarrassed manner in company; blushing, bashful (Fer., X-ray, Tub.).

- Cough worse when many persons are present.

- The presence of other people aggravates the symptoms.

#### Sensorium

- |Vertigo with feeling of weight on the vertex; aggravated after sleep, aggravated after eating.

- |She had to lie down on account of vertigo and sensation of weakness in the stomach.

- Music causes the blood to rush to the head.

- |Great weakness in the head with vertigo.

#### Head

- Pressure in forehead and vertex with fear of becoming crazy.

- Tearing: in forehead; in left temple up to vertex; in right frontal eminence and behind left ear.

- Extremely painful tearing on top of head and apparently in whole upper half of brain, with paleness of face and coldness of left hand.

- Pressive drawing, ascending from nape of neck, and extending through head towards forehead, considerable oppression remaining in lower part of occiput.

- Dullness in occiput.

- Tearing pains predominate in head.

- ||Rush of blood to head caused by music.

- Weakness in head with vertigo.

- ||Falling off of hair, hair turns gray early.

- |On the right side of the head, a spot, where the hair when touched pains, as if sore.

- The scalp feels sore in morning, when awaking; this is followed by a sensation of numbness, extending over the whole body.

#### Eyes and sight

- Dullness of vision, as if from looking through a mist.

- Pressure and smarting in eyes, as from dust; lachrymation.

- Pressure on eyes, which are difficult to open, and pain in eyes as if they had been closed too firmly, particularly in the morning.

- Itching on eyelid as if a styne were forming.

#### Ears and hearing

- |Roaring and whistling in ears, in afternoon.

- |Deafness of one ear.

- Crackling in left ear (like the sound made when winding a watch).

- |Hearing decreases; with cold sensation in abdomen.

- Violent tearing pain in and behind right auricle.

- Tearing in right ear.

- Crawling, itching and tickling in ears.

- ||Music aggravates the cough.

- |Listening to music brings on congestion to head.

#### Nose

- |Dried blood gathered in nose.



- |Bleeding of the nose early in the morning.
- ||Nosebleed with menses.
- |Copious nosebleed early in bed, several successive days.
- Nose stopped up and paining as if sore internally.
- Long continued dryness of the nose, frequent irritation as from sneezing.

#### Face

- Paleness of face with headache.
- Flushes of heat in face.
- Heat in face with chill of other parts.
- Tearing in the upper part of the face, particularly near the right ala nasi.
- Pimples, and itching in whiskers.
- Painful swelling of the cheek on upper jaw, with throbbing in the gums.
- Jaundiced color of the face.
- Spasmodic twitching of the facial muscles, lower part of face; in the evening in bed.
- Lips hot.
- Lips numb and dry, in the morning on awaking.
- Cramp of the lower lip.

#### Teeth and gums

- Drawing pain now in one and again in another tooth; increased by warmth, momentarily removed by cold; not aggravated by chewing and passes off after a meal; at the same time the inner portion of the gums was swollen.
- |Bleeding of gums.

#### Mouth

- Bitter taste in mouth in morning and awaking.
- Sour taste after drinking milk.
- Pain as if sore, folds under the tongue, like small growths.
- |||Ranula.
- Tongue, bluish, lead colored (Ars.).
- |Fetor of mouth, worse mornings.
- Blisters in mouth, pain as if burnt; under the tongue, lumps like small growths, which pain like excoriation; smarting and cracked painful condition of mouth; on account of pain she could not eat anything hard.
- Accumulation of water in the mouth with cough.
- Rasping, smarting pain in mouth when eating solid food (Phos. ac.).
- In the morning on awaking, tongue, mouth and lips as if numb and dry (sensation of numbness in throat, Mag., Sulph.).
- Tongue coated grayish-yellow.

#### Throat

- |Sensation of rawness in region of velum pendulum palati.
- Rawness in throat with cough.
- Tearing pain in palate, extending into left ear.
- Dryness of throat in morning.
- Sore feeling in throat during deglutition, and from outward pressure, not when swallowing food, with tension of glands of throat as if swollen.
- |Sore throat after exposure to a draught of air; stitching from the throat into right ear; pains particularly from motion of the tongue.

- Tickling in throat which induces coughing.
- Tickling in throat and thyroid body, during act of coughing.
- Accumulation of grayish phlegm in throat, which is difficult to hawk up, accompanied by rawness.
- Hawking the phlegm from fauces produces vomiting and choking.
- Papular-like eruption in pharynx.
- Smarting at the back of the fauces when not swallowing.
- When hawking up mucus in the morning, almost unavoidable retching and vomiting.

#### Stomach

- Thirstlessness.
- After breakfast, nausea.
- After eating :
  - cough and gaping or gagging; anxiety; pressure in pit of stomach, as if the food stuck and would not go down (food descends slowly and gets into the larynx, Kali carb.); food is felt until it enters the stomach (Alum., Bry., Phos.).
  - Aggravation from warm drinks, especially from warm milk.
  - Better after eating: toothache; oppression in chest; chill, etc.
  - After drinking milk: sour taste; heartburn.
  - Belching with and after cough.
  - Eructations either empty, sour or bitter.
  - When walking in the open air heart-burn with balked eructations.
  - Eructations with cough, so as almost to cause choking.
  - Belching removes pressure under scrobiculum.
  - Hiccough.
  - Sensation of coldness in the stomach.
  - After exposure to the cold in a sleigh-ride, had suffered continually, summer and winter, for 14 years, with sensation of coldness in the stomach; has used all kinds of pads and warmers without relief; cured in 24 hours.
  - Heartburn: with abortive eructations; when walking in the open air; from drinking milk, especially warm milk.
  - Every evening, sensation of disordered stomach and acrid risings up to larynx.
  - Nausea after breakfast.
  - Vomiting and choking when hawking phlegm from fauces.
  - Pressure and burning under scrobiculum; belching removes it.
  - Pressure in stomach and hypochondria.
  - Tension and pressure or stitches and pressure in the stomach.
  - Concussion in pit of stomach with the cough.
  - Weakness in stomach accompanying vertigo; must lie down on account of vertigo and a sensation of weakness in the stomach.

#### Abdomen

- Pressing pain in a small spot in the upper right side of the abdomen, though not felt to touch.
- Tearing pain in the region of the spleen, as if something were torn away.
- Pain in right hypochondriac region ameliorated while lying upon it.
- Tension and distension in abdomen after every mouthful he eats, even after every mouthful of fluid.

- Distended abdomen; accumulation of much flatus, which subsides without being passed.

- |||Sensation of coldness in the abdomen.

- |Coldness of one side of the abdomen (left); also with the deafness.

- Colic, sometimes followed by diarrhoea.

- Pressure deep in the hypogastrium after the evacuation.

Stool and anus

- First copious, soft, light brown stools, after a few days' constipation.

- Constipation: Frequent ineffectual urging as in *Nux vomica*, but attended by much anxiety at stool and a sense of marked coldness in the abdomen, the patients being put to a great distress by the presence of others in the room (near presence of others unbearable while urinating, *Nat. m.*); after stool, aching deep in hypogastrium; itching and smarting in anus relieved by rubbing.

- Diarrhoea preceded by colic.

- Stool not hard, though large.

- |||Frequent ineffectual desire for stool; this makes her very anxious,

- ||at this time the presence of other persons becomes unbearable.

- |Large flow of blood with the stool.

- Itching in anus.

- Stitches in anus.

- After the evacuation pressure deep in the hypogastrium;

Urinary organs

- Frequent micturition at night (*Lyc.*) and in the morning after rising.

- Pain in bladder and rectum simultaneously.

- Urine sour smelling; urine turbid even when first passed.

- |Urine when emitted is clouded, yellowish-brown and deposits a brownish sediment, after which the urine looks clear and yellow; coffee ground sediment.

- |Sour smelling urine.

- Urinates three times as much as the drink taken, especially in the morning; followed by a dull pain in the region of the kidneys.

- Sensations as if a few drops passed through the urethra.

- |During urination, burning, smarting, itching and titillation in the urethra and vulva.

Male sexual organs

- |A man, aet. 80, gets asthma when attempting coition.

- Impotence.

- Violent morning erections without desire, with numbness in the parts.

- Internal, strong, voluptuous sensation in genital organs.

- Itching pimples over male genitals.

- |Sore rawness between the thighs.

- |Voluptuous itching on scrotum.

Female sexual organ

- Nymphomania: often with discharge of bluish-white mucus, aggravated at night, stitching in vagina preceding discharge.

- |||Burning in sexual parts, with discharge of a few drops of blood.

- |Stitches in ovarian region, when drawing in abdomen or pressing upon it.

- |||Discharge of blood between the periods, at every little accident, at every hard stool or

after a walk a little longer than usual.

- Menses early, the left leg becomes quite blue from distended varices, with pressive pain in the leg.
- Lying down aggravates the uterine symptoms.
- Is said to cause uterine atony.
- Suppressed catamenia.
- ||Menses too early and too profuse.
- |Menses appear seven days before time.
- |Severe itching on the pudenda, must rub the parts.
- |Soreness and itching, with swelling of the labia.
- ||During urination : itching, titillation, burning of vulva and urethra.
- |Thick, mucous leucorrhoea, increased from day to day, or leucorrhoea at night, of bluish-white mucus; preceding each discharge, a stitch in the vagina.
- During pregnancy: nervous, restless; pruritus vulvae.
- Impending abortion.
- |Puerperal eclampsia.
- Lessens the severity of the labor-pains.
- |In childbed obstinate constipation and tenesmus; abdomen puffed, causing much anxiety; so nervous she cannot attempt a stool in the presence of other people, not even the nurse.
- Revillout compares the general action of Ambra with that of Kali bromatum.
- The effect appears quicker after Ambra, but that of Kali bromatum continues longer.
- Ambra, therefore, is preferable for the removal of severe reflex actions, infantile spasms, puerperal eclampsia.
- Ambra quiets beautifully the nervous restlessness of pregnancy and thus prevents convulsions; it also retards uterine contractions.
- Revillout recommends Ambra in pregnancy: 1. To prevent eclampsia.
- 2. To diminish too severe labor-pains.
- 3. In too early labor or threatening abortion.
- But Ambra given too frequently and in too large a dose may also produce uterine atony.
- Ambra given in large doses may generally remove convulsions, from whatever cause, and by diminishing nervousness acts favorably on nervous persons, infants and young girls.
- Here, then, is another case of involuntary Homoeopathy.
- Ambra produces in the healthy burning in the sexual parts, with discharge of a few drops of blood; menses set in a few days too soon; it produces discharge of blood at other times than the catamenia, also fluor albus, and also perhaps ovaritis.
- It also produces twitchings in muscular parts, spasms, restlessness, infirmity, anxiety, oppression, nervous weakness with irritability and impatience, twitching and jerkings in the extremities, with coldness of the body and great debility, a state so often found in females and excitable, weakly children, combined with sleeplessness; many dreams, frightened awaking, restless sleep at night, general restlessness, irritability, anxiety and despair.

#### Respiration

- |Titillation in larynx with spasmodic cough.
- |Titillation in throat, larynx and trachea, causing violent cough.

- Hoarseness and roughness of the voice, with accumulation of thick, tough mucus, easily thrown off by coughing.
  - |Itching, scraping, and soreness of the larynx and trachea.
  - Reading aloud or talking aggravates the cough.
  - Itching in thyroid gland; itching behind the sternum causing cough.
  - Tightness of the chest, cannot take a deep breath or yawn deeply.
  - |Oppression felt in chest, and between scapulae; it subsides for a short time after eating.
  - Feeling of pressure in chest worse during exhalation.
  - |Asthma of old people and children.
  - |Asthma comes on while he is attempting coition.
  - |Whistling in chest during breathing.
  - ||Get out of breath with the cough, which is spasmodic; rush of blood to the head.
- Cough
- Spasmodic cough, loses her breath; with rush of blood to the head; finally some phlegm comes up.
  - |||Cough in spasmodic paroxysms.
  - |Hollow, spasmodic, barking cough; worse from talking or reading aloud; with gagging after eating.
  - |Spasmodic cough of elderly or emaciated persons.
  - |Paroxysms of cough coming from deep in chest, excited by violent tickling in throat, evening without, morning with expectoration, generally of grayish-white, seldom of yellow mucus, of salty or sour taste; tough grayish mucus; worse in the morning.
  - |||Violent spasmodic cough, with frequent eructations and hoarseness; with pain in region of spleen as if something were torn off.
  - Lifting a heavy weight aggravates the cough.
  - |Cough only at night, produced by an excessive irritation in the throat.
  - Cough with eructations of gas so as almost to choke the patient (Lach.).
  - |Cough every evening with pain under the left ribs, as if something was torn loose there.
  - Accumulation of grayish mucus, difficult to hawk up, accompanied by rawness and almost unavoidable retching and vomiting.
  - Cough worse when many persons are present.
  - Cough causes concussion in pit of stomach.
  - |Cough with emaciation.
  - |A kind of whooping cough; paroxysmal but without crowing inspiration aggravated after lying down.
  - |Deep dry cough, with accumulation of water in mouth, and subsequent rawness of the throat.
  - |Choking and vomiting when hawking up phlegm from the fauces.
  - Sputa yellow-white, cream-like; a "sputum coctum".
  - Collection of phlegm in the throat difficult to cough up.
  - Old coughs.
  - Scraping and tickling in the throat, larynx, down along the windpipe causing violent cough with sensation of tightly adhering mucus in the windpipe; during breathing whistling in the chest; rough and hoarse voice; collection of mucus in the throat, difficult to cough up.

- Cough mostly only at night from violent irritation, with concussion of the pit of the stomach; cough sometimes in spasmodic paroxysms, with oppression of the chest, getting out of breath, great restlessness, and afterwards a great deal of belching, a kind of whooping cough.

- In nervous persons it causes titillation in the larynx and spasmodic paroxysms of cough; whistling in the chest; spasmodic short breathing; cardiac anguish and spasmodic palpitation.

#### Chest and lungs

- Pain in lower part of right chest relieved by lying on the back.
- Lancination in chest extending to back.
- Oppression of the chest extending to back between the scapulae.
- Relieved a short while by eating.
- |Sensation of pressure deep in right chest; also in left chest or in upper part of chest.
- Wheezing in the chest.
- |Sensation of rawness in chest.
- Tearing pressure in left side of the chest.
- |Itching in chest.
- Tightness of the chest, can neither yawn nor breathe deeply.
- Sensation of a lump in chest.
- Aching in the chest over epigastrium, as if parts had been beaten; relieved by eructations.
- Violent, dull stitching pain in right mamma, interrupting breathing.
- Burning in the external parts of the chest.
- Pressure in upper part of the chest, coming in regular paroxysms.

#### Heart and pulse

- |Anxiety at the heart, causing oppression of breathing, with flushes of heat, oppression beginning in the heart.
- Palpitation when walking in the open air, with paleness of face.
- |Violent palpitation, with pressure in chest, as if a lump lay there, or as if the chest was stuffed up.
- Pulse accelerated, with ebullitions.
- He perceives the pulse in the body; it feels like the tick of a watch.

#### Outer chest

- Burning on the chest.

#### Back

- Glands of the throat tense as if swollen.
- Burning in left scapula.
- Tearing in the left, or in both shoulders.
- Rheumatic pains in the right side of the back.
- Painful tension in the lumbar muscles.
- Stitches in small of back, when sitting.
- ||Stiffness in small of back after sitting.
- Pain in small of back, with loss of muscular power and constipation.

#### Upper limbs

- Tearing in left shoulder joint.
- Drawing, as if sprained and lame in the shoulder.

- |The arms go to sleep when lying on them, when carrying anything in the hands or at night; with numbness especially of the left arm in rest, tingling in the thumb.
- Tearing pains in the shoulder, elbow, forearm and hand.
- Weakness of the fingers at night.
- Stinging in hands and fingers, as from insects.
- Drawing in fingers, and thumb.
- Itching in palms of hands.
- Cramps in hands, sometimes only when taking hold of anything.
- Tips of fingers are shrivelled.
- Tearing, lancinating or itching in tips of fingers and thumb.
- Skin on the fingers feels tense.
- Long lasting icy coldness of hands.
- |Coldness of left hand with headache.
- |Finger nails brittle, with a very old man; they got soft; elastic and pink.

#### Lower limbs

- Tearing pain, first in left , than in right hip joint.
- Sensation of contraction in right thigh; the limb seems to be shortened.
- Tearing in nates, hip, knee, leg, ankle and foot.
- Heaviness of the legs.
- Strumming sensation in legs.
- Sensation as if "gone to sleep" in both legs; has no firm step.
- Cramps in legs and calves nearly every night.
- Cold feet.
- Gouty pain in ball of great toes.
- Itching on inner border of sole of the right foot, not relieved by scratching.
- |Sore and raw between the thighs,
- ||and in the hollow of the knees.
- Left leg becomes blue from distended varices during menses.
- Tearing or rheumatic pains, in parts of all the limbs.
- Uncommon twitching and coldness of the body, at night.
- Uneasiness, like a crawling, with anxiety, only by day.
- Weariness, with painful soreness of all the limbs.

#### Nerves

- Trismus neonatorum.
- Restlessness.
- |Jerks and twitches.
- Convulsions.
- Epilepsy.
- |Infantile spasms.
- |Spasms and twitches in the muscular parts.
- Spasmodic complaints.
- |Arms and limbs "go to sleep" easily.
- |Great lassitude, especially mornings in bed.
- Fainting.
- |Weakness of the whole body; of the knees, as if they would give way; of the feet, with loss of sensation; in the stomach, so that she must lie down.

- Great prostration after lingering fevers.
- Chlorosis.
- |Loss of muscular power.
- Vertigo and nervous apoplexy.
- Paralytic complaints.
- Numbness of the whole body.
- When walking in the open air, an uneasiness in the blood and more rapid circulation, with greater weakness of the body.
- Conversation causes fatigue, heaviness of the head, sleepless, oppression of the chest, sweat, anxiety; tremor and quivering; nervousness and irritability.
- B. W., aet. 58, stout, florid, right side paralysed for five years, walks with difficulty, dragging right foot; vertigo, with feeling of great weight on vertex for five years; worse after sleeping; sleepless after 1 A.M. ; loss of memory; loss of sense of smell; numbness of right side; cold sweat on extremities, right foot colder than left; nausea in abdomen; has had much grief, Ign., Con., Ver. b.; little relief.
- Ambra 200 (two doses dry) removed pain in vertex, vertigo and nausea.

#### Sleep

- |Cannot sleep, must get up; worryment from business embarrassment; insomnia of business men.
- Cannot sleep at night, yet knows not why.
- ||Sleepy on retiring; but as soon as head touches the pillow is wide awake for hours, restless, tossing, or simply unable to close the eyes.
- Restless sleep, with anxious dreams.
- |Vexatious, anxious dreams and talking in sleep; awaken frightened.
- Sleepless after 1 A.M.
- Worse from too little sleep.
- Twitching of limbs preventing sleep, and coldness.
- Uneasy sleep from coldness and twitching.
- Nearly every night cramp in calves.
- Worse after sleep; vertigo; weight on vertex; whooping cough; feels weak; mouth dry; weary, eyes feel as if they had been closed too tightly.
- When awaking : soreness of scalp; lips numb and dry; bitter taste in mouth.
- Early in bed; nosebleed; great lassitude.

#### Temperature and weather

- aggravated from warmth: toothache.
- ameliorated from cold : toothache.
- aggravated in warm room: cough.
- ameliorated from motion in open air.
- aggravated from warm drinks.
- After exposure to draft of air; sore throat.
- When walking in open air: heartburn; palpitation; uneasiness in the blood; aggravated weakness.
- Took cold and had perspiration checked, after a thunder-storm, by north wind in face; tormenting cough for several weeks.

#### Fever

- |Chill in forenoon, with lassitude and sleepiness; relieved by eating; skin of whole body



cold, except face and genitals.

- Chill of single parts of the body, with heat of the face.
- Anxious flushes of heat returning every quarter hour;
- |most violent towards evening.
- Profuse sweat at night, worse after midnight and most on the affected side.
- Profuse sweat, particularly on the abdomen and thighs, during exercise.
- Malignant fevers.

Skin

- ||Itching.
- Jaundiced color of face.
- Burning in skin; The tips of the fingers become shrivelled.
- Soreness of a wart on the finger.
- Numbness of the skin.
- Burning herpes.
- Leprous complaints.
- Itching pimples in whiskers.
- Sore and raw between legs and in hollow of knees.
- Distended varices on leg during menses.
- Reproduces the itch-eruption.
- Nervous itching over the whole body, especially the mucus outlets of the body.

Anthracinum

[anthracinum (anthrax poison)]

Description

- The alcoholic extract of the anthrax poison prepared from the spleen of cattle ill with the disease. A nosode rejected by the old school, and by a majority of the new, in spite of its being a remedy which bears out our theory, and one which has proved of the utmost use in practice.
- It has not yet been proved, but the frequent use made of it and the verification of the toxic symptoms by some of our best practitioners justifies its reception.
- The first preparation was made according to Hering's propositions (laid down in Stapf's Archives. 1830), by Dr. G. A. Weber, and applied with the most astonishing success in the cattle plague. He cured every case with it, and also cured men poisoned by the contagium. His report, a small treatise of 114 pages, was published in 1836, by Recalm, Leipzig. No notice was taken of it. Only the talented Dr. P. Dufresne, the founder of the Bibliotheque Homoeopathique, of Geneva, used it and prevented the further murderous spread of the disease, in a flock of sheep (among which it is always more fatal than among other domestic animals), and cured the shepherds as well (Biblioth. Homoeop. de Geneve. January and February, 1837).
- The discovery of the bacteria and their incredibly rapid propagation, seemed to be of much more importance than the cure of cattle, and the loss of millions of dollars by this disease. In 1842 France sustained a loss of over seven millions of francs, and every year a small district of Germany had a loss of sixty thousand thalers, from the cattle plague; in Siberia, in 1785, 100,000 horses died with it; in 1800, one small district lost 27,000 horses. Radiate heat, proposed scores of years ago, for other zymotic diseases, by Hering, was discovered, in a very ingenious way, by Pasteur, to prevent the increase of bacteria.
- Now the heat (as it has done in hydrophobia), and the nosode may suffice to cure every

case.

- Doctor K"semann had moral courage enough to introduce anthracin in gangrene and sphacelus, in 1852, and Doctor Raue has given it in carbuncles, since 1858 (see his Pathology and Diagnosis) and in gangrenic whitlow (see Journal of Clinics, 4, 142).
- All symptoms produced by the poison on men are inserted, because the symptoms from the snake-bite and from the besting have been proved to be useful in numerous cases as well as the toxic symptoms of Arsenic, Opium and other drugs.
- Dr. Hering says: "Homoeopathic practitioners of the greatest integrity, and trustworthy beyond a doubt, long ago cured splenic fever in cattle, flocks of sheep and their shepherds by Anthracin, an alcoholic tincture made from the blood of a bacteric spleen. Of course the alcohol killed the infusoria, but what remained dissolved therein cured the disease in animal and men. "This proves conclusively: 1. That the crude poison and its alcoholic solution must possess similar pathogenetic properties; hence to a proving of Anthracinum must be added all the symptoms of uncomplicated splenic fever; to those of Hydrophobinum, the symptoms of every case of pure hydrophobia; to those of Syphilinum all those of pure syphilis, etc., etc.
- 2. That bacteria are not the cause but the effect of the disease, a doctrine which we hold to be true with regard to all parasites connected with deranged health, and that therefore their destruction by local application is not equivalent to the cure of the disease itself.

#### Characteristics

- In carbuncle, malignant ulcer and complaints with ulceration, sloughing and intolerable burning.
- Painful glandular swellings; cellular tissue indurated; anthrax-quinis.
- When Arsenicum or the best selected remedy fails to relieve the burning pain of carbuncle or malignant ulceration, study Anthracinum.
- Hemorrhages: blood oozes from mouth, nose, anus or sexual organs; black, thick, tar-like, rapidly decomposing (Crotalus).
- Septic fever, rapid loss of strength, sinking pulse, delirium and fainting (Pyr.).
- Gangrenous ulcers; felon, carbuncle; gangrenous erysipelas of a malignant type.
- Felon; the worst cases, with sloughing and terrible burning pain (Ars., Carb. ac., Euphorb., Lach.).
- Malignant pustule: black or blue blisters; often fatal in twenty-four or forty-eight hours (Ech., Lach., Pyr.).
- Carbuncle: with horrible burning pains; discharge of ichorous offensive pus.
- Furuncles and all forms of boils, large and small.
- Some forms of acne; successive crops of boils or carbuncles on any part of the body; to remove the tendency.
- Dissecting wounds, especially if tendency is to become gangrenous; septic fever, marked prostration (Ars., Ech., Pyr.).
- Suspicious insect stings.
- If the swelling changes color and red streaks from the wound map out the course of lymphatics (Ech., Lach., Pyr.).
- Septic inflammation from absorption of pus or other deleterious substances, with burning pain and great prostration (Ars., Ech., Euphorb., Pyr.).
- Epidemic spleen diseases of cattle, horses and sheep.
- Bad effects from inhaling foul odors of putrid fever or dissecting-room; poisoning by

foul breath (Ech., Pyr.).

- Hering says: "To call a carbuncle a surgical disease is the greatest absurdity.
- An incision is always injurious and often fatal.
- A case has never been lost under the right kind of treatment, and it should always be treated by internal medicine only".

Relations

- Antidoted by Apis, Ars., Camph., Carbo v., Carb. ac., Lach., Kreos., Puls., Rhus, Sil., Sali. ac.; Pyr. in malignant septic conditions.

Compare

- Anth. bovim, Anth. suum, Ars., Carbo a., Carbo v., Ech., Euphr., Tar.
- em., in the terrible pains of cancer, carbuncle or erysipelas.
- It follows well: Ars., Carb. ac., Phos., Phos. ac., Phyt., Sec., in burning pains of ulcers.
- Is followed well by Aur. mur., Nat., Fluor. ac., Hecla lava, in periosteal swelling of lower jaw; by Sil. in cellulitis and glandular affections post-surgical.

Mind

- ||Anxiety, particularly in praecordia.
- ||Delirium.
- ||Excitement.
- ||Loss of consciousness.
- ||Depression, with debility, and chill.
- ||Thinks she feels death approaching.
- Animals howl, bite, run about, become greatly excited; followed by paralytic symptoms.
- |Disinclined to work.

Head

- Dullness in head as from narcotics.
- ||Confusion.
- |Dizziness.
- ||Dizziness with pain in head.
- Loss of consciousness.
- |||Headache, as if a smoke with a heating pain was passing through the head (fumée de douleur chaude); two shepherds who caught it from their flock.
- |Head is affected in an indescribable manner.
- ||Uncomfortable feeling in head, slight chills, mild fever.
- ||If fully conscious they complain of great pain in head.
- ||Pain in head, dizziness; inner anthrax.
- ||Here and there in all parts of brain small and large hemorrhages of embolic origin; after death from anthrax.
- ||Membranes of brain exhibit circumscribed or symmetrically extended bloody infiltrations.
- ||Headache with chill.
- Cerebral symptoms with carbuncle.
- |Flying gangrene.
- Small swellings on temples and cheeks, extending through the orbital sutures and foramina to the dura and pia mater.
- Carbuncles mostly on head, near the ears or temples.

- Flying gangrene, head swollen (in swine).
- |Swelling of the head (sheep).

#### Eyes and sight

- ||Great dilatation of pupils; inner anthrax.
- |A pale yellowish or greenish swelling, if in the eyelids, of a half-translucent aspect.
- |A pale redness above the brows along the forehead.

#### Ears and hearing

- ||Ringing in the ears; inner anthrax.
- Parotitis gangrenosa, after scarlatina.
- |Swelling extending backwards over the angle of the right lower jaw, which could not be felt and up to near the ear.

#### Nose and smell

- Nose swollen and red, fetid smell from it.
- ||Bloody suffusions on mucous membrane of nose.
- Intense redness of the right half of nose, extending to the cheek.

#### Face

- |Erysipelatous, dark brown redness and swelling over the whole right side of face, the nose and part of left cheek; swelling very hard, redness does not disappear under the pressure of finger.
- |Extending to cheek, redness from nose.
- |Could not move the lower jaw as usual.
- |Could open the mouth only so far as to put the point of the tongue out.
- |Impossible to open the jaws in the least.
- |Tearing in the right lower jaw.
- |Beginning of swelling was in the region of the right submaxillary gland.
- |A stony swelling around the right lower maxilla, the inner space of the mandibula filling up to half, reaches to nearly half the cheek, and disfiguring the face, extending backwards over the angle of the lower jaw; very little pain, not red, but sharply defined edges.
- |Swelling extending from the inner edge of the left lower jaw across the whole throat, in front and over the edge of the right lower jaw, and au niveau with the upper surface of the right lower molars.
- |A large stony, hard, pale swelling around the right lower jaw, nearly painless, disfiguring the face.
- |Gland under the chin painfully swollen.

#### Teeth and gums

- |On making an incision near second molar a mass of stinking, brown ichor is discharged.

#### Taste, tongue

- |Flabby taste.
- ||Tongue often furred, with thick brown coat; dry.

#### Mouth

- |Offensive odor from mouth.
- |Mouth could not be opened.
- |Saliva increased.
- ||Continued bleeding from the mouth; the blood shows a lack of power to coagulate;

with inner anthrax.

- ||Dark red, bloody ecchymoses of mouth.
- ||Bloody suffusions and hemorrhagic collections on the mucous membranes of canthi of mouth and nose; inner anthrax.
- |Fundus of mouth is elevated by the swelling, as hard as a callus, extending back to the parotids, and reaching up to the external surface of the lower jaw.
- ||Superficially escharred pustules in mouth after death.

Throat

- ||The submucous tissue, especially in fauces and around the larynx, is thickened and oedematous.
- |Region of the throat above the larynx to the mouth swollen.
- Submaxillary, laryngeal, and retro-pharyngeal glands are infiltrated, hyperaemic, filled with hemorrhagic foci, colored of a grayish or dark blackish-red, and considerably enlarged.
- |Right tonsil hurts.
- Anthrax-quinsey.
- ||Cynanche cellularis; a sharply-marked margin about the swellings.
- ||Slight difficulty in swallowing; inner anthrax.
- |Swallowing exceedingly difficult.
- |Could not swallow, with great thirst.

Appetite

- Eating and drinking.
- Diminished appetite, with heat.
- ||Loss of appetite, with chills.
- ||Loss of appetite and gastralgia; inner anthrax.
- |||Loss of appetite, prominent in every patient.
- Thirst with heat.
- |Excessive thirst, but can hardly swallow.
- |Symptoms from putrid water.

Stomach

- Belching, nausea, and inclination to vomit.
- ||Nausea and vomiting with chill.
- Vomiting of bilious and slimy masses.
- ||Vomiting followed by diarrhoea.
- Nausea and vomiting following great pain in the abdomen.
- |Pressure and burning in the region of the stomach.
- ||Gastralgia.
- ||Walls of stomach and intestine oedematous, discolored, a cloudy red.
- ||Mucous membrane of stomach and intestines reddish, swollen, with isolated or numerous oedematous, hemorrhagic prominent infiltrations, from size of a lentil to that of a coffee bean, showing a grayish or greenish-yellow discolored surface, with a positively sloughing centre.
- ||Numerous peculiar hemorrhagic and superficially escharred infiltrations of stomach and intestines; intestinal anthrax.

Abdomen

- |Sensation as if the diaphragm was pushed forward.

- |Sensation of anxiety and constriction, most in the praecordia, liver engorged, slight hemorrhage here and there, spleen moderately enlarged, soft, full of blood, dark color.
  - ||Enlargement of spleen.
  - ||Epidemic spleen disease of cattle or horses.
  - Preceded or followed with Arsenicum, Carbonic ac. or Euphorbium as called for by the symptoms.
  - ||The same disease in sheep.
  - Anthracinum suum is better than Anthracinum ovium in the acute form, but in the chronic form Anthracinum ovium is better.
  - Sudden prostration with great abdominal soreness, mostly in the epigastrium with vomiting, cold limbs, dull head.
  - ||Bellyache with chill.
  - ||Colicky pains, inner anthrax.
  - |A horse fell down with colic, no motion except now and then bending the head towards the abdomen.
  - ||Mycosis intestinalis; intestinal anthrax.
  - ||In the intestines a thin fluid material, slightly colored with blood.
  - ||The retro-peritoneal and mesenteric connective tissue infiltrated, jelly-like, and of a yellowish-reddish color.
  - ||Moderate serous or sero-hemorrhagic effusion and subperitoneal suggilations.
  - ||Simple hemorrhages, infractions and foci on different parts of intestines.
  - ||Serous and sero-hemorrhagic infiltrations of the peritoneal and mesenteric connective tissue, walls of stomach and intestine, and of the mucous membranes.
  - ||Mesenteric and retro-peritoneal glands enlarged to the size of a walnut; form blackish-red masses, held together by a jelly-like congestive tissue, infiltrated with serum.
  - Dark red carbuncle in the omentum.
  - ||Peculiar pustular and carbuncular foci in the intestinal tract.
  - ||Swelling of the abdomen; inner anthrax.
- Rectum and stool
- Vomiting, followed by a painless, often bloody, diarrhoea.
  - Diarrhoea with bellyache.
  - ||Diarrhoea.
  - ||Vomiting followed by a painless, moderate, more or less intense, often bloody diarrhoea; inner anthrax.
  - ||With the diarrhoea sometimes a cholera-like collapse; inner anthrax.
  - Retarded stool.
- Urinary organs
- ||Kidneys swollen, with oedema, sprinkled with small hemorrhages, engorged; suggilations in mucous membranes of the pelvis.
- Respiration
- ||Breathing frequent, laborious, quick, spasmodic; inner anthrax.
- Lungs
- Pulmonary hyperaemia, ecchymoses.
  - ||Slight serous effusions into pleural cavities.
  - ||Sub-pleural ecchymoses with vascular engorgement, and a dark coloring of the parenchyma.

- ||Oedema of the mediastinal lymphatic glands.

Heart, pulse and circulation

- Heart-beat frequent but weak.

- |Her heart beats altogether different.

- ||The beating of the heart stronger, more decided and more perceptible.

- |Pulse frequent, small, with violent action of the heart; soft;

- |small and feverish.

- |Soft, scarcely frequent pulse.

- ||Discolored lines over the veins, or red lines and stripes in the course of the lymphatics.

- ||Cyanosis; inner anthrax.

- ||Blood of a dark cherry red, generally fluid or with some loose clots.

- ||Blood not coagulating.

Back

- Axillary glands swollen and painful.

- |Swelling in the neck size of hazelnut, burning and fiery red, is pointed and hard.

- |||Carbuncle on the back; nine inches in length and five inches in its greatest width; with sloughing, abundant discharge of ichorous, terrible smelling pus, and blood-poisoning by absorption of pus.

- Hydro-rachitis (Grubbe, Kreuzdrehe), a disease of sheep.

Upper limbs

- Tetanic spasms of upper limbs; inner anthrax.

- |Arms and hands covered with a crusty eruption, full of cracks, discharging pus and an acrid fluid, with painful, unbearable itching; checked for a while by the Old School, it had burst out again with terrible fury.

- After Anthracine, the crusts peeled off and were flying about like snow.

- |The whole left hand (not the fingers) swollen, highly reddened, very painful; the redness extended over the whole hand and even the wrist, and a red streak ran up the forearm.

- |On the middle of the palm of the hand a large blister, which, when opened, discharged a yellow watery fluid.

- ||Felon, the worst cases, with sloughing; severe torturing pain and great prostration.

- |Whitlow.

Lower limbs

- |Thighs livid to the nates, hard and painful; lower legs dark blue, feet oedematous; when the blisters break they discharge an offensive ichor.

- |The whole thigh was swollen, most above the knee, and also the foot.

- |Livid redness on lower part of the whole thigh, up to the buttocks, hard and painful.

- |Above the knee, redness, swelling and pain, and later a large black blister on inside of thigh, extending four inches upward and inward; after being lanced bloody water ran out.

- |On outside of knee a large fluctuating swelling, by pressure discharging a horribly smelling gangrenous ichor.

- |From the openings on lower leg, caused by the fracture, a copious stinking pus (like carious bones).

- |Bluish-brown spots which break open.

- |The whole lower limb blackish-blue; the region of the blister (foolishly lanced) mortified, discharging much offensive ichor.

- |Ulcers size of a hand on lower limbs; no antipsoric had relieved; Anthracinum helped very soon.

- Carious ulcers.

- |Foot oedematous.

- Discolored lines trace out the veins over the oedematous parts.

- ||Severe pains in limbs and joints with the fever; intestinal anthrax.

- Limbs as if beaten.

- Limbs weak.

Nerves

- ||Great restlessness.

- Paroxysms of trembling.

- Single muscles start or tremble.

- ||Epileptiform convulsions; inner anthrax.

- ||Clonic spasms, trismus or opisthotonos; sometimes in serious cases.

- Clonic spasms.

- ||Tetanic spasms in upper limbs.

- ||Opisthotonos; inner anthrax.

- Debility and depression, with pain in the limbs.

- ||Debility with chill.

- ||Great weakness with the fever.

- ||Debility and depression, with pains in limbs and general sense of malaise, followed by disturbance of intestinal canal; inner anthrax.

- Debility and sweat all over.

- |Completely exhausted, she thinks she feels death.

- ||Cholera-like collapse after diarrhoea.

- Collapse, with difficulty of breathing; loss of consciousness; death.

- ||Sudden fatal issue, preceded by extreme collapse.

- ||With cyanosis, asphyxia and the most extreme collapse, followed by death in all cases of bleeding.

- ||Marked rigor mortis after death.

Sleep

- ||Somnolence; inner anthrax.

- Could not sleep for pain.

- |Sleeplessness.

- Restless sleep.

- |Restless, irritated at night.

- ||Restless sleep, with chill.

- Delirium, sopor, then death.

- Sleep short, not refreshing, more like a stupor.

Fever

- ||Chilly, with debility, headache, followed by a general malaise, loss of appetite, restless sleep, great debility and depression, and in eight or ten days carbuncles, most on the arm, forearm, head.

- ||Decided chill, followed by bellyache, nausea, vomiting and in two or three days with the supervention of collapse and cyanosis; death.

- ||Slight chills with fever and strange sensation in head.



- With great prostration, chilliness, pains in the limbs, increase of fever and weakness, anxiety, restlessness, vertigo, delirium, dull head; stool retarded, urine scanty; skin dry, later covered with cold sweat.
- ||Temperature very slightly elevated; inner anthrax.
- ||Febrile movement, slight in the beginning, is often followed apace by high fever; great weakness, delirium, excitement, confusion.
- |Moderate heat, little thirst, general sweat.
- |Very much fever.
- |Heat, thirst, less appetite, suffering and fatigued.
- |Fever with diarrhoea.
- Fever attended by sweating.
- ||Sweat all over with debility.
- |Disposed to sweat; rather sticky.
- |Copious sweat.
- |Cold sweats in serious cases.
- Typhoid type, with rapidly sinking pulse, loss of strength, fainting, delirium.

#### Skin

- Dark-red spots (sheep).
- Ecchymoses.
- Cyanosis.
- Skin of the affected part either hard or doughy.
- |Skin dry, itching violently and burning.
- |Unbearable itching on arms and hands.
- |Itching with dry skin; violent as if mad (horses).
- |Crusty oozing eruption, with the most violent itching.
- |Crusty eruption discharging acrid fluid.
- A small red spot, sometimes with a blackish point in the middle, gradually becoming more sensitive, has to scratch, it reddens more and more, swells and forms a small pustule or blotch.
- ||A little red speck, like a flea-bite, with a central black point, swells gradually and changes into an itching papule, capped with a small, clear, reddish or bluish vesicle, gradually enlarging.
- ||The excoriated spot dries up, becomes brown and livid and a local eschar forms.
- By inflammatory swelling of the surrounding skin a red or violet raised border is formed, around it a bluish or pale yellow ring, upon which little vesicles, size of a hemp seed, appear surrounding the central eschar.
- ||With an increase of the round thick eschar, one-fourth to three-fourths of an inch, the raised border also extends.
- Excoriated surface dries and mummifies, but new blisters form all round.
- ||Small and large epidermal vesicles filled with serum.
- |Blister on palm of hand.
- ||The secondary vesicles contain a yellowish, reddish and blackish fluid.
- ||Over the pustule a blister, size of a lentil, with a clear, bright yellowish, later a reddish or bluish fluid.
- |Black or blue blisters.
- ||Black blisters, fatal in twenty-four to forty-eight hours.

- |Large black blister on inside of thigh.
- ||In case of more than one detritus, the whole is swollen like erysipelas, and when cut it looks like the Vespajas of the Italian dermatologists.
- |Erysipelatous inflammation about the carbuncle.
- |Erysipelas gangrenosa.
- |Erysipelatous form of chronic anthrax.
- |Smallpox of sheep.
- Umbilicated pustules, yellow or bluish around, with the depression of a dark red hue, and hemorrhagic foundation.
- If scraped off soon the excoriated spot dries, turns brown and livid and leaves a scar.
- ||The dense or doughy soft papules or pustules, around and beneath the eschar, vary in size from a pea to a nut.
- ||The papule promptly bursts and discloses a dark red base.
- Sometimes blisters looking more like furuncles; a pus-like collection under the epidermis, which loosens and discloses decomposed matter.
- ||Papules and pustules, with extensive oedematous and phlegmonous infiltration of the neighboring skin and subcutaneous tissue.
- ||The anthrax pustule penetrates deeply into the subcutaneous cellular tissue.
- ||Anthrax pustules most on face, forearms, hands, fingers, neck, less often the ear, still less frequent the covered parts.
- Anthrax carbuncles, with typhoid symptoms.
- ||Little carbuncles; inner anthrax.
- |Carbuncle.
- ||Carbuncle darkish red, greasy, and is often more eroded than ulcerated.
- Circumscribed carbuncle, hard large knots.
- Diffuse, erysipelatous carbuncle.
- ||Carbuncle on arm, forearm, head.
- See chill.
- |||Carbuncle with horrible burning pains; or discharge of ichorous offensive pus.
- |||Anthrax carbuncles cured by Anthracine, every day, also externally, in four days.
- Anthrax contagious.
- |Seventh day after the remedy several larger and smaller openings, discharging watery, sometimes bloody matter, very little pus: swelling less hard around the base.
- |All openings run into one, discharge much pus.
- |After having taken homoeopathic medicine for malignant ulcers, suddenly the greatest malaise, and a black blister formed below the knee with swelling all around, and feverish shaking chill through the whole body.
- |Ulcus excedens (sheep).
- |Most malignant gangrenous ulcers (sheep).
- |Chronic forms of anthrax with indurations like knots under the skin.
- ||Large cutaneous eschars.

Bacillinum burnett

[bacillinum]

Mind

- Taciturn, sulky, snappish, fretty, irritable, morose, depressed and melancholic even to insanity.

- Fretful ailing, whines and complains; mind given to be frightened, particularly by dogs.

#### Head

- Severe headache, deep in, recurring from time to time, compelling quiet fixedness; aggravated shaking head.

- Terrible pain in head as if he had a tight hoop of iron around it; trembling of hands; sensation of damp clothes on spine; absolute sleeplessness.

- Meningitis.

- Ringworm.

- Alopecia areata.

#### Eye

- Eczematous condition of eyelids.

#### Face

- Indolent, angry pimples on left cheek, breaking out from time to time and persisting for many weeks.

#### Teeth

- Aching in teeth, especially lower incisors (all sound), felt at the roots, especially on raising or projecting lower lip; very sensitive to air.

- Grinds teeth in sleep.

- Imperfectly developed teeth.

#### Throat

- Tickling in fauces, compelling cough.

#### Stomach

- Windy dyspepsia, with pinching pains under ribs of right side in mammary line.

#### Abdomen

- Fever, emaciation, abdominal pains and discomfort, restless at night, glands of both groins enlarged and indurated; cries out in sleep; strawberry tongue.

- Tabes mesenterica; talks in sleep, grinds teeth; appetite poor; hands blue; indurated and palpable glands everywhere; drum belly; spleen region bulging out.

- Inguinal glands indurated and visible; excessive sweats; chronic diarrhoea.

#### Stool and anus

- Sudden diarrhoea before breakfast, with nausea.

- Severe hemorrhages from bowels, cough.

- Obstinate constipation.

- Passes much ill-smelling flatus.

- Stitchlike pain through piles.

#### Urinary organs

- Increased quantity of urine, pale, with white sediment.

- Has to rise several times in night to urinate.

#### Respiratory organs

- Slight, tedious, hacking cough.

- Hard cough, shaking patient, more during sleep, but it did not waken him.

- Pricking in larynx with sudden cough.

- Single cough on rising from bed in morning.

- Cough waking him in night, easy expectoration.

- Expectoration of non-viscid easily detached, thick phlegm from air passages, followed after a day or two by a very clear ring of voice.

- Sharp pain in praecordial region arresting breathing.
- Very sharp pain in left scapula, aggravated lying down in bed at night, ameliorated by warmth.

#### Back

- Glands of neck enlarged and tender.

#### Lower limbs

- Pain in left knee whilst walking; passed off after perseverance in walking for a short distance.
- Tubercular inflammation of knee.

#### Generalities

- Great weakness, did not want to be disturbed.

#### Sleep

- Drowsy during day; restless at night; many dreams.

#### Fever

- Flush of heat (soon after the dose) some perspiration, severe headache deep in.

#### Cholesterinum

[cholesterinum (c26h44o)]

#### Description

- To the late Dr. Wilhelm Ameke, of Berlin, we are indebted for the first mention of this remedy. From him Dr. Burnett obtained the suggestion and used the lower potencies with more or less success for several years, a description of which he gives us in his Diseases of the Liver.

- Unfortunately the remedy was either given in alternation or followed by other remedies in such a manner as to greatly mar the validity of its clinical work.

- Swan appears to have taken his hint from Burnett's work and potentized the remedy, using a gall-stone for his preparations. Like many of the rest of the nosodes originally introduced by Swan, the work was necessarily empirical, yet he affirms after much experience that it is "almost a specific for gall-stone colic; relieves the distress at once".

- And this after failure with Nux, Cinchona, Carduus, Podophyllum and other apparently well-selected remedies.

- Yingling reports some cures of gall-stone colic and other diseases of the liver in the Medical Advance, page 549, August, 1908, and arrives at the following conclusion: In gall-stone colic the patient suffers so severely that it is almost impossible to obtain symptoms. In such a case, when I cannot give a well-selected remedy, of late I rely on Cholesterinum, and thus far it has never failed. It should have a proving. Until then it can be used instead of Morphine in cases where the symptoms cannot be obtained for the proper selection of a remedy. Where a case of routine work is necessary, as it is sometimes, I believe the homoeopathic guess should be given the preference. It is very improbable that a person suffering from gall-stone colic will wait very long for the physician to study the case.

- Clarke says, it is found in the blood, in the brain, the yolk of eggs, seeds and buds of plants, but is most abundant in the bile and biliary calculi. It occurs in the form of crystals with a mother-of-pearl lustre, and is fatty to the touch. It is soluble in both alcohol and ether.

- Ameke claimed to have derived great advantage from its use in cases diagnosed as cancer of the liver, or in such obstinate engorgements that malignancy was suspected.

- Burnett claims to have twice cured cancer of the liver with it, and "in hepatic engorgements that by reason of their intractable and slow yielding to well-selected remedies make one think interrogationally of cancer." In such conditions, where the diagnosis is in doubt, especially if the patient has been subjected to repeated attacks of biliary colic, Cholesterinum, he claims, is very satisfactory and at times its action even striking.

- Yingling reports the following cases: Woman, age 60.
- Frequent attacks of gall-stones, involving liver and region of stomach.
- Attacks come suddenly and cease suddenly.
- Pain is pushing in region of gall duct.
- Vomits much odorless hot water.
- Very pale, then became yellow.
- Marked acidity of stomach since last attack.
- Erratic rheumatism; pain aggravated in damp, rainy weather.
- No appetite; food nauseates.
- Region of liver sore, sensitive to touch or jar, aggravated lying on the sides.
- Before the attacks profuse urine; scanty and dark since.
- Tongue coated dirty, yellowish white.
- Heart becomes very weak, can hardly feel pulse.
- Very weak, unable to breathe deeply.
- This woman was practically cured in a year, under various potencies of Cholesterinum, from the 2m. to the dmm.
- Man, age 64, for three years has been passing gall-stones.
- Vomits bile and becomes very yellow.
- Has received Morphine which causes such disastrous after effects that he is away from business nearly a week. With one attack was in bed several weeks, and required a long time after to recover from bad effects.
- Liver, very sensitive and sore; pressure in front or behind very painful, worse in region of gall duct.
- Bending or any sudden motion aggravates.
- Had severe attacks of ague in Wabash Bottoms when young. Is a large, portly man.
- Cholesterinum 2m. not only promptly relieved acute attacks, but has effected a practical cure.

#### Diphtherinum

[diphtherinum : an involuntary proving]

- By J.E. FRASH, M.D. , METAMORE, OHIO,

#### Description

- A girl nine years of age having been exposed, Nov. 13, to malignant diphtheria received Diphtherinum 1m. (Skinner) three times daily for eleven days, as a prophylactic, developing chilliness, high temperature, red face. She complained of being tired and cold, severe pain on swallowing and on the 12th day the tonsils and posterior walls of the pharynx were covered with dirty gray, yellowish membrane, corrugated vertically, like the surface of a washboard turned up.
- Thursday, Nov. 14, 1907, began powders three each day for eight days, then two daily for two days.
- Nov. 23, complained of being tired, sat down to rest three times.

- Nov. 24, would lie down because tired, but after a while felt playful.
- Nov. 25, temperature 103, pulse 148, full, with throbbing of carotids, eyes bright, face flushed, with centre of cheeks almost purple.
- Throat dark red, no membrane; but on posterior wall of throat, yellow, dirty cream color with dry membrane in folds, up and down.
- Monday night talks in sleep, with eyes wide open.
- Wanted imaginary objects taken from room, and to "make those people get away." Sat up and picked among bed-clothes for strap for her school books.
- Nov. 26, temperature 101-2, pulse, 116, membrane lighter and moist, thin in middle of throat.
- Nov. 27, temperature 99-2, pulse 100. Throat clearing from middle.
- Jerking of single limb, or shoulder, or finger.
- Nov. 28, temperature 101-2, pulse 116. Desired to have mother hold her hand. Tongue whitish, with exceedingly red tip (moist).
- Nov. 29, temperature 101-2, pulse 116, breath offensive.
- Nov. 30, temperature 99-4, pulse 100. Membrane white, and showing more to front. Clearing from centre of posterior wall of throat.
- Tongue coated whitish, with red papillae; very red tip, with a dark red spot in centre of red tip. Slept well last night, until 4 A.M. , then was restless and wakeful; moved and changed position, moved arms and legs often, snored and fan-like motion of ala nasi, Skin seemed dry, forehead moist along edge of hair, when first falling asleep.

#### Generalities

- Fluctuating temperature, very little pain, membrane in vertical folds on posterior wall of throat, when the membrane first appeared, spreading forward as far as border of the tonsils, and also began to fade and disappear first from centre of posterior pharynx.
- In centre of the tip of tongue was a very dark red spot, also very dark red or purple spot in centre of very red cheeks.
- The membrane from a case of malignant diphtheria, triturated with milk sugar to the 6th centesimal, then potentized by Swan, the diphtheritic virus, or diphtheria toxin, from which the serum antitoxin is made.
- These potencies have been very effective, not only in malignant diphtheria but in many cases of post-diphtheritic paralysis and kindred nervous affections following the use of antitoxin.

#### Description

- Diphtherinum has made many brilliant cures of diphtheria and post-diphtheritic affections to its credit, yet to receive its place among the remedies of the homoeopathic Materia Medica it must pass the crucial test that all others have encountered, viz., a careful and thorough proving of the dynamic potency on the healthy. Thus far, like its great congener Antitoxin, its use has been clinical and empirical, the distinctive difference being that its action has been dynamic, while that of antitoxin is Chemicocatalytic.
- Yet the empirical use of Von Behring's Antitoxin is a great advance on the former empirical methods of the profession and has proved a blessing to humanity.
- The indications here given are chiefly clinical and are tentatively held until verified or disproved by provings.

#### Characteristics

- Especially adapted to the strumous diathesis; scrofulous, psoric or tuberculous persons, prone to catarrhal affections of throat and respiratory mucous membranes.
- Patients with weak or exhausted vitality hence are extremely susceptible to the diphtheritic virus; when the attack from the onset tends to malignancy (Lac c., Merc. cy.).
- Painless diphtheria; symptoms almost or entirely objective; patient too weak, apathetic or too prostrated to complain; sopor or stupor, but easily aroused when spoken to (Bap., Sulph.).
- Dark red swelling of tonsils and palatine arches; parotid and cervical glands greatly swollen; breath and discharges from throat, nose and mouth very offensive; tongue swollen, very red, little coating.
- Diphtheritic membrane, thick, dark gray or brownish-black; temperature low or subnormal, pulse weak and rapid, extremities cold and marked debility; patient lies in a semi-stupid condition; eyes dull, besotted (Apis, Bap.).
- Epistaxis or profound prostration from very onset of attack (Ail., Apis, Carb. ac.); collapse almost at very beginning (Crot., Mer. cy.); pulse weak, rapid and vital reaction very low.
- Swallows without pain, but fluids are vomited or returned by the nose; breath horribly offensive.
- When the patient from the first seems doomed, and the most carefully selected remedies fail to relieve or permanently improve.
- Laryngeal diphtheria, after Chlor., Kali bi. or Lac c.
- Post-diphtheritic paralysis - especially where Antitoxin has been used; many cases cured - after Caust., Gels., Nux, Secale and the best selected remedies have failed.
- In post-diphtheritic paralysis and spinal affections following diphtheria many brilliant cures have been effected by the potencies.
- The same indications for its use in all forms of diphtheria that are used when Antitoxin is exhibited.

#### Electricitas

[electricitas (atmospheric and static)]

#### Description

- Caspari and his colleagues obtained the symptoms caused by Electricity, natural and artificial, and were first published in Hom. Bibliot. Later it appears in Jahr and has recently been republished, with additions by Clarke. Every medical man knows the extreme susceptibility of some persons to the electric fluid and the sufferings they experience on the approach of, and during, a thunder-storm, or the contact of an electric current.
  - The potencies are prepared from milk sugar which has been saturated with the current.
- #### Characteristics
- Intense nervous anxiety; timid, fearful, sighing; screams through nervous fear; paroxysms of weeping.
  - Dreads the approach of a thunder-storm; suffers mental torture before and during and electric storm.
  - Heaviness and paralysis of limbs and entire body; feels as if she weighed a ton.
  - Electricity should not be used nor electro-thermal baths taken when suffering from a cold, especially if the chest be involved; fatal results have followed.

#### Relations

- Antidote: Morphia acetate, especially the potency.
- Clarke says: "I have found Phosphorus the best antidote to the effects of storms".

Compare

- The X-ray, Psor., Tub. to remove the susceptibility.

Mind

- ||Weeping, timid, fearful; sighing, crying out through nervous fear.
- Paroxysms of oppressive anxiety.
- Violent uneasiness; anxious, restless.
- Dread at the approach of a thunder-storm; fear, internal anguish, especially of chest; nervous agitation.
- ||Involuntary hysterical laughter.
- Rage.
- Ill-humor.
- Unable to comprehend time.
- Comprehension slow and difficult.
- Suffers mental torture before and during and electric storm.
- ||Loss of memory.

Sensorium

- Loss of consciousness.
- ||Loss of sensibility.
- Looking around with haggard eyes.
- Dullness of head.
- ||Stupefaction.
- Giddiness, especially on stooping.

Head

- ||Headache, pressure in the forehead, from above downwards, as from a stone.
- Darting from the vertex to the right side of the head.
- |Tearing from the nape of the neck to the forehead.
- Painful spasms in the head.
- Sore pain in the occiput.
- Disagreeable shocks, generally in the occiput.
- Roaring in the whole sinciput.
- Sensation of torpor in right side of head.

Outer head

- Prickings in the scalp.
- Undulating sensation under the scalp.
- Feeling of coldness on the vertex.
- Stinging itching of the head and thighs.
- The growth of the hair is considerably promoted.

Eye

- Gnawing in the left eye, or violent drawing, extending to the forehead.
- Sensation as if the eyes were deep in the head.
- Sensation as if something would come out of the eyeball.
- ||Inflammation of the eyes; profuse lachrymation.
- Wild rolling of the eyeballs.
- Contraction of the morbidly-enlarged pupils.



- Dim-sightedness.
- ||Blindness.
- Improved sight (cur. effect).
- |Black point before the right eye.
- ||Everything looks yellow.
- A dark room looks as if brightly illumined.

#### Ear

- Darting in the right ear, from the throat.
- Drawing from the jaws into the ears.
- Redness and warmth of the ear.
- Swelling of the inner ear.
- Suppuration and small ulcers in the meatus auditorius.
- ||Blisters behind the ears full of an acrid fluid.
- Whizzing in the ears, or sensation as if obstructed by a plug.

#### Nose

- Tingling in the nose, or pressing from within outwards.
- |loss of smell.
- Discharge of a milky fluid from the nose.

#### Face

- Expression of terror in the countenance.
- Swelling of the face.
- Scurf in the face, on the arms and body.
- |Large blisters on the cheeks.
- Chapped lips.
- Eruption around the mouth and chin.

#### Teeth

- Tearing in the upper teeth, proceeding from the head.
- Pain as from subcutaneous ulceration in old sockets of the molar teeth.
- Rapid growth of teeth.

#### Mouth and pharynx

- Soreness of the inner cheek.
- ||Increased secretion of saliva.
- ||Foam at the mouth.
- ||The tongue is very sensitive, particularly at the tip.
- ||Swelling of the tongue.

#### Throat

- Loss of speech, inability to articulate.
- Blisters on the palate, the epidermis becoming detached.
- Constant titillation in the throat.
- Inflammation of the pharynx.

#### Appetite

- Increased appetite.

#### Stomach, nausea and vomiting

- ||Heartburn.
- Ptyalism.
- Nausea, also after a meal.

- Desire to vomit.
- Vomiting with sore throat.
- Hematemesis.

#### Stomach

- Sense of repletion in the stomach, after a slight meal.
- Spasmodic contraction of the stomach.

#### Abdomen

- ||Cutting in the abdomen at the approach of a thunder-storm.

#### Stool

- Black-yellow, liquid stools, having a fetid smell.
- Drawing up of the testes during stool.
- Constriction of the anus, after stool.
- Violent pressing in the anus (during menses).
- Burning at the anus.
- Flowing hemorrhoids.

#### Urinary organs

- Sensation as if the bladder would burst.
- ||Frequent micturition.
- Incontinence of urine.
- Discharge of blood with the urine.

#### Female sexual organ

- Appearance of the menses (while in the electric bath).
- |Black and thick menstrual blood.
- Profuse menses, with pressing in rectum.
- Leucorrhoea, first thin, then thick, with coagula of the size of a hazel nut.

#### Larynx and trachea

- Cough with violent titillation in the throat and pressing in the forehead from within outward.

#### Respiration

- Panting breathing.
- Asthma all one's life, with palpitation of the heart and disposition to faint.

#### Chest

- Chilliness in the left side of the chest.
- Palpitations of the heart, with fever, or with headache, or with oppressive anxiety and bright-red face.
- Painful quick movement from the region of the heart through the chest.
- Chest and arms become stiff, almost paralyzed; unable to walk.
- Heaviness and stiffness of chest and shoulders, felt like marble.

#### Back

- Creeping in the spine.
- |Boils in the back and nape of the neck.
- Drawing through the scapula as with a thread.
- Formication in a muscle which had become shortened by suppuration.
- Stinging in a swollen cervical gland.

#### Upper limbs

- Tearing in the right shoulder, going off in the warmth of the bed.

- ||Frightful pains in the arms and lower limbs.
- Jerking or tearing in the joints of the arms and hands.
- ||Paralysis of the arms.
- Swelling of one arm.
- Crusty ulcers on the arms and lower limbs.
- Violent jerking in the upper arm.
- |Trembling of the hands.
- |Swelling of the hand, also red, or sudden.
- Red, smooth spot on the hand.
- Whitish, itching spot in the palm of the right hand.
- ||Feeling of numbness in the tips of the fingers.
- Blister filled with a greenish, sanguineous fluid on the finger which discharges the bottle.

#### Lower limbs

- Sensation in the thigh as if the flesh had become detached from the bone.
- Tottering of the knees.
- Tingling in the knees down to the foot.
- Red, burning spot as if sore on the knee, or also itching elevation on the knee.
- Tingling or languor in the tibiae.
- Red spots on the skin.
- ||Burning in the feet, up to the knees, particularly at night.
- Coldness of the lower extremities up to the abdomen, in summer, during a cool wind.
- Trembling and feeling of weariness in the feet.
- Sense of numbness and distension in the feet, and as if they had gone to sleep.
- Tingling in the soles of the feet.
- Sensation as of a broad ring around the malleoli.
- Feet would patter rapidly on the floor during a thunder-storm, could not be controlled even by husband sitting on knees.
- Intense suffering of electric shocks through left foot and entire left side of body to head, repeated at every discharge during a thunder-storm.

#### Sleep

- Yawning, with shuddering over the whole body.
- Sleeplessness for two months.

#### Fever

- Shuddering over the body, every morning with yawning.
- Chilliness, then dry, short heat.
- Frequent alternation of chilliness and heat, with sore throat.
- Chilliness with profuse sweat, with painful spasms in the head and along the back.
- Warmth in the parts which were touched by the electric stroke.
- Heat through the whole body, with chilliness on motion.
- Heat in the parts which had been touched by the sparks.
- Pulse intermittent.
- Pulse quick and strong.
- Accelerated circulation.
- Excessive night sweat in an arthritic individual, without relief; sweat with anxiety during a thunder-storm.

## Skin

- Itching or tingling over the whole body.
- Violent pains and swelling of the foot which had been frozen twelve years ago.
- Red pimples on the spot touched by the sparks.
- White vesicles.
- Itch-like eruption in the joints.
- ||The skin becomes blackish.
- ||Ecchymoses.

## General symptoms

- ||Pains in the limbs.
- ||Drawing through all the limbs, extending to the tips of the fingers and toes.
- Shock through the whole body, proceeding from the malar bone.
- Tingling in the electrified parts.
- Violent burning of the parts which are in contact with the chain.
- ||General languor after a meal.
- Relaxation of the nerves and muscles.
- ||Fainting.
- ||Stiffness of the limbs.
- ||Paralysis of single limbs, particularly the lower.
- ||Trembling of the limbs, particularly of those which have received the shock.
- Subsultus tendinum.
- Painful spasms along the back from below upward.
- St. Vitus' dance.
- Aggravation of the epileptic fits.
- Intense suffering with paralysis of nervous and muscular system.
- Heavy sensation as if she weighed a ton.
- The following are reported by Seward (Trans. C.N. Y.S. , Medical Advance, 1891, p. 150):
- A lady had taken electricity for partial paralysis of left arm.
- During a thunder-storm felt severe electric shocks through the left foot, the entire left side of the body to the head, repeated at every severe electric discharge, which left that side and limbs painful for days.
- The previous electrical treatment had rendered her more susceptible and its injurious effects will often last for years, or even during life, unless antidoted.
- A young lady took an electro-thermal bath when she had a cold, and acute tuberculosis soon developed.
- She died in spite of the best homoeopathic treatment.
- A lady who had passed the climacteric had taken electrical treatment, at first going to the office.
- Soon she became too weak to walk, her chest became weak and painful, and the arms stiffened and almost paralyzed; the entire body heavy and weak.
- A young married woman had been under general and local electrical uterine treatment for several weeks, without benefit; complained of feeling so heavy, as though she "weighed a ton".
- A woman received an atmospheric electric shock six or seven years before, and since had suffered in every electrical storm, even while it was miles away.

- It affected the whole body, but was worse in the lower extremities.
- During every storm her feet would "patter" upon the floor, and her husband, sitting upon her knees, could not prevent it.
- She received three or four doses of Morphia acet. 200, and has never felt such effects from a storm since, now more than ten years.
- My son, during the effects of a common cold, took an electrothermal bath.
- Soon after felt a heaviness and stiffness of chest and shoulders he had never felt before; "his chest and shoulders felt like marble".
- An incurable tuberculosis developed and he died in two years.
- Did not know he had taken bath for over a year after.
- A brother of Dr. Hawley, while in New York in Nov., 1890, took a severe cold, followed by rheumatic fever; was treated homoeopathically, without relief; advised to try electro-thermal baths, and became worse.
- Was removed to Syracuse and was under care of Drs. Hawley, Miller and Seward, with little or no benefit.
- His sufferings were intense, his voluntary muscular and nervous systems were paralyzed by electricity, could neither move nor feed himself.
- Was taken to his home in Illinois, and in May, six months later, could walk a little by dragging his feet.
- He fell, and had hemorrhage from the lungs.
- The doctor said there was no hope for a cure and gave him Morphine, as a palliation, in water.
- In a few minutes after the first dose he said: "I can use my hands better than at any time since the electrical treatment," and under the antidote recovered.

#### Lac caninum

##### Description

- Like Lachesis, and many other well known polychrests in the Materia Medica, this remedy met most violent opposition from ignorance and prejudice. It was for years looked upon as one of the novelties or delusions of those who believed in and used the dynamic remedy; yet its wonderful therapeutic powers have slowly but surely overcome every obstacle.
- It was successfully used by Dioscorides, Rhasis and Pliny in ancient times, and Sextus recommended it for the removal of the fetus.
- Sammonicus and Sextus praise it in photophobia, otitis and other affections of the eye and ear. Pliny claimed that it cured ulceration of the internal os. It was then used as an antidote to many deadly poisons.
- The use of the remedy was revived by Reising, of New York, who, while travelling in Europe, heard it lauded as a remedy for throat diseases, and on his return used it successfully in an epidemic of malignant diphtheria. He called the attention of Bayard. Wells and Swan to the wonderful results he obtained during that epidemic, and induced them to give it a trial.
- Reising potentized it to the 17th cent., from which the potencies of Swan and Fincke were prepared. The profession is indebted to the indefatigable labor of Swan for its provings, which were made from the 30th 200th and higher potencies, and published in a small volume by Swan and Berridge, from which it was published in the Medical Advance.

- The provings of this remedy have placed it among the polychrests of our school and verified and confirmed the clinical accuracy of the observers of ancient times.

#### Characteristics

- For nervous, restless, highly sensitive organisms.
- Symptoms erratic, pains constantly flying from one part to another (Kali bi., Puls., Tub.); changing from side to side every few hours or days.
- Very forgetful, absent-minded; makes purchases and walks away without them (Agnus, Anac., Caust., Nat.).
- In writing, uses too many words or not the right ones; omits final letter or letters in a word; cannot concentrate the mind to read or study; very nervous (Bov., Graph., Lach., Nat. c., Sep.).
- Despondent, hopeless; thinks her disease incurable; has not a friend living; nothing worth living for; could weep at any moment (Act., Aur., Cal., Lach.).
- Cross, irritable; child cries and screams all the time, especially at night (Jal., Nux, Psor.).
- Fears to be alone (Kali c.); of dying (Ars.); of becoming insane (Lil.); of falling down stairs (Bor.).
- Chronic "blue" condition; everything seems so dark that it cannot grow any darker (Lyc., Puls., Psor.).
- Attacks of rage, cursing and swearing at slightest provocation (Lil., Nit. ac.); intense ugliness; hateful.
- Coryza, with discharge of thick, white mucus.
- One nostril stopped up, the other free and discharging; these conditions alternate; discharge acrid, nose and upper lip raw (Arum, Cepa).
- Itching of root of mouth (Puls., Wyeth.).
- Diphtheria and tonsillitis; symptoms change repeatedly from side to side.
- Sore throats and cough are apt to begin and end with menstruation; yellow or white patches; painful swelling of submaxillary glands.
- Throat: sensitive to touch externally (Lach.); aggravated by empty swallowing (Ign.); constant inclination to swallow, painful, almost impossible (Mer.); pains extend to ears (Hep., Ign., Kali bi., Mer., Phyt.); begins on left side (Lach.).
- Shining, glazed appearance of diphtheritic deposit, chancres and ulcers.
- Very hungry, cannot eat enough to satisfy; as hungry after eating as before (Casc., Cal., Cina, Lyc., Stront.).
- Sinking at epigastrium; faintness in stomach.
- Menses: too early; too profuse; flow in gushes, bright red, viscid and stringy (dark, black, stringy, Croc.); breasts swollen, painful sensitive before and during (Con.).
- Stool: urging, but passes nothing but flatus or small black balls.
- Discharge of flatus from vagina (Brom., Lyc., Nux m., Sang.).
- Breasts: inflamed, heavy, painful: aggravated by least jar and towards evening; must hold them firmly when going up or down stairs (Bry.).
- Serviceable in almost all cases when it is required to dry up milk (Asaf.); to bring back or increase it (Lac d.).
- Sensation as if breath would leave her when lying down; must get up and walk (Am. c., Grind., Lach.).
- Loss of milk while nursing, without any known cause (Asaf.).

- Palpitation violent when lying on left side, ameliorated turning on right (Lach., Tab.).
- Sexual organs easily excited, from touch, pressure on sitting, or friction by walking (Cinn., Coff., Mur., Plat.).
- When walking, seems to be walking on air; when lying, does not seem to touch the bed (Asar.); legs as if floating (Sticta).
- Backache: intense, unbearable, across super-sacral region, extending to right natis and right sciatic nerve; aggravated by rest and on first moving (Rhus); spine aches from base of brain to coccyx, very sensitive to touch or pressure (Chin. s., Phos., Zinc.).

#### Relations

- Similar: to Apis, Con., Murex, Lach., Kali bi., Puls., Sep., Sulph., Taren. and the X-ray.
- Probably no remedy in the Materia Medica presents a more valuable pathogenesis in symptoms of the throat, or one that will better repay a careful study.
- "Acts best in single dose; if repeated, should be given at exact intervals".
- Nichols.
- An observation frequently verified.
- Lachesis and other serpent poisons are very analogous.

#### Compare

- Amb., Lach., Nat. m., Staph., weak memory for what she has read, not for other things; Bov., Graph., Hepar, Lach., Lyc., Nat. c., Nat. m., Nux, Sep., Tub., forgetful in writing, uses many words or not the right ones; Anac., Caust., Con., Dul., Lach., Nat. m., Sep., absent-minded; Cal., China, Graph., Hep., Lach., Lyc., Med., Nat. c., Nat. m., Nux, Sep., Syph., cannot speak correctly half the time; Am. c., Cal., Sep., Sulph., Tub., substitutes name of objects seen for that which is thought; Nux, Sil., Sulph., very restless, cannot concentrate her thoughts or mind to read, wants to leave everything as soon as it is commenced; Cal., Pal., Sep., cried, fearing she was contracting consumption; Plat., Med., exalted sensation of sensorium.
- Lippe.
- Aur., Nux, Rhus, headache aggravated in cold wind and ameliorated in warm room; Cal., headache aggravated by noise, ameliorated by keeping quiet; confused feeling in head; Acon., Bell., Cal., Gels., Nat., Ruta, Stram., must have light, but intolerant of sunlight; Kali bi., Teuc., Thuja, soreness and crusting of nostrils; Nat. m., lips dry and bleeding; Apis, Lach., throat sensitive to touch externally; Ign., aggravated by empty swallowing; Bell., Cal., Carbo an., Lyc., Nit. ac., Phos., Phyt., Psor., breasts as if full of very hard lumps; very painful when going up and down stairs; Cal., Mur., sensitive to pressure; Mer., sensitive to deep pressure; Bell., Bry., Cal., Phyt., soreness and enlargement of; Mer. i. r., small round or irregular gray-white ulcers on tonsils and fauces; Apis, Diph., Mer. cy., diphtheritic membrane and deposits on vulva; Chel., Dig., Ign., Pet., Sep., empty, weak, all-gone sensation in stomach; Bry., Kali bi., Nux, pain as from a stone or undigested food in stomach; Apis, Lil., Lyc., Pal., pain in right ovarian region: Am. c., Grin., Carbo v., Opium, as soon as he falls asleep the breathing stops; Asar., China, Cof., Nat. m., Nux, Opium, Rhus, Spig., Stram., Stic., Phos. ac., Thuja, when waking seems to be walking on air, when lying does not seem to touch the bed; Lach., Lac v. d., Sang., Sil., dream of going on a journey; Sec., spreads fingers wide apart in convulsions; Nic., Tab., Tub., retina retains impression of objects ear retains impression of sound; Lyc., Dubois., Hyos., red spot before vision; Brom., Lyc., Nux m., Nux v., Sang., discharge of flatus from vagina; Bor., Sanic., aggravated going down stairs.

### Aggravation

- In the morning of one day and evening of next; alternate menstrual nusus; at night; cold winds and cold sharp air; motion; extension of limbs; after sleep; touch of external throat; of breasts, causing sexual excitement; descending.

### Amelioration

- Cold applications; rest; lying down; warmth; bending of limbs; warm room.
- The work of an Artist Dr. Wm. P. Wesselhoeft says: No more appropriate tribute can be paid to the memory of Dr. Adolph Lippe than to show his great sagacity in the application of medicine in disease.
- It was not only his great knowledge of the finer and more subtle indications for remedies, as given in our Materia Medica, or his judicious examination of patients, which made him an acknowledged master of our art, but mainly that freer and wider application of our law which elevated him to the sphere of the true artist.
- His readiness and rapidity in getting at the gist of symptoms, even in the most complicated case, could never be called careless or hasty.
- It reminded me of the words of an eminent artist, who said; "The chief difficulty with most painters is that they see too much, and in seeing too much they get confused with endless detail, which leaves their work without character, and they have little to show for their pains".
- He knew the value of our art so well that the commonplaces of every disease were almost instinctively avoided by him, and he never lost time in noting worthless signs, always looking and finding with unusual rapidity the salient points in the case before him.
- He heeded and lived up to the greatest thought of the master: "The physician's business is only with patients, not with diseases".
- The cure of the following case will demonstrate what I mean by a freer and wider application of our law of cure: I had treated the patient more than eighteen months without improvement, except that his great liability to taking cold had becomes less.
- I copy from my record, taken December, 1881.
- G.R. , aged forty-five, light brunette, married ten years, general appearance healthy.
- For six years has had no discharge of semen during coitus.
- Occasionally nocturnal emissions.
- Erections usually weak, give out during coitus.
- Burning in perineum, worse after going to bed, and when thinking of it.
- Drawing pains in testicles, with sensation of weakness of genitals.
- Occasionally itching, dry eruptions in crotch and inner upper surface of thighs and anus.
- With the sensation of weakness of genitals his eyes feel weak.
- Very sensitive to cold and changes of atmosphere.
- Takes cold easily, usually affecting nose and throat first with dryness, then with watery catarrh and sneezing, or he has aching pains in different parts of the body and limbs, changing location frequently.
- Twenty years ago had African fever.
- Never had gonorrhoea, syphilis, or other eruptions than those mentioned above.
- All other functions normal.
- While on a visit to Philadelphia he applied to Dr. Lippe, at my advice.



- Dr. Lippe wrote me the following letter: "I find that your patient had diphtheria about ten years ago, and was treated with inappropriate mercurials and gargles by Dr. The character of the attack was that it went from one side to the other and finally back again to the original side.
- Great weakness, almost paralytic, followed the attack, and he thinks he has never regained his full vigor and usual strength since this illness.
- His acute cold has always the character of shifting pains and change of location. I have given him a dose of Lac can. cm., which may be required to be followed by a dose of Pulsatilla."
- Suffice it to say that my patient never needed the suggested dose of Pulsatilla.
- In three months after his visit to Philadelphia his wife was pregnant.
- She has since borne two remarkably healthy children.
- As far as we know Lac can. has no sexual weakness. That fact disturbed Dr. Lippe very little in his selection.
- He looked deeper and found the cause and the remedy. This is true Homoeopathic pathology. All the knowledge in the world of the special pathology of this case could not have revealed the remedy to any one.
- To the homoeopathic artist, however, it was revealed and a man regained his manhood and became the father of two children after ten years of impotence.
- Mrs. J.E. B., aged 29, blonde.
- For a week has felt a sense of impending illness; weary, languid, depressed.
- Sleepless, restless, frequent turning, because bed felt so hard.
- Fever at 2 P.M. continued all night; chilly on movement; cheeks flushed and hot.
- Soreness of entire body; "aches all over".
- Throat dry, with thirst for cold drinks, which relieve.
- Profuse saliva; slightly viscid and salty, wetting the pillow during sleep; frequent swallowing.
- Throat: Sharp pains on swallowing aggravated right side; neck sensitive externally.
- Pain and soreness begun on right side, extended to left.
- Tonsils swollen, red, shining; membrane light yellow in color, most on right side, in diffused points size of pin head, but looking like lid of a pepper box; 25 or 30 points on right tonsil, about one-half as many on left. Points and larger irregular patches on posterior and pillars of pharynx.
- Offensive breath, characteristic of the graver forms of diphtheria: Lac can.
- 45m., one dose.
- The following symptoms, not in the pathogenesis, were cured; sensation as if bed were too hard; chill on movement; aching all over; great fatigue; desire for and relief from cold drinks.
- Stuart Close.
- Tommie H. About three weeks succeeding the manifestation of diphtheritic disease in the case reported to the Society in which Lac caninum cm. proved curative I was consulted for a condition of paralysis of the muscles of the neck, which has become quite marked, so much as to cause a falling forwards of the head so that it rests on the upper portion of the sternum. There is return of fluid through the nose, and an evident weakness of the muscles of the upper part of the back. Phos. on general principles.
- August 6th. His father brings the boy back in a much worse condition.

- Three weeks after recovery from diphtheria: Paralysis of muscles of the neck, quite marked, so as to cause falling forwards of the head until it rested upon the manubrium. Fluids return through the nose, and marked weakness of muscles of the upper part of the back. The paralysis becomes more pronounced, with staggering when walking; stiffness and soreness of the muscles of the neck. After Phos. and Rhus, though apparently well indicated, had failed, one dose of Lac caninum cured the diphtheria and ameliorated the paralysis. Baker.

#### Mind

- |Very forgetful; in writing, uses too many words or not the right ones; very nervous.
- |Omits final letter or letters of a word, when writing; in speaking substitutes name of objects seen, instead of object thought of.
- Finds it very difficult to read understandingly anything requiring mental effort.
- |Very absent-minded; makes purchases and walks off without them; goes to post a letter, brings it home in her hand.
- Cannot remember what she reads, but can remember other things.
- |Cannot collect her thoughts; confused feeling.
- |Very restless; cannot concentrate her thoughts or mind to read; wants to leave everything as soon as it is commenced.
- |Is impressed with the idea that all she says is a lie; it seems to be very difficult to speak the truth, but continually distrusts things; when reading anything she rapidly changes the meaning, omitting or adding things.
- Every time a symptom appears she feels very confident that it is not attributable to medicine, but that it is some settled disease.
- |Sensation as if she were going deranged, when sitting still and thinking; sometimes she has most horrible sights presented by her mental vision (not always snakes), feels horribly afraid that they will take objective form and show themselves to her natural eye.
- ||Thinks that she is looked down upon by every one, that she is of no importance in life, and feels insulted thereat.
- ||Imagines that she wears some one else's nose.
- ||Imagines to be dirty.
- |Imagines she sees spiders.
- Feels very short in morning; while walking; same in evening.
- Woke at daylight feeling that she is a loathsome, horrible mass of disease (while the breasts were affected); Could not bear to look at any portion of her body, not even hands, as it intensified feeling of disgust and horror; Could not bear to have any one part of her body touch another, had to keep even fingers apart (cannot bear one foot to touch the other. Lac. f.); Felt that if she could not in some way get out of her body, she should soon become crazy; could not think of anything but her own condition; Feels weak, and nerves thoroughly out of order.
- After inhaling gas for extraction of teeth, very strange sensation in head (such as he felt when going off under gas); sometimes imagines heart or breathing is going to stop, or otherwise frightens himself, and this makes heart beat violently; occasionally very depressed, and fancies he is going out of his mind.
- After menses, imagines all sorts of things about snakes.
- Wakes at night with a sensation that she was lying on a large snake.
- Sensation or delusion as if surrounded by myriads of snakes, some running like

lightning up and down inside of skin; some that are inside seem long and thin; fears to put her feet on floor; lest she should tread on them and make them squirm and wind around her legs; is afraid to look behind her for fear that she will see snakes there, does not dream of them and is seldom troubled with them after dark; on going to bed she was afraid to shut her eyes for fear that a large snake, the size of her arm, would hit her in the face.

- Worries herself lest pimples which appear during menses will prove to be little snakes, and twine and twist around each other.
- Horrible visions, fears they will take objective form; when sitting still and thinking.
- On lying down either by night or day begins to think how horrible it would be if a very sharp pain like a knife, should go through her, and thought of it causes great mental distress.
- ||Attacks of rage, cursing and swearing at slightest provocation.
- ||Cannot bear to be left alone for an instant.
- ||No desire to live.
- Anxious.
- Fear of disease; of consumption; of heart disease.
- Sits and looks under chairs, table, sofa and everything in room, expecting yet dreading to see some terrible monster creep forth, and feeling all the time that if it does it will drive her raving mad; she is not afraid in dark, it is only in light where she can imagine that she can see them.
- ||Fits of weeping two or three times a day.
- ||Child cries and screams all the time, especially at night, and will not be pacified in any way.
- ||When paroxysms of intense nervousness come on, feels like tearing off her clothes; takes off her rings; cannot bear anything to touch her, especially over left ovarian region, from which she frequently lifts bed clothes.
- |Depression of spirits, doubts her ability and success, thinks she will have heart disease and die of it.
- ||Chronic "blue" condition; everything seems so dark that it can grow no darker.
- ||Gloomy feelings, aggravated as headache gets worse.
- ||Fears she will become unable to perform her duties.
- ||Fears of death, with anxious expression of countenance.
- ||Very nervous; constant dread; a feeling as if she was going to become unconscious.
- ||Wakes distressed, and obliged to rise and occupy herself in some manner, fears she will be crazy.
- Has great fear of falling down stairs at times.
- |Very cross and irritable only while headache lasts.
- ||When awake, very irritable and cries constantly.
- |Intense ugliness and hatefulness; writes to her best friends all sorts of mean and contemptible things.
- ||Easily excited.
- ||Too excited to allow examination of throat.
- ||Feels weak, and nerves so thoroughly out of order that she cannot bear one finger to touch another.
- ||Exceedingly nervous and irritable.

- ||Very easily startled.
- Maud R., aged 10, a light brunette, parents healthy, while playing one and a half years before, fell forward and hurt her chest. Nothing was thought of it at the time, but when brought to me she was pale, emaciated, capricious with no desire to play.
- Sleep disturbed by frightful dreams, during the day piteously begs her mother to take her, she is so afraid.
- She feels as though snakes were on her back. In response to advice, Lac can.
- 50m., one dose dry on her tongue, was given, and in 24 hours the child became more lively and cheerful, and very soon all abnormal sensations disappeared and never returned. E.T. Balch, Hom. Phys.

#### Head

- |Dizzy sensation with slight nausea.
- ||After inhaling diphtheritic breath, light headed, with tingling on vertex and slight sore throat.
- ||Constant noise in head, very confusing; aggravated at night and at menses.
- ||Wakes at night with sensation as if bed was in motion; noise in head bad beyond description; first thought on waking that headboard was swaying, and so occasioning distress, but found it arose from internal causes.
- |Frontal headache.
- Headache first on one side of the forehead, then in the other.
- |On going into cold wind, terrible pain in forehead as if it would split open, ameliorated on going into warm room.
- |||After midnight, very severe frontal headache, and a piercing pain on vertex.
- |||Headache both frontal and occipital, aggravated by turning eyeballs upward.
- ||Headache over eyes, aggravated when sewing.
- |Headache: in afternoon, principally over left eye; over left eye on first awaking.
- Pain in forehead, afternoon, first on left side, then on right principally over left eye.
- Throbbing pain just over right temple, then sharp pain in right socket of right eye and in right temple, disappearing quickly.
- ||Pains and throbbing in temples.
- ||Headaches mostly through temples, darting, stabbing; sometimes begin on right side and sometimes on left ; always going from one side to the other.
- (Sick headaches beginning in nape; the pain settling gradually in right or left forehead), aggravated on waking.
- Pain in left occipital region running up when moving head.
- Sharp pain like a stab in right temple at 7 P.M.
- |Pains in head during day, first on one side, then on other seem perfectly unbearable; ameliorated on first going into air, but soon grow aggravated .
- ||Headache from below eyes over whole head and to of shoulders.
- ||Severe pressure on brain.
- |Arose in morning with heavy, dull, frontal headache, and at 9 A.M. severe sharp pain on top of head, coming from nape of neck, then stretching across head forward; pain so severe that he presses top of head with hands; neck stiffened; bending head forward, or lying down, causes congestion, increasing pain, again pains subside for short time, and begin anew, either in front of head, or in nape of neck, or all over head at once; when pain is frontal it causes lachrymation.

- ||Darting pains from occiput to forehead; beating.
  - Darting pain across forehead and eyes.
  - ||Headaches seem unbearable, and are attended by pain in lumbar region; all pains cease as soon as throat gets aggravated .
  - |Headache aggravated by noise or talking, ameliorated by keeping quiet; confused feeling in head.
  - Intense headache, entirely ameliorated by cold-water application, but soon returned, not, however, as severe.
  - Sharp lancinating pain, in a zigzag line from right side of forehead to an indefinite point in occiput; instantaneous, and sometimes repeated; as soon as it is felt, she lays aside whatever she is doing and lies down, from an indefinite dread that it will return; if at night, she goes to bed at once; has great dread of the pain, though not very severe; recurred for several days.
  - Sharp, throbbing pain in right side of forehead; then in left side of forehead, slightly.
  - Headache over left eye on first waking and great pain in pelvis, most marked at right ovary.
  - Neuralgic pain in left side of head, followed by a film over left eye, wants to rub it off; not ameliorated by rubbing.
  - Headache in upper part of forehead, with sensation of a broad band pressed firmly across forehead from one temple to the other.
  - Headache over both eyes, extending back over left ear.
  - Slight pressure on vertex and over eyes, the day before menses ceased.
  - Dull pain in right temple and right eye, with pressure on vertex during menses.
  - Stiffness in occiput on turning head, with soreness on pressure Occiput headache, with shooting pains extending to forehead.
  - Headache commencing in occiput (3rd day) and extending to vertex and forehead.
  - Sensation as if brain were alternately contracted and relaxed, several times rapidly; generally only when lying down; at various times all through proving.
  - Head very sore and itches almost all the time.
  - Sore pimples on scalp which discharge and form a scab, extremely painful when touched, or combing the hair aggravated at night.
  - Excessive dandruff on head for past week.
  - Throbbing in forehead and temples, finally settling in eyes; eyes very sensitive to light during headache; eye-balls sore and painful, pains extending deep back into the brain with the headache.
  - Headache commencing all over head at once (second day) in the morning, a dull, heavy, confused feeling in head all day, becoming a severe ache towards evening, and settling in eyes and temples.
  - Headache worse from motion and stooping; better from cold applications.
  - ||Frequently wakes with sick headache, which seems to commence at nape.
  - |Sick headaches, beginning in nape; pain settling gradually in right or left forehead.
- Eye
- Sharp pain in socket back of right eye, followed by tenderness in right temple; both transient.
  - Darting intense pain round left eye.
  - Heaviness of upper eyelid, with pain above left eye; burning in left eye, agglutination

of left lids (rheumatism).

- Eyes slightly swollen; profuse lachrymation; with catarrh.
- Looking at different objects causes eyes to ache.
- Pricking sensation in eyeballs; eyes sensitive to cold air.
- Upper eyelids very heavy, can scarcely keep eyes open; very sleepy.
- Pain in eyes when reading followed by a film over them, apparently requiring to be wiped off before she can see.
- |Tendency in retina to retain the impression of objects, esp. of colors; or somewhat of the object last looked at is projected into the next.
- ||Sees faces before her eyes, aggravated in the dark; the face that haunts her most is one that she has really seen.
- Small floating discs before eyes occasionally, and showing primary colors at edge of discs.
- |When reading the page does not look clear, but seems covered with various pale spots of red, yellow, green and other colors.
- Occasionally when looking at an object sees red spots on it.
- While looking at an object appears to see just beyond or out of the axis of vision an object passing across the field of sight; but on adjusting the eye to it, it is gone; it always appears as a small object,
- ||like a rat or bird, sometimes on the floor, at others in the air.
- Swelling and inflammation of upper and lower lids of both eyes, the left the worst.
- Tired feeling in eyes, considerable lachrymation both eyes redness of conjunctiva, eye-ball sore, aching and painful; pains extending deep back into head, with headache; pains in eyes better from cold (wet) application; eyes sensitive to artificial light.
- |Eyes sensitive to light.
- |Must have light, yet is intolerant of sunlight.
- |Sees big eyes and creeping things.
- |Difficulty in distinguishing objects; in reading, letters run together.
- |When looking in a mirror by gaslight, after exerting eyes, sees a green spot or a green band before her left eye, the band slanting downward from left eye to right cheek.
- |Square or round green spots or brown spots before left eye, when sun is bright; sometimes bright spots before left eye.
- |Frequent sensation of a film before eyes, with vertigo, and while thus suffering would see a small dark object, like a mouse or bird, coming up to her left.
- |Film over eyes when reading or looking closely.
- |Eyes blurred.
- |Heavy pain in the eye-balls with outward pressure.
- |Burning in left eye.
- |Eyes watery and discharging.
- |Eyes dull and lustreless.
- |Dark brown areolae under eyes.
- |Non-oedematous swelling of upper and lower lids; pink color of lower lids; most noticeable on right.
- |Heaviness of left upper lid, with pain above left eye.
- |Upper eyelids very heavy, could scarcely keep eyes open.
- |Agglutination of left eyelids.

- A dull aching pain in right eyeball, with sensation of dryness and tendency to lachrymation.

#### Ear

- Pain in right ear, sometimes intense.
- Very sharp pain in right middle ear, while walking in wind; had to cover it with hand, which gave entire relief; sharp pain in right side also.
- No pain during day, but is awakened several times during night by sore aching pains in middle and external ear of side on which she is lying; soon passes off when the pressure is removed.
- ||Green, odorless discharge.
- Reverberation of voice as if speaking in a large, empty room; with pain in frontal region, first over one eye and then over the other.
- ||Sounds seem very far off.
- Ringing in right ear.
- At night a buzzing in right ear.
- Noises in ears; sensation as though ears were full; pains in both ears.
- ||More than any other remedy, relieved deafness from hereditary syphilis.
- Earache the first time in her life on right side; aching deep in ear, worse from cold air; had to keep ear covered all the time; pain in ear better by pressure with the point of the finger in the meatus; external ear sore and painful; soreness and swelling on right side from ear down side of face in region of parotid gland and angle of lower jaw, right side; soreness extending from right ear down side of neck to right shoulder, painful when turning the head.

#### Nose

- |Sore on right side of septum of nose; next day nose sore, constant inclination to pick at it and get the scab off; nose still sore on sixth day, and on seventh day was very painful to touch; but on eighth day scab came off nose, leaving it as well as ever.
- Left nostril first dry, afterwards discharging a thin, ichorous fluid, excoriating nostrils.
- Stuffed feeling in nose and throat.
- Watery discharge, followed by dry sensation in nose.
- |Fluent catarrh from both nostrils, with sensation of fulness in upper part of nose.
- |||Profuse nocturnal nasal discharge, like gonorrhoea, staining pillow greenish-yellow.
- |||One side of nose stuffed up, the other free and discharging thin mucus at times and thin blood; these conditions alternate, first one nostril stopped up and the other fluent, and vice versa.
- Bad smell in nose.
- Cannot bear smell of flowers; they seem to send a chill over her.
- All drinks return by the nose, nothing being swallowed.
- ||Fluids escape through nose while drinking.
- Discharge of clear white mucus from nose and sneezing.
- ||Nose cold.
- ||Epistaxis: when speaking or swallowing; at 4 P.M. , returning at intervals.
- |Considerable sneezing.
- |Head so stuffed she can hardly breathe.
- |Stuffed feeling in head, as of a severe cold in head.
- |Nasal discharge, excoriating nostrils and upper lip.

- ||Coryza, with discharge of thick white mucus.
- |Coryza; constant watery discharge from nose, excoriating nostrils and upper lip.
- ||Nose became so bad that there was fear of destruction of bones; bloody pus discharged several time daily; nasal bones sore on pressure.
- ||Two very angry gatherings, one under left side of nose, and one on upper left nostril; both came to a head, and discharged matter and blood, and afterwards scabbed over; before discharge shooting pain.
- Ozaena, mercurial or syphilitic, when the labial commissures and alae nasi are fissured, and when the angina is marked with the glazed appearance of mucous membranes.

#### Face

- Right cheek burns like fire, and is red after coming in from the cold.
  - Pain as from a knife-thrust from under left zygoma up to vertex.
  - Burning, flushing of face.
  - Marked pallor of face.
  - Lips dry and peeling off.
  - ||Jaw cracks while eating.
  - ||Face indicates great anxiety.
  - ||Countenance pale and careworn.
  - ||Face very red and then suddenly pale.
  - |Face flushed; cheeks red.
  - |Dark brown areolae under eyes.
  - |Face flushed, swollen and hot; burns, feels dry.
  - ||In morning, 1. superior maxillary feels sore; most of time there is dull pain, aggravated by exertion; sometimes throbbing pain, burning, throbbing, aching heat, sensation of fulness; cannot wear her false teeth from soreness and swelling of maxillary; an exacerbation of pain leaves face very sore; pains ameliorated by warm applications, but only cold applications ameliorated soreness.
  - ||Red circular spot below right malar bone, burning to touch.
  - ||Flushes on left cheek.
  - |Lips dry and peeling off; dry and parched, but mouth constantly full of frothy saliva.
  - ||Seems to affect lower lip most, and blisters and fever sores on lip are amenable to its influence.
  - ||Submaxillary glands swollen.
  - ||Swelling of left parotid, with sore throat and loss of appetite.
  - ||Parotid gland first attacked, and disease extends to other glands of neck; throat and sides of neck not tender to external touch.
  - ||Swelling of parotid passes from right to left , but more often from left to right
- #### Teeth
- Pain in left upper molars, coming through left temple through left ear.
  - Teeth sensitive to cold water.
  - ||Gums swollen, ulcerated, retracted, bleeding, teeth loose; caused by defective nutrition and exposure.
  - ||Paroxysmal gnawing pain in left upper canine, temporarily yields to any cold application.
  - Gums, upper and lower, very sore and red.
  - Toothache: severe pain came on suddenly about 10 : 30 every night.



- Would begin immediately on lying down, or getting warm in bed.
- Was obliged to arise and walk about the room for relief.
- Pain began in a much decayed right lower molar, soon extending to all the teeth on right side; ameliorated by application of cold water.
- Pain continued for a month, coming on each night; the teeth feel sensitive as if they were too long or too large.
- It was often daylight before I could get any sleep.
- Pain of a dull gnawing sensation like a worm gnawing at the teeth.
- It came on at same time, whether I had my evening meal early, late or went without it.
- If I retired earlier and fell asleep, pain would awaken me at 10 : 30.

#### Mouth

- Tongue coated brown.
- Tongue dirty, deeply coated near back and centre, except on edges, which are bright red; at 9 P.M. tongue looks patched.
- Taste: putrid; of lead, afternoon.
- Swelling of left sublingual gland; ranula.
- Mouth and throat covered with aphthous yellowish-white ulcerations, easily bleeding.
- Itching of roof of mouth (Puls., Wyeth.).
- Roof of mouth very sore, with blisters that break and leave loose skin; any seasoned food causes great pain.
- Inside of lower lip feels tender and sore, and looks very red.
- Mouth very dry, without thirst.
- Saliva : increased, slightly viscid; ran from mouth during sleep.
- Mouth constantly full of frothy mucus, but a constant inclination to swallow.
- Frothy mucus in mouth aggravated by going into open air, and after eating.
- Breath very offensive.
- Talking is very difficult, and there is a disposition to talk through nose (nervous throat affection).
- Nothing tastes natural, except salt food.
- Putrid taste in mouth.
- Tongue generally red and moist.
- Tongue coated whitish, except edges, which are red.
- Tongue coated, dirty looking, centre to root.
- Tongue furred, whitish edges, centre and root darker.
- Tongue : heavily coated, and dry to the tip; dirty coated, yellowish-white, and slimy; dry; thickly coated, greyish-white.
- Tongue coated whitish grey, having an underlying bluish look.
- Slight yellow coating on tongue.
- Tongue coated brown.
- Difficulty in articulating, owing to a semi-paretic state of tongue, causing stuttering if she talks fast; has to speak very slowly.
- Peculiar rattle in mouth, right along tongue; on attempting to hawk her mouth clear, mucus rattled along tongue quickly and continually; utterance was so indistinct as to be unintelligible, and every word she tried to speak was accompanied by this quick and continuous rattle along tongue.
- Breath offensive, putrid.

- ||Mouth dry and parched; drinks little and often.
- |Increase in quantity of saliva which is slightly viscid.
- |Mouth constantly full of frothy saliva, lips dry, parched.
- ||Constant spitting and drooling, very profuse, making chin and breast sore.
- |During sleep saliva runs from mouth so as to wet pillow.
- ||Stomatitis; stomachache; cancrum oris; nursing sore mouth.
- Tongue coated white, breath offensive; sensation of a hair in back part of mouth on right side, which she tried ineffectually to wipe away; profuse expectoration of saliva.

#### Throat

- Quinsy: alternating sides; thick, tough pieces of diphtheritic membrane coming away, and new membrane constantly re-forming; swelling in throat so large and tense that mouth could not be closed.
- |Throat sore; with severe headache; pain extending to chest; dry and sore; deep red color on either side of throat opposite tonsils; on left side; painful to external pressure on both sides.
- Sore throat, alternating sides, beginning and ending with menses.
- Feeling of a lump in throat, which goes down when swallowing, but returns; throat aggravated right side aggravated on swallowing saliva; afterwards, throat, which had been getting well, suddenly one evening grew rapidly aggravated, but this time on left side.
- Constant inclination to swallow, which causes pain extending to right ear.
- Chill on movement; aching all over; great fatigue; desire for relief from cold drinks; bed too hard.
- Shortly before going to bed, throat began to feel raw and sore; did not sleep well; next morning throat felt full and sore, somewhat aggravated on right side; this continued two days, when it seemed to continue downward to chest.
- ||Throat very sensitive to touch externally.
- ||Sensation as if throat were closing and she would choke, sensation is between throat and nose; feels as if something in throat was either enlarged or relaxed; desires to keep mouth open lest she should choke; sometimes cannot swallow, because there seems to be a kind of muscular contraction in throat.
- ||Paralytic symptoms strongly marked; as soon as he went to sleep would stop breathing, and was only kept alive by keeping him awake; apparently respiration was kept up by voluntary effort.
- ||Talking is very difficult and there is a disposition to talk through nose.
- |||Swallowing very difficult, painful, almost impossible; fluids return through the nose.
- ||Uvula elongated and very much swollen, diphtheritic coating on it; tonsils swollen and coated; back of throat patched, extending up to hard palate; odor offensive and diphtheritic.
- |Constant inclination to swallow, causes pain extending to both ears.
- |Pricking sensation in throat, as if full of sticks.
- Pricking and cutting pains through tonsils on swallowing, shooting up to ears.
- |Pain in throat pushes towards left ear.
- ||On swallowing acute pain at one time on right side of throat, and again on left side.
- ||Throat ameliorated after drinking cold or warm; aggravated by empty swallowing.
- ||Throat sensitive.

- |Tickling and sense of constriction in upper part of throat, causing constant dry hacking cough.
- ||Sensation of ball or round body in left side of throat, and feeling that it could be removed with a knife.
- Sensation of muscular contraction in the throat; sometimes inability to swallow.
- ||Marked sensation of lump in throat on left side, when swallowing; pain extends to ear.
- ||Sensation of lump in right side of throat, with a feeling that she could take hold of it with her fingers and pull it out; accompanied by a very annoying pricking, stitching feeling; constant inclination to swallow saliva, which causes soreness of throat.
- ||Lump on left side of pharynx below tonsil, causing an enlargement that filled each arch of palate, nearly to right side.
- ||Most pain when swallowing solids, no aversion to cold drink; when swallowing solid food it seems to pass over a lump, with sore and aching pains extending to and into left ear.
- |Soreness of throat commences with a tickling.
- |Throat feels raw.
- ||Sensation of rawness, commencing usually on left side of throat.
- |Throat feels dry, husky, as if scalded by hot fluid.
- ||Throat has a burnt and drawn feeling as from caustic.
- |Pain in right side of throat in region of tonsil.
- ||Wakes with throat and mouth painfully dry.
- ||Throat very dry and sore, much inflamed, aggravated right side; palate red, uvula elongated; very painful deglutition.
- ||Throat sore, oedematous, puffed, tonsils badly swollen.
- |Especially shining, glazed and red appearance of throat.
- ||Sore throat, pains in whole body and limbs, severe headache.
- |Sore throat on left side; painful to external pressure both sides.
- ||Sore throat on right side, low down, and extending up to ear; pain when swallowing; sensitive to external pressure; slight coryza.
- ||Throat sore, swollen, red and glistening.
- ||Sore spot on left side of throat, only at night, removed by 1 A.M. : next night same on right side of throat; after 1 A.M. returned no more.
- |Crusts on skin, with grayish-yellow matter under them; mucous follicles of throat raised and swollen, and covered with whitish, cream colored mucus, bloody pus discharged from nose several times a day; nasal bones sore to pressure.
- |Partial suppression of urine; throat sore and of an oedematous, puffy appearance, next morning, pulse 130; temperature 102§; tonsils badly swollen; great indisposition to take food or drink.
- ||Soreness of throat commences with a tickling sensation, which causes constant cough; then a sensation of a lump on one side, causing constant deglutition; this condition entirely ceases, only to commence on the opposite side, and often alternates, again returning to its first condition; these sore throats are very apt to begin and end with menses.
- ||Sore throat just before menses for several years ever since diphtheria; small yellowish-white patches of exudation on tonsil of affected side, with great difficulty of swallowing and sharp pains moving up into ear; these patches are also present on back of throat and

uvula; some are quite yellow and some are white; scraping them off makes them bleed.

- |Shortly before going to bed, throat began to feel raw and sore; did not sleep well; next morning, throat felt full and sore, somewhat aggravated on right side; this condition continued two days, when it seemed to continue down aggravated downward to chest.

- |On waking in morning, throat felt as if there were lumps in it like two eggs, and sore all the time, especially when swallowing; cold water seemed to ameliorated momentarily; in evening, examination revealed both tonsils much swollen and very red, left most, and distinct patches on left tonsil.

- |Right tonsil red and swollen; pain in tonsil of gnawing character; aggravated at night; dreams of snake in bed.

- |||Tonsils inflamed and very sore, red and shining, almost closing throat; dryness of fauces and throat; swelling of submaxillary glands.

- |Quinsy just ready to discharge, disappeared without discharging, in an unusually short time; the trouble had been changing from one side to other and back again; has not returned.

- |Sore throat, rapidly growing aggravated ; fever; difficult swallowing; right side aggravated ; right tonsil intensely inflamed, bright red and greatly enlarged, and a yellowish-grey spot on inner surface; whole pharynx, uvula and velum much inflamed; spot became larger, and others formed in pharynx; left tonsil became nearly as large as right; fetid breath; subsequently a bright scarlet eruption on face, neck, hands and chest, like scarlatina; almost total inability to swallow, especially fluids; aversion to liquids, particularly water.

- ||Quinsy; suppuration ran from left tonsil to right, then from right to left , then back again to right, then both tonsils equally; and again one tonsil would ameliorated and the other grow aggravated ; whole posterior portion of throat was an oedematous swelling, rising up like an insurmountable barrier; thick tough pieces of diphtheritic membrane were coming away, and new membranes constantly re-forming; swelling in throat so large and tense that mouth could not be closed.

- ||Mucus follicles raised or swollen, and covered with a whitish, cream colored mucus.

- ||Whole membrane of throat swollen, dark red, with grey patches and small, irregular shaped ulcers; membrane peeled off occasionally; articulation and deglutition intensely painful; aggravated after sleep.

- ||White ulcers on tonsils.

- |Sore throat, beginning at left tonsil, swollen and ulcerated; throat feels swollen and raw, pricking and cutting pains shoot through tonsils when swallowing; submaxillary glands swollen, sore and aching pain in left ear; most pain when swallowing solids; food seems to pass over a lump; no aversion to cold drink; white drinking, fluid escaped through nose.

- ||Sore throat commencing on left tonsil, which was swollen and ulcerated, and presented a depression covered by a white patch; the disease later extended to palate and right tonsil, the parts red and shining.

- ||Throat highly inflamed, swollen, almost closed, grey diphtheritic spots on left side of throat.

- ||Sore throat, ulcer on inner side of each tonsil, tonsils red and slightly enlarged, rest of the throat dry.

- ||Ulcers increase in size and number, but neighboring membrane looks clearer.

- ||Small, round or irregular, grey white ulcers on tonsils and fauces, both sides.
- ||Tonsils swollen as almost to close throat.
- ||Right tonsil covered with ash grey membrane extending along free palatine border to uvula, which it had already involved; room loaded with diphtheritic odor; next day membrane had passed centre, involving whole arch of palate, and reaching far down on left tonsil.
- ||Right tonsil raw, swollen; grey white membrane there and on fauces.
- ||Whole of right tonsil covered with diphtheritic patch.
- ||Both tonsils swollen and covered with spots of exudation, like the mould on preserves.
- ||Tongue, fauces, tonsils, all swollen and covered with a dirty coating.
- ||On each tonsil a very thick exudation, covering nearly entire surface; while examining a large piece of membrane was accidentally detached from one tonsil, followed by considerable hemorrhage.
- ||Throat very sore, tonsils enlarged, especially left, very large white patches; tonsils and pharynx deep purple red; putrid odor from throat; after patches were expectorated, they left throat very sore, raw and bloody.
- ||Throat very sore, aggravated left side; large greenish ulcers on both tonsils, surrounded by grey white exudation, parts not covered are a deep purple red; swelling externally on both sides, after exudation on tonsils disappeared, a raw, bloody surface was left.
- ||White patches, like eggs of flies, on both tonsils, extending thence to back of throat; tonsils enlarged and deep red; felt she would suffocate at night from full feeling in throat, which prevented sleep, swallowing toast gave some pain, but seemed to clear throat; and she had to gulp it down.
- ||Gargling with warm water brought up a stringy mucus.
- ||Whole membrane of throat highly inflamed, swollen, and glands enlarged on both sides.
- ||False membrane in throat, thick, grey, or slightly yellow, or dark and almost black, or white and glistening, almost like mother of pearl, or fish scales.
- ||Dark red, angry streaks of capillaries in fauces, giving place to shining, glistening deposit, or tough membrane; half arch is filled with sticky, fetid saliva.
- ||Diphtheritic membrane white like china; mucous membrane of throat glistening as if varnished; membranes leave one side and go to the other repeatedly; desire for warm drinks, which may return through nose; post-diphtheritic paralysis.
- |Glossy, shining appearance; disposition on part of membrane to change its position in fauces.
- ||Ulcers on throat shine like silver gloss, symptoms went from side to side; croupy symptoms not well marked; after exudation was cleared off, a deep excavation was left.
- ||Diphtheritic deposits look as if varnished; exudations migratory, now here, now there.
- ||Thick membranous mass lying on soft palate, left side;
- Diphtheritic masses covering uvula and posterior wall of throat; Next day, membrane on soft palate thicker, dirty brown on uvula and posterior walls and pillars of throat, much more extensive and offensive; Very difficult deglutition; A large membranous mass, which threatened suffocation, having been removed by forceps; On following morning a second membrane had taken place of first, and walls of throat were covered with a dirty grey exudation; Uvula almost black, and coarse shreds of membrane hanging

from it.

- |In morning throat very sore; right tonsil covered with ulcers and patches, which extended over palate and covered left tonsil; next day membrane extended across posterior wall of pharynx; uvula elongated, accompanied by chilliness, high fever, pains in head, back and limbs, great restlessness and extreme prostration.

- This was pronounced to be "severe diphtheria", but it soon got well.

- ||Throat sore, but little swelling, tonsils very slightly enlarged; soreness of throat, first chiefly right then left ; well marked diphtheritic membrane on both sides of the throat situated on an inflamed red base, 3/4 inch long, 1/4 inch wide, 1/2 inch thick, and the same length and width as at the base; anterior edge a dirty yellow; centre more organized, pearly, glistening, white like cartilage; membrane on right side seems more firm and dense, and disappeared later.

- |Severe chills, headache, pain in back and limbs, restlessness and sore throat; three days later right tonsil covered with ashy grey membrane, extending along free palatine border to uvula which it had already involved; peculiar diphtheritic odor in room; pulse small; skin clammy, rapid vital exhaustion; next day membrane involved whole arch of palate and passed down to left tonsil.

- |Roof of mouth and back wall of pharynx coated with a greyish-yellow deposit, greater part of which soon disappeared, lasting only about an hour; throat very much ameliorated by noon, deposit had nearly disappeared, but aggravated again by night.

- ||Throat covered with diphtheritic membrane; uvula elongated, swollen and covered with black and white or grey diphtheritic deposit; back of throat extending to hard palate, all covered; breath very offensive; left side of neck swollen and almost even with jaw; great difficulty in swallowing; after throat began to improve, disease seemed to work through whole alimentary canal, for uvula and parts were very much swollen, and every little while there would be involuntary discharges of diphtheritic matter from uvula and rectum.

- |Patch of diphtheritic membrane appeared first on right tonsil, then on left , and frequently alternated sides;

- swelling of neck (submaxillary and lymphatic glands) also alternated in like manner; aggravated during and after a cold storm from northeast; tickling in throat when drinking; one side of nose stopped up, the other free and discharging thin mucus at times and thin blood; this condition of nose also alternated; non-oedematous swelling of eyelids, pink color of under lid, particularly of right eye; breathing hoarse and croupy, at times entire stoppage of breath; often snoring, and only possible through mouth; obstinate constipation, frequent desire, with darting pains in rectum, no power to expel; stool large in size, whitish, rough, scaly, hard; could not bear to be left alone an instant; saw big eyes and creeping things; must have light, yet is intolerant to light of sun; urine scanty, infrequent, no desire, coffee colored; 80 per cent. of albumen and much mucus; quantity less than a gill in twenty-four hours.

- |Fever: bathed in warm perspiration, especially about the face, neck and hands, anxious expression;

- eyes watery and discharging; wants to sit up in mother's arms; cries and desists at every attempt to nurse; reaches for water, yet refuses to take it; respiration hoarse; crying whispered and broken, often no sound at all; pulse 170; tongue, fauces and tonsils swollen and covered with dirty coating; drooling from mouth; throat tender to touch

externally; thick, dirty, grey, diphtheritic membrane, covering free border of epiglottis, and extending off to each side; child refuses to swallow and sputters out the medicine, some returning through the nose.

- |Soreness of throat, accompanied by intense heat; pulse scarcely to be counted; prostration so complete that patient refused even to make an effort to take medicine; temperature 102.6°; great sensitiveness of throat externally; symptoms after sleep; very thick exudate, covering nearly entire surface of each tonsil, which, if forcibly removed, is followed by considerable hemorrhage.

- |Throat highly inflamed, swollen, almost closed; grey, diphtheritic patches on left side of throat; difficult breathing, at times suffocative spells, pulse 140; face flushed, swollen and hot; tongue dry and thickly coated, greyish white.

- |On third day right tonsil swollen and on it a small diphtheritic patch, rest of throat inflamed;

- on fourth day both tonsils swollen and covered with diphtheritic patches, with difficult deglutition; high fever, restlessness, cried out and talked in sleep; complained of pains in head, back and limbs; bright scarlet redness on chest and around neck, which, on fifth day, extended all over body and legs; disease now at highest point; skin, in large patches, assumed a dark red color bordering on purple; whole body swollen; membrane, swelling and soreness on right side; deglutition impossible; refusing to drink while complaining of intense thirst; characteristic fetor in room; soreness on right side decreased and commenced on left ; left tonsil and posterior wall of pharynx covered with membrane; posterior nares invaded; marked sensation of lump in throat on left side, when swallowing, with pain extending to left ear; tongue coated dirty, yellow white and slimy; absence of prostration; improvement commenced on seventh day and remedy was discontinued.

- |Pains in limbs, small of back and head disappear, and throat becomes more painful, but looks better; often ulcers increase in size and number, but neighboring membrane looks clearer;

- aggravated by empty deglutition; throat feels stiff; ameliorated after drinking, warm or cold, no thirst, but dry mouth; pain pushes toward left ear; right tonsil raw, swollen, grey white membrane there and on fauces; epistaxis when speaking or swallowing, in one case; sweat all over; great exhaustion with poisoned feeling; frequent micturition, urine dark; restless, legs and whole body; face burns dry; constant spitting, drooling; ulcers small, round or irregular, grey white; voice hoarse, interrupted by weakness and hoarseness.

- ||Throat filled with substance that looked like "smear k"se", throat, tongue, roof of mouth, gums and cheeks completely lined with this substance; mouth and throat filled with loose particles; horrible odor.

- |Heaviness, and stomach bloated and tender; enlargement of tonsils, left tonsil aggravated ; feels weak; cannot eat or drink anything without pain in pit of stomach; shortness of breath and general languor.

- ||Membrane would leave throat, and a very severe interstitial hemorrhage of bright red blood would ensue; hemorrhage would slowly improve, and membrane appear again in throat; these hand continued to alternate for several days.

- ||False membrane, thick grey, yellow or dark, surrounding mucous membrane dark or bright, may be aggravated on either side, or inflammation shift from side to side,

generally aggravated on left

- ||False membrane, thick, yellowish-grey, often greenish.
- ||Pharyngeal inflammation, with wholesale destruction of epithelium, viscosity of saliva, heat of palms; absolute necessity for constant change of position.
- ||Thick, dirty grey diphtheritic membrane covering free border of epiglottis, and extending off to each side.
- ||Uvula pretty free from membrane, but intensely sore and bleeds.
- |Uvula coated (in seven cases).
- ||After membrane exfoliates, mucous membrane appears raw and bloody, with increased deglutition.
- ||In most cases of diphtheria, the throat symptoms begin on right side.
- ||Inflammation, ulcers and swelling shift from side to side, generally aggravated on left
- |||Diphtheria and diphtheritic croup; membranous croups.
- Awoke about four A.M. (second day) with a feeling that she was going to have sore throat; rawness and soreness in throat on right side.
- Swollen feeling in throat.
- Feeling as if she wanted to expectorate but could get nothing up.
- Sensation of a sac (lump?) in her throat on right side which seemed to descend when she swallowed, and scraped or rubbed against the mucous membrane as it went down; returning after deglutition.
- Fauces and tonsils very sore and red.
- Right tonsil appeared puckered and drawn up from circumference to centre.
- In centre of right tonsil, a small black spot about the size of a pin-head.
- Two long shaped ulcers on right tonsil, towards inner edge.
- On third day a ring of small yellow blisters around each ulcer, which later presented appearance of a false membrane.
- False membrane on right tonsil but not on left.
- Left tonsil became sore and inflamed on second day, when the right was not nearly so painful; by evening pain and soreness returned to right side when left side was relieved.
- This alternation from side to side continued one week when the painful symptoms wholly subsided.
- All deglutition painful, but worse when swallowing solid food.
- Pain extends to ear when swallowing.
- Pains in throat worse in cold air.
- Throat feels stiff as a board.
- Feeling of lump in throat which goes down when swallowing, but returns; throat aggravated on right side.
- A lady, aged 50, a widow, mother of one child, is syphilitic, and has suffered very much with inflammation and ulceration of the tonsils and fauces which are completely honeycombed by abscesses and for the last month the pain and soreness has changed from one side to the other every day.
- For instance, the side that was sore yesterday is well to-day, and the side that was well yesterday is the sore one to-day.
- She has been treated a long time for this disease without benefit, by a professed homoeopath.
- Four doses, 200th, of this remedy were given, two each day, when improvement set in,



and in ten days she was well, and has so remained without further medication.

- "Right to left, and from left to right" daily Wakeman.
- One of my cases was little Moody, son of Moody, of "Moody and Sankey", sick with scarlatina "for the third time" (so reported).
- His throat was full of large, foul, grey-yellow patches, deglutition extremely painful after sleep and from swallowing acid fruits, lumpy sensation in throat, unrest, delirium with undefined fears, considerable bright-red, fine eruption on face and chest, itching with dry skin.
- (I do not remember to have seen a case of diphtheria, so-called, fairly well defined, but some eruption appeared at some time during the disease).
- Lac can. cm., one dose dry, and in forty-eight hours after a dry powder of cmm. potency, cured promptly without any other remedy.
- In the use of Lac can. in diphtheria I have observed an interesting point: "It was twenty-four hours from the appearance to the entire disappearance of the patch in the throat" in the original proving.
- In prescribing I was just twenty-four hours before repeating the dose or reconsidering the case.
- If no better at end of twenty-four hours, with symptoms still pointing to Lac can., I give another powder of a different potency.
- I have thus obtained much more prompt and satisfactory results than when the remedy was given in water and repeated every three or four hours.

- Nichols.

Appetite

- Appetite improved; increased.
- Cannot satisfy her hunger.
- |Desire for highly-seasoned dishes, which is very unusual; has used pepper, mustard, and salt freely.
- |No appetite.
- |Considerable thirst.
- Great hunger for large quantities, often.
- ||Craves milk and drinks much of it.
- Aversion to anything sweet.
- No appetite or thirst.
- ||Thirst for a little at a time, but often, as throat is so dry and hot.
- ||Thirst.
- ||Great thirst for large quantities, often.
- ||Desire for warmish water with a pinch of salt in it.
- ||Aversion to liquids, especially water.
- ||Appetite and strength failing; dislike to food, especially fat or greasy.

Stomach

- |Nausea, with headache, on waking; continuing all morning.
- Nausea ameliorated by eructations of wind.
- At 5 P.M. while smoking a cigar, great nausea with severe pain in stomach-pit; vomiting seemed imminent, but the sensation ceased in four or five minutes.
- At 10 : 15 A.M. , empty, weak feeling in stomach-pit; next day, same at 6 P.M.
- |Weak, sinking feeling at stomach-pit, on waking in morning.

- Burning in epigastric region, feeling of a weight and pressure of a stone in stomach.
- ||Great faintness of stomach and nausea.
- ||Nausea at beginning of diphtheria.
- ||The almost constant diphtheritic discharges from mouth and nose nearly ceased, and she almost immediately had spells of sickness of stomach, and would occasionally vomit pieces of membrane.
- ||Frequent attacks of severe vomiting, and when not so, always feeling of nausea, and fear to eat.
- ||Gnawing, hungry feeling, not ameliorated by eating; everything she eats, except fish, makes her worse; the thought of milk makes her sick.
- |Dyspeptic pain, as from a stone, or undigested food, in stomach-pit at 9 : 45 P.M. ; followed by a stabbing pain in right lung, just below nipple.
- |Burning in epigastric region; feeling of weight and pressure of stone in stomach; very thirsty; abdomen swollen and burning, with bearing-down pains therein; mucous, yellow, liquid stools; pulse 100; pains and throbbing in temples; flushes on left cheek; red, circular spot below right malar bone, burning to touch; no appetite, cannot bear food; jaw cracks while eating.
- ||Stomach tender and bloated; cannot eat or drink anything without pain in stomach-pit.
- ||Beating in stomach and bowels.
- ||Severe throbbing in region of solar plexus; when it becomes very severe, which it did daily for hours at a time; it would seem to extend or continue upwards to head, when dizziness and lightness of head would supervene, requiring her to lie down at once, otherwise she would fall violently to the floor.
- ||Gastralgia or cardialgia, aggravated at menses, so she would drop to the floor, comes and goes suddenly.

#### Abdomen

- Pain in right side of pelvis; while it lasted there was no pain in left side.
- Pain and burning in left side of abdomen and pelvis, with weight and dragging on that side; clothes feel very heavy.
- ||Feeling of tension in left groin; does not want to walk or stand, as it aggravated the sensation; ameliorated by flexing leg on abdomen.
- Very acute pain in left groin, extending up left side to crest of ilium; ameliorated by stool; sometimes the pain is in track of colon.
- Abdomen swollen, and sensitive to deep pressure, which also = nausea, the nausea passes off when pressure is removed.
- Felt as though abdomen and chest were firmly compressed all over, as if the skin were contracted.
- Abdomen very sensitive to pressure and weight of clothes, entirely ameliorated by removing them, during very profuse menses.
- Pains in abdomen intermittent.
- Pain in pelvis, principally over right ovarian region.
- Headache ( left ) on first waking, and great pain in pelvis, most marked at right ovary.
- |Pressure from within outwards, as if contents of abdomen would be forced out literally, just above pelvis.
- Sensation while walking as if abdomen would burst.
- ||Severe burning pain right hypochondriac and iliac region and corresponding part of

back, extending across back to left side of abdomen; aggravated when on feet or when fatigued, ameliorated lying down.

- |Abdomen very hard and swollen, in evening.
- ||Abdomen swollen and burning, with bearing-down pains therein.
- ||Extreme heat in abdomen.
- ||Severe shooting pain in abdomen, passing in all directions.
- ||Intense sharp pain in left side of abdomen, with nausea while leaning forward.
- ||Pain and burning in left side of abdomen and pelvis, with weight and dragging on that side; clothes feel heavy.
- |Pain in pelvis, principally in right ovarian region.
- |Headache over left eye on first waking, and great pain in pelvis, most marked at right ovary.
- Pains in abdomen intermittent.
- ||Pains in abdomen, aggravated leaning forward; ameliorated leaning back.
- ||Smarting in right groin; pains seem to be in pelvic bones, uterus and limbs.
- |Very acute pain in left groin, extending up left side to crest of ilium, ameliorated by stool; sometimes pain in track of colon.

#### Stool and rectum

- Frequent desire for stool all through provings.
- When having a soft passage great tenesmus; rectum does not act as if it had lost power, but as if it could not expel faeces because they are soft, and adhere to the parts like clay.
- Constipation; occasionally natural passage; urgent desire for stool, but passes nothing but wind, or possibly one or two small pieces like sheep-dung; considerable wind in abdomen, with rumbling, but never any pain.
- Profuse diarrhea, with colic pain; diarrhoea watery, profuse, coming out with great force.
- Great constipation before and after menses; bowels very loose (not diarrhea) during menses.
- ||Mucous, liquid, yellow stools.
- |Constipation.
- ||Obstinate constipation; frequent desire with darting pain in rectum, no power to expel; stool large, whitish, rough, scaly, hard.
- Frequent urging, passing only flatus or small black balls.

#### Urinary organs

- Urination causes intense pain in urethra, soon passing off.
- Sensation after urinating, as if bladder were still full; continued desire to urinate.
- Frequent desire to urinate, which if not immediately attended to causes pain in bladder; a numb, dull sensation; if not ameliorated by urination it spreads over abdomen and left side to ends of fingers; never in head; would frequently wake at night dreaming of the pain, and would have to urinate to ameliorated it.
- |Constant desire to urinate, passing large quantities frequently; at night she dreams of urinating, and wakes to find an immediate necessity; a less strong and healthy person would probably have wet the bed.
- (Nocturnal enuresis, a specific).
- ||Constant desire to urinate, with intense pain.
- |Constant inclination to urinate which was restrained, as urination caused intense pain

when coming in contact with vulva.

- |Urine unusually frequent and dark.
- |Urine frequent; especially at night; scanty, high colored; red sediment.
- ||Urine very scanty and dark.
- |Urine dark, heavily loaded with thick reddish sediment that adhered in different colored circles to bottom and sides of vessel.
- ||Great difficulty in urinating.
- ||Urinating only once in twenty-four hours, and then copiously, but with some difficulty and slight irritation.
- ||Urine scanty, infrequent, coffee colored, no desire to urinate, quantity less than a gill in twenty-four hours, eighty per cent, albumen, with much mucus.
- ||No urine for 47 3/4 hours, bladder pretty full, parts fearfully swollen, and irritation on urination very great.
- ||Urine partially suppressed.
- |Constant desire to urinate, urine scanty.

Male sexual organs

- Sexual desire quite marked.
- Right spermatic cord, low down, sore to touch.
- |Chancre on prepuce, left side of frenum; penis greatly swollen; chancre like a cauliflower excrescence, red, smooth, and glistening, granulating rapidly from centre to circumference.
- (Small sore at entrance of urethra; parts of glands around urethra an open ulcer, exhaling most fetid smell, and with most excruciating pain; red, glistening appearance.)
- ||Gonorrhoeal pains, intermittent, in front, middle, or posterior part of urethra; when the gonorrhoea is ameliorated, catarrh sets in.
- ||Large chancre on dorsum of penis, with a fungoid bacteric mass covering whole of corona glandis, which was at first of a glossy, shining white appearance and later covered with a fungus, looking like fully developed aphthae, edges of swollen prepuce covered with nodosities and itching.
- |Penis enormously swollen, and a chancre on glans like a cauliflower excrescence, over half an inch in diameter; it was red, smooth and glistening; no pain; in a week there appeared two small chancres, deep, sharp edges, clean, and with same shining appearance.
- ||Small sore at entrance of urethra; kept getting aggravated; prepuce involved for about half an inch, and parts of glans around urethra an open ulcer, exhaling most fetid smell, and with most excruciating pain; hemorrhage at 10 P.M. every evening, and during day when removing dressings; constant desire to urinate, with intense pain; no sleep for a fortnight, red, glistening appearance.
- |Prepuce involved for about an eighth of an inch, and parts of glans penis around urethra an open ulcer exhaling most fetid smell; pain excruciating; hemorrhages at ten every evening and during day when removing dressing; desire to urinate constant, and accompanied by intense pain; had not slept for a fortnight; red, glistening appearance of ulcer.
- ||Buboes and chancres.

Female sexual organ

- Menses scanty; terribly cross and impatient first day, severe paroxysmal pains in

uterine region, causing nausea; occasional pain in left ovarian region, passing about half-way down thigh, on upper part of it; all these pains ameliorated by bending backward; pain and aching in right lumbar region when leaning forwards (as in sewing) even for a short time; entire ameliorated when bending back.

- Menses scanty at first with pain in left ovary.
- Menses very profuse; abdomen very sensitive to pressure and weight of clothes, entire ameliorated by removing them.
- Several cases of membranous dysmenorrhea.
- Dysmenorrhea, pain in left groin, with bearing down and nervousness.
- Leucorrhoea all day, but none at night, even after taking a long walk.
- Slight leucorrhoea during the day, aggravated when standing or walking.
- Severe pain in right ovarian region, completely ameliorated by a flow of bright-red blood, which lasted an hour, and did not return.
- In afternoon, intermittent, sharp pains in right ovarian region.
- Constant pain in right ovary.
- Sharp pains beginning in left ovary, and darting like lightning either towards right ovarian region, or else up left side and down arm, or sometimes down both thighs, but generally down left leg to foot, which is numb; pains like labor-pains; accompanied by great restlessness of legs and arms, and great aching in lumbar region; (5th d. after premature labor).
- ||Sharp, lancinating pains like knives cutting upward from os uteri, and as these were being relieved, sensation as of needles darting upwards in uterus.
- |Escape of flatus from vagina.
- Pressure on anterior part of vulva, entire ameliorated by sitting; sensation as if everything were coming out at vulva; with frequent desire to urinate and smarting in urethra.
- |Itching in left side of labia, with rough eruptive condition on left side of vagina, with acrid leucorrhoea; excoriating severely.
- Great swelling of left labia, and terrible pain while urinating (from gonorrhoea).
- |Intense painful soreness of vulva, extending to arms, coming on very suddenly about noon, and lasting for about two hours; came on again during evening; could not walk, stand or sit; ameliorated by lying on back and separating the knees as far as possible.
- |Raw and bad-smelling sores between labia and thighs, in folds of skin; aggravated when walking, would rather keep still all the time; these sores are covered with a disgusting white exudation.
- Sexual organs extremely excited; very much aggravated from the slightest touch, as putting the hand on the breast, or from the pressure of vulva when sitting, or the slight friction caused by walking.
- After-pains very distressing, extending to thighs, rather aggravated on right side.
- Menses very stringy and sticky, cannot get rid of them.
- Urination caused intense pain in vulva, when even the least drop of urine came in contact with it.
- Breasts very sore and sensitive to pressure for a day or two during menses.
- |Breasts very sore and painful, with sharp, darting pain in right ovarian region extending to knee, very painful and must keep leg flexed (1st d. after miscarriage at 6th month).

- Constant pain in breasts, they feel very sore when going up or down stairs.
- Constant pain in nipples.
- Breasts sensitive to deep pressure.
- Breasts painful; feel as if full of very hard lumps aggravated going up or down stairs.
- Loss of milk while nursing, without known cause.
- Calactorrhea (many causes).
- Dries up the milk when nursing.
- Given for an ulcerated throat to a nursing woman, it cured the throat and nearly dried up the milk.
- After two doses of c.m. rapid decrease in size of breasts and quantity of milk in a lady who wanted to wean her child.
- Heat in ovarian and uterine region (with menses); inflammatory and congestive condition of ovaries before menses; especially of right ovary, with extreme soreness and sensitiveness, which makes every motion and position, even breath, painful.
- ||Pain in abdomen principally in right ovarian region.
- ||Sharp pain in right ovary.
- |In afternoon, sharp pains in right ovarian region, not constant but intermittent.
- |Severe pain in right ovarian region, ameliorated by flow of bright red blood.
- |Pain in left ovarian region; across lower part of abdomen.
- ||Constant burning pain in left ovarian region, extending from left leg even to foot.
- |Inflammatory and congested condition of uterus, with extreme soreness and tenderness, that made every motion, position and even breath painful.
- ||Parenchymatous metritis (two cases), in one, uterus three times as large as natural, round as a ball, and body very hard, cervix obliterated by altered form of body; uterus sensitive.
- ||Much pain before and after menses, severe headache and entire prostration for first day or so.
- ||Pain in uterine region, passing down inside of thighs, half way to knees, and right leg feels numb.
- ||Pains in uterine region, all day, no particular direction except down inner side of thigh half way to knees.
- ||Severe pain in entire uterine region, with profuse discharge of yellow, brown and bloody leucorrhoea, two weeks after menses; intense pain and enlargement of left ovary, which could be seen protruding.
- |Blood bright red and stringy, hot as fire, coming in gushes and clotting easily; constant bearing-down pain, as if everything would come out of vulva.
- ||Uterine hemorrhage for six weeks; ovarian pains alternated sides, as did the chronic headache.
- ||Retroverted uterus.
- ||Menses; 14 days too soon, profuse; seven days too soon, flow came in gushes, scanty, intermittent, bright red and stringy, preceded by much flatulence from bowels; very stringy and sticky, cannot get rid of them.
- ||Great engorgement of breasts, with sensitiveness to touch, precedes menses.
- ||Menses nearly ceased; at menses much pain in right thigh and uterus, constant desire for stool, very low spirited.
- |Dysmenorrhoea, abdomen sensitive even to weight of clothing; flatus from vagina.

- Membranous dysmenorrhea.
  - Sore throats are very apt to begin and end with menstruation.
  - Leucorrhoea, very profuse during day, none at night; discharge whitish and watery; pain in small of back; very irritable, aggravated standing or walking.
  - Bearing down as though everything would fall out through vagina, with very frequent desire to urinate, and smarting in urethra.
  - Great swelling of left labia and terrible pain while urinating; from gonorrhoea.
  - Foul smell from genitals.
  - Pressure on labia causes a slight flow of blood; menstruation commenced entirely normal.
  - Great irritation about vulva and rectum.
  - Urination causes intense pain in vulva, when even least drop of urine comes in contact with it.
  - Itching of vulva.
  - Breasts very sore, sensitive to least pressure; dull, constant aching pain in them all evening.
  - Breasts very painful, but no lumps; pains are caused by least jar; has to hold breasts firmly when going up or down stairs; breasts aggravated towards evening, pressure of her arm, in natural position, caused considerable pain.
  - Breasts very painful and sore; feel as if full of hard lumps, very painful when going up or down stairs.
  - Soreness and enlargement of breasts.
  - Breasts seem very full.
  - Constant pain in nipples.
  - After-pains very severe, and shooting down thighs.
  - Knots and cakes in breast, after miscarriage.
  - Galactorrhoea.
  - Loss of milk while nursing, without known cause.
  - Serviceable in almost all cases where it is required to dry up milk.
  - Given for an ulcerated throat to a nursing woman, it cured throat and nearly dried up milk.
- Respiratory organs
- Slight hoarseness, with now and then a change of voice, after walking, but soon passing away.
  - Cough from tickling in upper anterior part of larynx, aggravated when talking and also when lying.
  - Cough from tickling under middle of sternum.
  - Cough with pain and oppression of chest; it jars her all over.
  - Loss of voice, cannot speak in a whisper (pharyngitis).
  - Marked soreness on touching larynx (diphtheria).
  - Sensation as if the breath would leave her when lying down and trying to sleep; has to jump up and stir around for an hour or so every night.
  - Loss of voice.
  - Throat troubles her much if she reads aloud or talks more than usual; it seems almost as though it was stopping up, and she feels very hoarse, but has no soreness; there is a feeling of fulness and choking.

- ||Unable to speak loud; distressed feeling while speaking.
- ||Respiration was hoarse, crying was whispered and broken, often no sound at all.
- ||Excessive hoarseness, and tickling, choking sensation, ameliorated moving about.
- ||Voice hoarse and husky; interrupted by weakness and hoarseness.
- ||Larynx sensitive to pressure.
- ||Constriction in lower part of larynx, like a finger across throat; feeling as of a bar across back of throat.
- ||Difficult breathing; during evening had severe suffocating spells.
- ||Terrible dyspnea immediately after sleep, first on left side of chest; dyspnea compelled her to be lifted upright with violent exertion to get breath; sharp pain in region of heart with each attack.
- ||Breathing hoarse and croupy, and at times an entire stoppage of breath, when it would resume with a violent effort.
- ||Breathing often snoring only possible through mouth.
- ||Short breath.
- ||Great difficulty in breathing, could not lie down flat.
- ||Breathing very labored.
- ||Loud snoring during sleep.
- ||Sensation as if breath would leave her when lying down and trying to sleep; has to jump up and stir around for an hour or so every night.
- |Tickling sensation in throat, causing cough; in afternoon quite hoarse.
- |Cough from tickling in upper anterior part of larynx, ameliorated talking and lying down.
- ||Cough caused by irritation in upper part of throat, aggravated lying down at night, also after eating and drinking and after talking; with soreness of left side of throat and constant desire to urinate.
- ||Cough on taking a long breath, not when swallowing.
- ||Hard metallic cough.
- ||Croupy cough, a dry, hoarse bark, penetrating through closed doors all over the house.
- ||Cough and dyspnea.
- ||Constant cough, accompanying soreness.
- ||Expectoration of profuse, sticky, tough, white mucus in masses, with coryza.

#### Chest

- Terrible dyspnea immediately after sleep, first on left side of chest; the dyspnea compelled her to be lifted upright with violent exertion to get breath; there was sharp pain in region of heart with each of these attacks; after the medicine had but one attack of dyspnea, and all the pain was referred to right side of chest (acute rheumatism).
- Lungs feel as though fast to chest, aggravated while writing.
- Clavicles sore to touch.
- Stabbing pain in right lung just below nipple, preceded by pain in stomach-pit as of a stone or undigested food.
- Sharp pain in right breast at 4 P.M.
- Feeling of oppression and tightness behind sternum, with desire to draw a deep breath.
- ||Sharp, incisive pain between scapulae, passing through sternum, with a sensation of pressure or constriction of chest in afternoon.
- ||Trembling, jerking and fluttering through lungs, with numb, prickling sensation all



over body, legs and arms.

- ||Pulse so rapid it could scarcely be counted.
- ||Pulse 130.
- Palpitation of heart, irregular, causing shortness of breath.
- ||Heart beats rapidly from slight causes.
- |Pulse quick, full and strong, with pains in chest and throat.
- ||Pulse of little volume.
- ||Pulse 130, wiry, weak.
- ||Pulse: quick and feeble; 100; 149; 170; 130, 140; almost gone.
- ||Pulse 117.
- ||Pulse rapid, quick.

Back

- ||Neck stiff.
- Sharp neuralgic pain under right scapula.
- Lameness and cutting pain under left scapula, aggravated turning in bed.
- Sharp, cutting pain under left scapula, shooting forwards through lung.
- Backache nearly all day between scapulae, aggravated after becoming warm, somewhat ameliorated by leaning back.
- Pain in sacrum aggravated by stooping, ameliorated by leaning back, with weakness; this pain extended around left side of pelvis (leaving the back) to inside of thigh, followed by a bloody leucorrhoeal discharge after six hours, which came all at once, leaving labia extremely sensitive.
- Spine aches from base of brain to coccyx (pharyngitis).
- ||Pain in back of neck.
- Weakness in muscles of upper part of back.
- ||Wandering pains in nape, with stiffness.
- Stiffness and soreness of the muscles of the neck.
- ||Neck aches, making her want to bend head forwards; entire spine sensitive.
- Paralysis of muscles of the neck, causing head to fall forwards, so that it rests on upper part of sternum.
- ||Spine aches from base of brain to coccyx.
- ||Heat, pain and beating in small of back.
- ||Pain in back.
- Wakes with severe pain in lower part of back, it is often five minutes before she can straighten; pain leaves her when she has been about work a short time, not returning until morning.
- ||Intense, unbearable pain across supersacral region, extending to right natis and down right sciatic nerve; pain so severe as to prevent sleep or rest; at same time diphtheritic sore throat on right side, with sensation of a lump, could not swallow solid food.

Upper limbs

- Painful swelling and hardness, with suppuration of left axillary gland; menses came on at same time.
- Pains down right arm and in fingers, which feel cramped; does not seem to have the same power in right hand.
- |From draught in evening, sudden, violent pains in right shoulder, so much so that when retiring she could not raise arm to finish toilet, as if disabled by dislocation.

- ||Two warts on little finger.
  - Right wrist lame and painful.
  - Sharp, shooting pains in all of right thumb.
  - Sharp pain round left arm, as of a cutting instrument; felt principally at the vaccination cicatrix; passed from thence to left elbow and disappeared: (forty-five minutes after first dose).
  - Trembling of left hand as in paralysis agitans.
  - Woke at night feeling very chilly, with sharp pain in left hand, and sensation in left arm as if asleep; lasting fifteen minutes.
  - Palms and soles burning hot.
  - ||Two warts on little finger noticed to be leaving.
  - Painful eruptions on axillae, like moist herpes, exceedingly painful on washing them.
  - Veins in hands look bluer than usual, they are swollen.
  - Sensation as if an insect were crawling on shoulders and neck, occasionally on hands.
  - Perspiration in axillae, stains linen bright orange color, no smell.
  - |Very fetid perspiration in axillae, staining linen brown.
  - Writs very lame, esp. right, which has sharp pains passing from thumb to little finger.
  - ||Neuralgic pains in shoulders, left then vice versa.
  - ||Pain in one or other shoulder.
  - ||Shoulders and arms ache.
  - ||Partial paralysis of left arm, unable to raise hand to head; on attempting to do so was seized with sharp pains in arm below shoulder.
  - ||Left hand bloats and is numb, with trembling, jerking and fluttering through lungs; numb, pricking sensation all over body, arms and legs.
  - |Sharp pain in left hand, left arm as if asleep.
  - ||Trembling of left hand, as in paralysis agitans.
  - ||Fingers extremely cold but not rest of hands.
  - Severe pains in all the bones.
  - Pains in joints of left hand, left ankle, left knee; extremely painful, swollen and red.
  - The day previous, had similar pains and swellings in right ankle and right knee; pain was sharp, darting, erratic, now here, now there and aggravated by any motion.
  - ||Pain in left shoulder extending across to right; could scarcely move arm.
- Lower limbs
- A few days before menses, inside of both thighs became raw and painful when walking, they then broke out with large, flat, red pimples; the soreness soon left; but the pimples remained.
  - Varicose veins on outer right thigh, from hip to knee.
  - Sensation of numbness in left leg with great heat as if burning, but cool to touch; brought on by pressure.
  - Stiffness through thighs, aggravated on attempting to move after sitting.
  - Veins of feet and ankles very much swollen.
  - Feet swollen and very sore, causing considerable pain while walking.
  - Numbness and paralytic feeling in inner side of both knees, extending to both big toes.
  - ||Pain in right hip and leg while walking, with a trembling of leg, and slight feeling of uncertainty, esp. on going down-stairs.
  - ||Articular rheumatism in right hip and knee joints, especially former; she was seated in

an arm chair, unable to move, complaining of bruised, smarting, lancinating pains in both joints and in lumbar region with swelling of affected joints;

- pains aggravated by slightest motion at night; by touch and by pressure of bed clothes; next day pains and swelling had gone to left hip and knee joints, leaving right almost free; the ensuing day they had almost entirely disappeared from left hip and knee joints and had again attacked right hip and knee; complaining, moaning, and sighing on account of her sufferings and probable termination of her illness.

- |Rheumatic pains in left hip and along sciatic nerve; wandering pains in nape of neck, with stiffness; pains in one or other shoulder; pain above left eye and heaviness of eyelids; sensitiveness to light.

- |Intense, unbearable pain across supersacral region, extending to right natis and down right sciatic nerve; pain so severe as to prevent sleep or rest (sciatica).

- ||Partial paralysis of right leg from miscarriage; has to use a cane; leg numb and stiff, but cannot keep it still any length of time; feels ameliorated flexing it on abdomen.

- Right ovary sore by spells and pain darts down leg sometimes to foot.

- Numb pains chiefly in ankles, aggravated while quiet, with swelling; veins of ankles distended; ameliorated while extreme heat is applied (rheumatism).

- Ecthyma, on right leg.

- ||Aching pains in limbs and back.

- Staggers in walking.

- Rheumatism beginning in soles flying from joint to joint and side to side, aggravated every evening and by movement and touch; numb pains in ankle.

- Burning of hands and feet at night (ovaralgia).

- ||Cannot walk any distance; trembling through right thigh, and feeling as though entire lower portion of body was giving away; felt as though something was strained across lower part of bowels.

- ||Sciatica.

- ||Limbs cold to knees.

- |Bruised pains in soles of feet, stiffness of ankle, knee and hip joints, and occasionally intense pains which move upwards;

- pain in ankle joints as of a dull plug pushing; joints stiff and sore, tender to touch; aggravated from heat and least motion; later knees and then hips became involved; at first the left ankle was attacked, and then, after some hours' suffering, the right with relief to left, and so on with knees and hips; chest affected, terrible dyspnea coming on immediately after sleep, first on left side; compelled her to be lifted upright with violent exertion to get breath, sharp pain in cardiac region; urine scanty and dark; pain in right side of throat; generally aggravated at 5 P.M.

- ||After exposure to cold night air when drunk, sharp, darting pains, aggravated by any motion, with swelling in right knee and right ankle; next day joints of left knee and left ankle and left hand extremely painful, moderately swollen, slightly red; ensuing day, left ankle and knee better, but right shoulder and elbow similarly affected.

- |Numb pains, chiefly in ankles, aggravated while quiet, with swelling; veins of ankles distended; aggravated while extreme heat is applied.

- ||Almost constant in right hip.

- ||Ecthyma: a sore breaks out in right leg, excessive itching; inflammation then swelling, blisters form and suppuration sets in; afterwards clear lymph, then discharge of matter;

then scabs and scales, turning eventually into a bran-like desquamation; scars have left discolored skin.

- ||Restlessness in legs.
- ||Cramps in feet.
- |Pains in limbs as if beaten.
- ||Bruised pains in soles making it difficult to walk;
  - in twelve days pains suddenly left soles and appeared in right knee joint, being smarting, lancinating, with light swelling of joint; could not move affected limb, as least motion aggravated pains, as did touch and pressure of bed clothes; on following day left knee joint affected in same way, right ameliorated ; on ensuing day right again affected, with relief to left ; afterwards hip joints attacked alternately with same symptoms, alternating like these in pains and swelling, left joints one day with aggravated of right, and vice versa; also lancinating pains in left side of chest; after four days wrist joints affected, first right, with same symptoms as those of lower extremities, symptoms of one side of body alternating with those of the other; not able to move himself in bed, lancinating pains made him cry out; constipation, sleeplessness, no fever; pains and swelling aggravated every evening, night, by movement, touch and pressure of bed clothes; numb pains chiefly in ankles aggravated .
- ||Burning of hands and feet at night.
- Cramping pain in calf of right leg at night.
  - Was compelled to get up and rub it, which aggravated ; had this cramping every night for a week.
  - A knot (objective and subjective) in calf of right leg when cramping; sensation as if some one had a stick in muscle and was twisting it around.
  - (Never had cramp except when pregnant several years before).
  - Sore aching, with throbbing in the outer side, and along sole of right foot, excruciating pains coming and going by spells; unable to stand on foot during the pain.

Lac vaccinum defloratum

[lac defloratum (skimmed cow's milk)]

Characteristics

- Diseases with faulty and defective nutrition with reflex affections of nervous centres.
- Despondent; does not care to live; has no fear of death but is sure he is going to die.
- American sick headache: begins in forehead, extending to occiput, in morning on rising (Bry.); intense throbbing, with nausea, vomiting, blindness and obstinate constipation (Epig., Iris, Sang.); aggravated noise, light, motion (Mag. m., Sil.); great prostration; ameliorated pressure, by bandaging head tightly (Arg. n., Puls.); copious, pale urine.
- Globus hystericus; sensation of a large ball rising from stomach to throat, causing sense of suffocation (Asaf., Kal.).
  - Vomiting: incessant, no relation to eating; first of undigested food, intensely acid, then of bitter water; of pregnancy (Lac. ac., Psor.).
  - Constipation: with ineffectual urging (Anac., Nux); feces dry and hard (Bry., Sulph); stool large, hard, great straining, lacerating anus (Nat., San.); painful, extorting cries.
  - A woman had taken 10 or 12 enemas daily, passed 4 or 5 weeks without an evacuation; constipation of 15 years' standing.
  - Menses: delayed; suppressed, by putting hands in cold water (Con.); drinking a glass of milk will promptly suppress flow until next period (compare Phos.).

- Great restlessness, extreme and protracted suffering from loss of sleep (Coc., Nit. ac.).
- Feels completely exhausted, whether she does anything or not; great fatigue when walking.
- Sensation: as if cold air was blowing on her, even while covered up; as if sheets were damp.
- Dropsy: from organic heart disease; from chronic liver complaint; far advanced albuminuria; following intermittent fever.
- Obesity: fatty degeneration.
- Emaciation, both local and general.

#### Relations

- Antidotes: Ign., Nux.

#### Compare

- Lac. can., Lac. vac., Lac. ac., Sac. lac.; Nat. mur., diabetes, albuminuria, headache, constipation, menstrual irregularities and heart affections, especially at climaxis; Coc., car or sea sickness and menstrual headaches; Cac., but it lacks the iron hand constriction; Nux m., heavy head but it falls to left; Calc., Kali c., Nat. s., Tub., child takes cold easily, is chilly, the hydrogenoid constitution; Cal., Caps., Fer., Graph., Tub., tendency to obesity; Ars., China, Graph., Iod., Lyc., Nat. m., Phos., Sil., Stan., Sulph., Tub., general emaciation; Arn., Hip., in traumatism; Con., Phos., suppressed menses.

#### Aggravation

- Lying down; external heat; motion, especially walking, or extending arms over head (fainting); pressure (fainting); cold water (suppressed menses); sitting down (ever so gently).

#### Amelioration

- Pressure (pain in eye); bandaging head lightly.

#### Description

- To Dr. Samuel Swan is due the credit of first recognizing the possibilities of this substance when potentized, from reading the reported successful use of it in the crude form by Donkin, in the treatment of diabetes, albuminuria and other affections of the kidneys.

- He potentized it and began the proving on himself and a lady patient whom he had cured of a chronic ailment with the m. and cm. potencies.

- Subsequently he induced Dr. Laura Morgan to undertake it, who with her friends made extensive provings, and what is remarkable is that the genuine character of the original work has not only verified many of the claims of Donkin, but nearly every symptom in the pathogenesis has been clinically verified, especially the peculiar headaches, obstinate constipation and the unusual and irregular menses.

- It is well known that the chemical constituents of milk contain an epitome of the salts and tissues of the animal which secretes it, hence we may conclude that its range of action is co-extensive with these tissue salts.

- Here we find the "mental depression and weeping", the "thirst for large quantities and often", the "periodical headache increasing and decreasing with the sun", the "obstinate constipation and fissure pain" of Natrum muriaticum. And so of other salts.

- Grauvogl suggests that hydrogenoid and cold children should not be given milk, and Burnett maintains that a milk diet, even skimmed milk, after the first year renders them susceptible to colds. There is no doubt it prevents nutrition in many persons, both

children and adults, developing emaciation in some and obesity in others; in other words, a constitutional diathesis akin to, or that tends toward, the tubercular.

- The deep-seated vein of nervous phenomena manifested in its pathogenesis and verified in the care of many obstinate chronic ailments warrants a more careful study of this little known and less used remedy.

#### Mind

- Loss of memory; listlessness, disinclination for bodily or mental exertion.
- |Depression of spirits; don't care to live; question as to quietest and most certain way of hastening one's death.
- During conversation, headache and depression of spirit ameliorated .
- |Depression and weeping with palpitation.
- |Imagines that all her friends will die and that she must go to a convent.
- Profound melancholy.
- Does not want to see or talk to any one.
- Can remember what has been read only by a strong effort of will.
- Vacillation of mind.
- Great despondency on account of the disease, is sure he is going to die in 24 hours.
- Has no fear of death but is sure he is going to die.
- Great depression of spirits, with a strong inclination to weep.
- Depression of spirits which is not dissipated by conversation.
- Loss of memory, could not remember from one paragraph to another what she had read.
- |Head light, with throbbing in temples.

#### Head

- |Vertigo: on moving head from pillow; aggravated lying down and esp. turning while lying, obliging to sit up.
- Headache preceded by dimness of sight.
- Intense vertigo when opening eyes while lying, aggravated when rising up; objects appeared to move swiftly from left to right, at other times moving as if tossed up from below in every direction (cured).
- |Faintness and nausea when stepping upon floor in morning.
- |Pain first in forehead, then extending to occiput, very intense, distracting and unbearable; great photophobia, even to light of candle; deathly sickness all over, with nausea and vomiting, aggravated by movement or sitting up: very chilly, and external heat does not ameliorated ; frequent and profuse urination of very pale urine.
- |After injury subject to distress in head; severe pain in forehead just above eyes; breath very offensive; appetite poor, nausea; at times sleeps for hours during attack; great distress across back; urine dark and thick.
- |Nausea and sometimes vomiting which ameliorated ; pain in forehead as if head would burst, with blindness; pain is ameliorated by bandaging head tightly; aggravated by light and noise; constipation, stools large; hands and feet cold.
- Headache: aggravated during menses; aggravated by speaking; alternating with tonsillitis.
- ||Throbbing frontal headache (over eyes), nausea, vomiting and obstinate constipation; esp. in anaemic women.
- Headache, with pains in eyes; as if full of little stones; aggravated closing eyes; profuse

urination.

- |Dim vision, as of cloud before eyes; profuse urination; full feeling in head; slight nausea at pit of stomach; face pale; feet cold; coldness in back.
- ||Intense pain at point of exit of supra-orbital nerve, diffused thence over forehead; attack commences with chill, quickened pulse, flushed face and belching of wind from stomach (cured).
- |Severe headache with a sensation as if top of head was lifted off, raised about five inches and brains were coming out; head feels hot, motion aggravated pain; face felt as if flesh was off bones and their edges were separated and sticking out; better in five minutes after taking Lac Defloratum, and next morning was entirely relieved.
- |Pain first in forehead, extending through occiput, making her nearly frantic.
- |Intense headache in forehead and through head, aggravated in vertex, afterwards head felt bruised (cured).
- |In morning nausea and sensation of a round ball full of pain in centre of forehead (cured).
- ||General sore pain of head produced by coughing.
- |At first a sharp pain at apex of heart, as though a knife was cutting up and down;
- this lasts a few seconds and is followed by a strange feeling in head, forehead feels extremely heavy, with dull sensation over eyes, and considerable throbbing, most marked on each side of head; rest of head feels very light, dimness of vision; can only distinguish light, not objects; at same time great loss of strength; cannot stand, but falls backwards, and remains entirely unconscious for two or three minutes; weakness passes off gradually and is followed by crying, palpitation of heart and great depression of spirits; imagines that all her friends will soon die and that she must go to a convent; she can produce an attack at any time by extending arms high above head, or by pressure around waist; spells come on at 7:30 P.M.
- |After light breakfast, pain in forehead, with nausea; very pale face, even lips looked white; vomiting of ingesta and afterwards of mucus and bitter water; deathly sick feeling in pit of stomach, aggravated rising up in bed; profuse urination every half hour; urine colorless as water; great thirst; intense throbbing pain in vertex.
- |Periodical pain in forehead, as if head would burst, accompanied by violent effort to vomit, and more rarely vomiting; hands and feet cold; diarrhoea alternating with constipation, the latter predominating; loss of appetite; smell or thought of food causes nausea; tongue moist, coated white; thirstlessness; always aggravated at menstrual period; menses scanty and accompanied with colic.
- |Attacks some every eight days; during attack can neither eat nor drink, nor endure light or noise; does not even like to speak; great prostration, aggravated during menstruation; when pains subside inflammation of tonsils appears; tongue white and no relish for food.
- |Severe frontal headache; nausea and sometimes vomiting upon rising in morning, or from recumbent position at any time, or upon moving; great constipation; constant chilliness even when near fire; urine profuse and watery, or scanty and high colored; intense pain throughout whole spinal column; excessive thirst for large quantities; great depression of spirits; sudden prostration of strength at 5 P.M. ; skin color of red rose, with swelling of face, neck, arms and body, generally in morning and during day and evening.
- |Severe pain over eyes, with intense throbbing in both temples, eyes feel as if full of

little stones; eyeballs intensely painful, and on shutting eyes, pressure of lids increases pain; edges of lids feel contracted, and convey sensation as of a narrow band drawn tightly across eyeball; pain over left hip; constipation and profuse urination during paroxysm.

- |Pain commencing in and above inner end of right eyebrow before rising in morning; soon after rising pain passed into eyeball; aggravated until afternoon, at which time it became unbearable; aggravated by walking and particularly by sitting down, though done carefully, also by heat radiated from fire or stooping, ameliorated on pressure; pressure on temples disclosed strong pulsation of artery; pain ceased entirely at sunset and did not return till next day.

- Light did not aggravate it.

- The eye had no unusual appearance.

- Lac Fel. had no effect.

- Partial relief by Sol. and Oxygen (cured by Lac Defloratum cm.).

- |Pains so severe that she would bury her eyes in her hands and press them into pillow.

- |Severe headache for years; severe pain over eyes; intense throbbing in temples.

- |General sore pain of head produced by coughing.

- |Throbbing in temples.

- |American sick headache, with gastric symptoms.

- Hurting or pressing headache, in different places at different times; generally worse in occiput.

- Pain in forehead.

- Severe frontal headache, with intense throbbing in the temples, during nausea, passing away with the nausea and heat, leaving a bruised feeling in the head.

- Severe frontal headache in the afternoon, passing off during conversation pain was just above the eyes.

- Severe frontal headache above the eyes aggravated by suddenly moving or stooping, with depression of spirits, and strong inclination to weep; passed away during conversation.

- Headache all day, worse in the afternoon.

- Headache and depression of spirits, head feels heavy with marked tendency to fall to the right.

- In the morning the head felt very heavy, and fell to the right side, the muscles of the neck being unable to hold it erect.

- Headache in the afternoon and heaviness in the evening.

- Constant dull pain just above the eyes.

- Pain in the head most marked over the left eye, and in the temples, occasionally extending into the eyes, and causing profuse lachrymation.

- Head feels large as if growing externally (cured).

- Flashes of heat in head and face.

- Pain in left forehead over left eye.

- Severe headache for years, severe pains over eyes, intense throbbing in temples (cured).

- Forehead feels extremely heavy.

- Heavy feeling in forehead and eyes.

- Headache with pressure on vertex; pain over eyes.



- Dull, heavy pain all over temples and forehead and extending to occiput.
- Burning in the top of the head.
- Sensation in base of brain as if pressure would relieve her.
- During the headache, feet and hands cold.
- Bruised sensation in head caused by coughing.
- Intense, awful, mixed-up, aching, drawing, pulling, stabbing pains, with delirium after the 1m.
- Vertigo with nausea and vomiting.
- Intense aching pain with soreness and heaviness of the whole head; face deathly pale and dreadful weakness and prostration.
- After 10 m. in water, repeated at short intervals, a singular sensation of relief commenced at the head and sensibly passed all through her body, as it were in her nerves, and out through her feet.
- The next morning, after a good night's sleep, she felt perfectly well, but lazy.

#### Nose

- ° During headache, coryza and an apparent tonsillitis.
- Ø Sick headache. 6.
- Catarrh in right nostril in afternoon, coming on very suddenly, gone before morning. 3(11).
- Catarrh in afternoon in both nostrils. 3 (12).
- Catarrh of both nostrils lasted till 9th day. 3.
- ° Painful pressure and tightness at root of nose, with catarrh; the tightness was cured, but not the catarrh.
- Painful dryness of nostrils.

#### Face

- ° Face very pale and bluish, with dark depressed circle around eyes.
- #### Sick headache. 7.
- ° Face very pale, and eyes look heavy.
  - Ø Headache from suppressed menses. 8.
  - During the whole proving, but especially in morning, or when the headache or nausea prevailed, she was extremely pale, a deathly pallor of face. 2.
  - Flushes of heat in head and face, especially left cheek, 3 (7).
  - During proving, deathly pallor of face, in morning, so marked as to cause inquiry as to the reason of it. 3.
  - ° Very pale, even lips looked white.
  - Ø Sick headache. 9.
  - ° Face pale.
  - Ø Sick headache. 9.
  - ° Deathly paleness of face on rising in morning.
  - Ø Sick headache. 9.
  - ° Very pale, with vertigo.
  - Ø Quininism. 9.
  - ° Flushed face.
  - Ø Suppressed menses from putting hands in cold water. 9.
  - ° Pale face in morning; lips and tips of fingers white.
  - Ø Constipation. 9.

- ° Face feels as if the flesh were off the bones, and the edges separated and sticking out.
- Ø Headache. 9.
- ° Pimples on face and forehead.
- Ø Intermittent fever. 9.
- ° Painful dragging sensation in face, or as if something were dragging down his cheeks.
- Ø Diabetes. A.A.
- ° Yellow pasty look of face.
- Ø Diabetes. A.A.
- ° His extreme nervousness, sleepless nights, and general appearance and expression pointed to some deeply-rooted cerebral trouble.
- Ø Incipient softening of brain. 20.
- ° Twitching of muscles of face. A.A.
- ° Eczematous eruption in a dyspeptic sallow woman. A.A.
- Wasted, thin and excessively sallow, with dark stains beneath the eyes.
- Face, neck, arms and body generally flushed, color of a red rose, with swelling, but no itching or burning.
- Lips dry and parched.
- Face looked blue during the cold sensation.
- Flushes of heat in head and face.
- Face flushed, color of a red rose, with swelling (cured).

#### Mouth

- Tongue dry and cleaves to the roof of the mouth.
- White coating all over tongue. 1 (4).
- Tongue thickly coated at first.
- ° Tongue coated white, moist, no thirst.
- Ø Sick headache. 6.
- ° Tongue coated white; feels tasteless.
- Ø Sick headache. 6.
- Tongue red and devoid of epithelium.
- ° Bitter disagreeable taste in mouth.
- Ø Sick headache. 10.
- Sweet sickening taste in mouth. 3 (4).
- ° Mouth very dry. 3.
- Breath exhales a sweetish odor.
- ° Breath very offensive.
- Ø Headache. 9.
- ° Tongue coated whitish-yellow.
- Ø Incipient softening of brain. 20.
- Tongue and lining membrane have a dusky red hue, and covered with aphthae at a later period.
- Tongue furred white and rough sometimes. A.A.
- Dryness of mouth without thirst.
- Dryness of mouth, pharynx and nostrils, with insatiable thirst.
- Sweet taste in mouth lasted all day.
- Nausea rising from the mouth to the stomach.
- Mouth clammy and frothy, especially during conversation (cured).

## Teeth

- ° Gums spongy and teeth loose.
- Ø Diabetes. A.A.
- ° Grinding of teeth when asleep, with pain in stomach, headache and vomiting.
- Spongy bleeding condition of the gums and teeth.
- Looseness of the teeth, especially of the incisors.

## Throat

- Painful dryness of nostrils, pharynx, and mouth; with insatiable thirst for cold water, a second goblet-ful being required as soon as the first had been drunk. 2 (after 9 hours, 1st day).
- ° Globus hystericus; sensation of a large ball rising from a point about lower end of sternum to upper end of esophagus, causing very distressing sense of suffocation. 3.
- ° Sore throat all around, worse when swallowing, with slight hacking cough.
- Painful dryness of the pharynx, nostrils and mouth, with insatiable thirst.

## Eyes

- Some photophobia.
- Ø Sick headache. 10.
- Pain, with twitching in left inner canthus, worse by reading or sewing.
- 2 (1).
- Pain in eyes on first going into the light, soon passing off. 3 (3).
- Objects appeared to move swiftly from left to right, at other times moving as if tossed up from below in every direction (cured).
- Pain in eyes on first going into the light. 3 (4).
- Great pain in eyes on first going into the light; soon passing off; on
- \*closing lids on account of the light, pain
- \*was felt in eyeballs as if from pressure of lis. 3 (15).
- ° Dim vision, as of a cloud before eyes.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Great photophobia, even to light of candle.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Upper lids feel very heavy; sleepy all day.
- ° Dim vision; can only distinguish light, not objects.
- Ø Faint spells. 3.
- ° Eyes feel as if full of little stones.
- Ø Headache. 3.
- ° Eyeballs intensely painful; and on shutting the eyes, the pressure of the lids increases the pain, causing a painful pressure, and the edges of lids feel contracted laterally and convey the sensation of a narrow band drawn tightly across eyeball.
- Headache. 3.
- Photophobia for
- \*sunlight, in both eyes; eyes red, lachrymation; left eye more sore than right 16.
- ° Great dimness of sight.
- Ø Diabetes. 20.
- Ø Bright's disease. A.A.
- ° Cannot endure light.
- Ø Incipient softening of brain. 20.

- Profuse lachrymation, caused by a pain in the temples extending into the eyes (cured).
- Pain in and above the eyes.
- Eyeballs sore.
- Blur before sight preceding an attack of headache (cured).

#### Ear

- ° Noise very annoying.
- Ø Sick headache. 10.
- ° Cannot endure noise or talking of others.
- Ø Incipient softening of brain. 20.
- Slight deafness in both ears, 2 or 3 evenings.
- Great paleness of ears, face, and lips, principally in morning.

#### Stomach

- Appetite not so good as formerly, everything tastes alike. 1 (3).
- Was unable to go down stairs or eat a particle when brought to her. 1 (4).
- Felt hungry and faint, but could not eat from loss of appetite; the thought of food nauseated her. 1 (5).
- Nausea and gagging after rising, the nausea returning several times during day. 1 (3).
- Violent retching and straining to vomit; but cannot succeed; indescribable nausea returning every 6 hours. 1 (4).
- Empty retching. 1 (5).
- For a long time the nausea and empty retching returned every morning after rising. 1.
- ° Nausea, with occasional vomiting which relieves.
- Ø Sick headache. 6.
- ° Violent retching, seldom vomiting; in last attack could only vomit by putting finger far down throat.
- Ø Sick headache. 6.
- ° Loss of appetite, the smell or thought of food nauseates.
- Ø Sick headache. 6.
- ° Can neither eat nor drink during attack.
- Ø Sick headache. 6.
- ° Deathly nausea and vomiting, the nausea usually lasting 3 or 4 days.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Sense of deathly sickness, and frequent vomiting of green watery bitter fluid and slime.
- Ø Sick headache. 7.
- ° Deathly sickness at stomach.
- Ø Diabetes mellitus. 9.
- ° Vomits some, but retches more; nausea all the time.
- Ø Sick headache. 10.
- ° Great thirst.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Slight nausea at stomach-pit.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Deathly sickness all over, with nausea and vomiting, worse by movement or rising up in bed.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.

- ° Nausea in morning.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Great thirst; wants to drink all the time, and takes a glassful at a drink. 3.
- ° Appetite entirely gone.
- Ø Headache. 9.
- ° Nausea.
- Ø Headache. 9.
- Ø Threatened premature labor. 9.
- ° Nausea and sometimes vomiting upon rising in morning, or from a recumbent position at any time during day or evening, or upon moving.
- Ø Sick headache. 11.
- ° Excessive thirst for large quantities and often.
- Ø Sick headache. 11.
- ° Deathly sickness, with or without vomiting.
- Ø Constipation. 9.
- ° Inability to drink milk without sick headache. 9.
- ° Voluminous tasteless eructations soon after the dose (10 m.). 19.
- ° Intense thirst.
- Ø Diabetes. A.A.
- ° Voracious appetite.
- Ø Diabetes. A.A.
- ° Much dyspepsia, and a feeling as though he would burst after taking food.
- Ø right's disease. A.A.
- ° Indigestion, with distressing flatulency, severe palpitation, difficult breathing, and great giddiness, so that she could with difficulty walk across the room.
- Ø Bright's disease. A.A.
- ° Invaluable in functional derangements and diseases of the gastric and intestinal organs, especially in certain forms of diarrhea, hypochondriasis and diarrhea; also in cases of catarrh, and ulceration of the stomach. A.A.
- ° Little or no appetite, but not much thirst.
- Ø Incipient softening of the brain. 20.
- ° Sour eructations.
- ° Violent pain in epigastric region and left side below ribs. A.A.
- ° Incessant vomiting, which had no relation to her meals. A.A.
- ° Cramps in epigastric region. A.A.
- ° Violent pain in stomach-pit; seldom lower, brought on by fatigue. A.A.
- ° Much wind and acidity of stomach, without tenderness. A.A.
- ° Vomiting, first of ingesta, undigested, intensely acid, then of bitter water, and lastly of a brownish clot; which in water separated and looked like coffee-ground, without odor, but of bitter taste.
- ° Deathly nausea, cannot vomit, with groans and cries and great distress; great restlessness with sensation of coldness, although the skin was hot; pulse normal.
- ° Morning sickness during pregnancy, deathly sickness at stomach on waking, vertigo and waterbrash on rising, constipation.
- ° Chronic gastro-enteritis with chronic diarrhoea and vomiting. A.A.
- ° During headache, nausea some, retching more.

- ° Nausea and frequent vomiting of greenish watery bitter fluid, during the headache. 7.
- ° Bloating in epigastric region, with asthma, so that he could scarcely breathe, followed by hard pressive pain about the 4th cervical vertebra had only been temporarily relieved by a movement of the bowels. 9.
- Great thirst, wants to drink all the time, wants a gobletful at a time; dryness of the mouth (cured).
- Insatiable thirst for cold water, a second goblet being required as soon as the first has been drunk.
- Sweet taste in mouth.
- Nausea, or a deathly feeling of sickness at stomach, recurring every six hours, and continuing about one hour; the nausea rose from stomach to mouth, occasioning belching of bitter flatus which momentarily relieved it; eating did not produce or affect the nausea, the periodical recurrence having apparently no reference to anything else; the periodical recurrence continued for three days; she described the nausea as a deathly sickness throughout whole body; she did not vomit, it being extremely difficult to cause it in her even with an emetic; during the nausea there was great internal heat, also severe frontal headache with intense throbbing in temples; the nausea, heat, and headache passed away simultaneously, leaving a bruised feeling in head. 2 (1).
- Nausea was so unbearable that she discontinued the medicine. 2 (2).
- Faintness with the nausea. 2 (3).
- Great thirst, wants to drink continually, but little at a time 3 (2).
- Great thirst, drinking followed by a chill. 3 (5).
- Very little appetite. 3 (3).
- Nausea during evening. 3 (5).
- In morning, faint hollow sensation in stomach, attended with slight nausea; passing off on going into open air. 3 (14).
- ° Soon after being put to bed, vomited ingesta, and afterwards mucus and bitter water.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Awful deathly sick feeling in stomach-pit, without retching or vomiting, worse by rising in bed.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- Great internal heat during the nausea.
- During the nausea severe frontal headache, with intense throbbing.
- Deathly sickness, without retching or vomiting, so dreadful and unbearable that the proving had to be discontinued.
- Nausea momentarily relieved by belching of bitter flatus.
- Nausea and vomiting, and a sensation of deathly sickness, aggravated by movement or rising in bed.
- Nausea and vomiting, followed by a deathly sick feeling, without either nausea or vomiting, intensified by sitting up in bed.
- Sickness described as awful.
- Dyspepsia (cured).
- Indigestion, and a feeling as if he would burst after taking food.
- Faintness and nausea when stepping upon the floor in the morning (cured).

#### Abdomen

- ° Bearing down pain in abdomen and back.

- Ø After suppressed menses. 8.
- Sensation of weight and dragging in left side of pelvis; worse next day.
- 3 (9).
- Weight and dragging in left side of pelvis, with a burning sensation of pain, relieved somewhat by leaning to right side, increased by pressure of the clothes, or even the hand or arm resting on it. 3. (11).
- ° Drawing pains, with heat, across lower abdomen and bearing down.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Cannot bear pressure of arm or hand on abdomen.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Great fatigue from walking, on account of heaviness as of a stone in abdomen.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Abdomen very sore and sensitive to touch. 3.
- |||Pain over left hip.
- Ø Headache. 3.
- ° Sensation as if abdomen were full of water, catching the breath like a spasm. 5.
- ° Drawing pains across uterine region, with heat and pressive bearing-down in both ovarian regions; cannot bear pressure of hand or arm on abdomen; intense distress in lower part of abdomen during menses, not relieved by any position; violent inflammation in ileo-caecal region, with intense pain, swelling, tenderness, fecal accumulation, and violent vomiting.
- ° Chronic gastritis and enteritis.
- Symptoms, chronic diarrhea and vomiting.
- ° Severe pain across the umbilicus with headache.
- Flatulence.
- Constant pain in frontal region; nausea in morning; deathly paleness of face on rising in morning; aching pains in wrists and ankles; puffy swelling under malleoli; drawing pains, with heat across lower abdomen and bearing down; frequent, scanty pale urine; pressing bearing down in both ovarian regions; cannot bear pressure of hand or arm on abdomen; slight yellowish leucorrhea; great lassitude and disinclination to exertion; depression of spirits, does not care to live; questions as to quickest and most certain mode of hastening one's death.
- For years has been subject to attacks of bloating in the epigastric region, attended with asthma, so that he could scarcely breath (cured).
- Stool and rectum
- \*No stool for first four days. 1 (1 to 4).
- \*Rectum feels impacted with feces, but is unable to eject them. 1 (4).
- Bowels partly moved, but with much straining and some laceration of anus
- \*, stool being very large and hard. 1 (5).
- Bowels again moved, but with the same laceration of anus, stool
- \*being very large and hard; the pain while passing stool extorted cries; passed considerable blood with stool.
- The constipation was so intense that she took one dose of Nux vom. 15m.
- (Fincke) with immense relief in 24 hours. 1 (6).
- ° Habitually costive; stools large.
- Ø Sick headache. 6.

- ° Alternate diarrhea and constipation, the latter predominating.
- Ø Sick headache. 6.
- Constipation for 4 days; stool
  - \*dry,
  - \*, and passed in small lumps with much pain;
  - \*smarting of anus after stool. 2 (2).
- ° Constipation. 2
- Ø Headache. 3
- Ø Threatened premature labor. 9.
- ° Great constipation.
- Ø Sick headache. 11.
- ° Very severe constipation for 15 years; has been in the habit of taking 10 or 12 enemas every day, and often passed 4 or 5 weeks without stool. 14.
  - In higher potencies it has a very powerful action on the liver, as evinced by the white feces. (Swan's observation).
  - Causes constipation in most cases of diabetes, rarely diarrhea. A.A.
  - Constipation set in and lasted a week.
  - Stool dry, hard, and passed in small lumps, with much pain and smarting in anus after stool.
  - During the constipation was constantly cold, so that she looked blue, hands and chest felt cold as if dead, additional clothing or sitting by a stove failed to warm her.
  - Was awakened in the night by the cold.
  - Constipation (cured).
  - Is generally constipated, and when it is most persistent is very chilly and cannot get warm (cured).
  - Frequent but ineffectual urging to stool, had one natural stool daily without urging.
  - Constipation with chronic headache.
  - Constipation with extremely tough salmon-colored stools.
  - Constipation simply unconquerable by any constant treatment.
  - Constipation so utterly invincible that neither enemas nor the most powerful purgatives were of any avail.
  - Stools yellowish or salmon hue after 48 hours.
  - Violent rectal and sciatic pains following every effort at defecation.
  - Constipation, feces dry and hard.
  - Occasional diarrhea.
  - Diarrhea and borborygmi caused by the treatment.
  - Stool large and hard, passed with great straining lacerating the anus, extorting cries and passing considerable blood.
  - Frequent but ineffectual urging to stool.
  - Constipation, with chronic headache, most powerful purgatives were of no avail; feces dry and hard, passed with great straining, lacerating anus, extorting cries and passing considerable blood; chronic.
  - Continual, persistent constipation, ameliorated only by cathartics and enemas, with violent attacks of sick headache, pain first in forehead, then extending to occiput, intense, unbearable; great photophobia, even to light of candle; deathly sickness all over, with nausea and vomiting aggravated by movement or sitting up; chilly, not ameliorated by



external heat; frequent and profuse urination of very pale urine.

- Frontal headache; deathly sickness, with or without vomiting; pale face in morning, also lips and tips of fingers white; coldness over whole body.

- Is generally constipated, and when it is most persistent very chilly; cannot get warm.

Urine

- ° Excessive flow of urine, either of high specific gravity, or colorless, watery, low specific gravity, but in both cases strongly impregnated with sugar 9.

- ° Urinates profusely every half hour, urine perfectly colorless, specific gravity 1005; Trommer's test showed sugar. 9.

- ° Frequent and profuse urination (nearly a quart every half hour), colorless as water, odor natural, taste slightly salt, slight acid reaction; Trommer's test showed large quantities of sugar; specific gravity 1010. 9.

- Frequent urination, urine scanty and very pale. 3 (5 to 7; more marked 10, 11).

- ° Urinates profusely every half hour, urine colorless as water; after 1m. during the night the urine became high-colored and scanty but without sediment; in the morning normal.

- Ø Sick headache. 9 (Mrs. P. aet 71).

- ° Profuse urination.

- Ø Sick headache. 9.

- Ø Headache. 3.

- ° Frequent and profuse urination of very pale urine.

- Ø Sick headache. 9.

- ° Frequent scanty pale urine;

- Ø Sick headache. 9.

- ° Urine very light-colored; has no control over the organ; urine comes away in drops, or gushes out with a sensation of very hot water passing over the parts; involuntary urination, wets the bed every night. 3.

- ° Urine very dark and thick.

- Ø Headache. 9.

- ° Urine profuse and watery, or scanty and high-colored.

- Ø Sick headache. 11.

- ° Frequent scanty urination.

- Ø Threatened premature labor. 9.

- ° Urine scanty; low sp. gr. and containing 1/3 of albumen; small and large casts of urine, pus cells, epithelium, and oil globules.

- Ø Bright's disease. A.A.

- ° Sugar in urine; sp. gr. from 1035 to 1040; 8 to 10 pints daily.

- Ø Diabetes. A.A.

- Produces profuse flow of urine in Bright's disease. A.A.

- ° Urine intermits in flow, has to strain. 9.

- \*Urine brown and muddy, quantity nearly normal.

- Ø Incipient softening of brain. 20.

- Frequent urination. A.A.

- ° Albumen in urine; sp. gr. of 2 cases, 1014, 1016. A.A.

- ° Frequent and profuse urination, urine colorless, odor natural, no headache but intense vertigo, worse on opening the eyes or rising up in bed. 9.

- ° Urine pale straw color with no sediment on cooling. 9.

- ° Urine very dark and thick. 9.

Male sexual organs

- ° Power and function of reproduction suspended. 9.

- Frequent and profuse urination of very pale urine.

- Albuminuria.

- Urine very pale; cannot retain it.

- Urine comes away drop by drop, or else gushes out, with a sensation of very hot water passing over the parts; wetting bed at night (cured).

- Constant desire to urinate; urine scanty and very pale.

- Profuse, very pale urine.

- Urinates profusely every half hour, perfectly colorless; specific gravity 1005 (six hours after Deflor. 1m. urine became natural in color and quantity).

- Profuse urination during headache.

- Frequent urination.

- Albumen in urine, several cases cured.

- Specific gravity of two cases, 1014, 1016.

- Frequent and profuse urination; urine colorless, odor natural; no headache accompanied it, but intense vertigo, worse on opening the eyes or rising up in bed.

- (Specific gravity 1010, taste saltish, slight acid reaction; Trommer's test showed sugar).

- Constant pain in the region of the kidneys, passing round each side above the hips to the region of the bladder, also downward from the sacral region to the gluteal, and from thence down the back part of the thighs.

- Pain was burning and was not relieved in any position; lying down intensified it.

Female sexual organ

- Menses, which are naturally scanty and postponed, came nearer the usual time, and the quantity of the flux was increased for many mouths. 1.

- ° Menses always scanty, and attended with colic.

- Ø Sick headache. 6.

- ° Menses which had just commenced were stopped by wetting from rain.

- The medicine restored them with some griping pain for a short time; they had previously been painless. 8.

- Menses, which had commenced, ceased suddenly and entirely, though they usually last four days. 3 (2).

- Menses two days too soon, scanty, and attended with a feeling of intense distress in lower part of abdomen, not relieved by any position or by removing the clothes. 3 (27).

- Slight yellowish leucorrhoea, with slight itching of vulva. 3 (5).

- \*Slight yellowish leucorrhoea. 3 (6.7).

- Ø Sick headache. 9.

- Leucorrhoea more marked. 3 (10).

- Leucorrhoea nearly ceased. 3 (12).

- ° Pressive bearing-down in both ovarian regions.

- Ø Sick headache. 9.

- \*Menses irregular, too frequent, scanty.

- Ø Faint spells. 3.

- After leaving off proving for three or four months, her husband (physician) said she was pregnant; she became very large, full bosom, later on milk ran out, she felt fetal

movement; went a week over what she thought was full time.

- Examined and found os uteri hard, pointed, strawberry-shaped.
- Gave one dose of 10m.; she gradually decreased, and the symptoms all disappeared. 2.
- ° Threatened premature labor; parts tumefied, profuse glairy mucous discharge, os soft and dilated, vertex presentation, occasional irregular bearing-down pains; fetal pulse 158.9.
- || Menses suddenly suppressed by putting hands into cold water to rinse out clothes, with great pain in uterine region, intense headache, aching pains all over, fever, flushed face. 9.
- ° Irregular menses, sometimes very dark and scanty, sometimes colorless water.
- Ø Intermittent fever. 9.
- Abortion at second month; three cases. 17.
- ° Menses delayed a week, with congestion of blood to head, coldness of hands, nausea and vertigo; after taking Lac vaccinum defloratum, in high potency, flow commenced next morning, scanty, with pain in back, sensation of weight and dragging in left ovarian region. 9.
- ° Sore pain in left ovarian region. 9 cm. (cured).
- Slight exaltation of sexual instincts. 3.
- ° Menses five days too soon.
- Flow bright red.
- Morning sickness during pregnancy; deathly sickness at stomach on waking; vertigo and waterbrash on rising; constipation.
- Decrease in size of breasts.
- Breasts feel sore, worse hanging loose.
- ||(Has never failed to bring back milk in from 12 to 24 hours).
- Diminished secretion of milk.
- Drinking a glass of milk during menstruation will promptly check the flow until next menstrual period (Mrs. B., a medical student, brunette, 33 years of age).
- Menses suddenly and entirely cease on the second day, the usual time being four days.
- Itching of the vulva.
- ||Decrease in the size of the breasts, which after the proving resumed their original size and firmness.
- Weight and dragging in the left side of pelvis (ovarian region) with a burning sensation relieved somewhat by leaning to the right, increased by the pressure of the clothes, or even the hand or arm resting upon it.
- Drawing pain across the uterine region, with heat, and pressive bearing down in both ovarian regions.
- Cannot bear the pressure of the hand or arm on the abdomen.
- Intense distress in lower part of abdomen during menstruation, not relieved by any position.
- Violent inflammation in the ileo-caecal region, with intense pain, swelling, tenderness, fecal accumulation, and violent vomiting (cured).
- Power and function of reproduction are suspended.
- ||Menses suppressed by putting hands in cold water, with great pain in the uterine region, intense headache, aching pains all over, fever and flushed face.
- After 1m. in water, one spoonful at night, headache left and she slept all night.

- Next morning slight flow; took another spoonful, and by 10 o'clock flow all right and she was free from pain;
- ||Diminution of the breasts, and diminished secretion of milk in nursing women, never has failed to bring back the milk in from 12 to 24 hours.
- Mrs. Y, aged 42, blonde, sometimes before, at other times just after, this time at about the close of her menses, she has a "hurting headache", involving the whole head at different times.
- It does not hurt all over the head at once, but in different places at different times.
- Generally the pressure or hurting is worse when in the occiput, at which time she gets sick at the stomach and feels sick all over.
- More frequently the pain is in the forehead, but it is only unbearable when in the occiput.
- She cannot describe the pain, it seems like a severe "hurting" or pressure.
- It leaves the eyelids sore.
- Lasts about 24 hours.
- She knew yesterday that she would have it today, but cannot tell why.
- She had it this time for four or five hours.
- Flow bright red.
- Breasts feel sore, worse hanging loose.
- Constipation marked.
- No other pain and not sick in any other way.
- Lac vaccinum defloratum dmm., one dose, dry on tongue.
- Within a very short time, just a few moments, she "felt big all over", the veins filled up and felt full.
- Became quite chilly (very characteristic of the remedy).
- Head very much relieved during the first few minutes, when she arose the head was worse, with immediate relief on lying down.
- The whole trouble was entirely gone in one and a half hours.
- Bowels moved normally about one hour after the single dose.
- Ringing in her left (deaf) ear.
- No trouble at her next period.

#### Mammae

- Breasts decreased in size two-thirds, and became flabby, with loss of flesh. 4.
- ° Diminution of breasts and diminished secretion of milk in nursing women.
- Brought milk in the breasts of a full-breasted girl.

#### Larynx and trachea

- Constricted feeling in throat, causing constant desire to cough. 3 (7).
- Constricted sensation in throat, causing constant hacking cough, no expectoration. 3 (11).
- ° During day, short dry cough with difficult expectoration of a small lump of mucus which relieves the cough.
- Ø Apyrexia of intermittent fever. 9.
- ° Cough caused a bruised sensation in the head. 11.

#### Chest

- Respiration affected on lying down; prolonged inspirations, and short quick expirations. 3 (3).

- On lying down, inspirations long, expirations short. 3 (4).
- Sudden and violent palpitation of heart, with flushes of heat, caused by the least unusual sight or sound; feels sometimes extremely nervous. 3 (19).
- ° Palpitation of heart, and flushes of heat, especially in left face and cheek. 3.
- ° Sharp pain at apex of heart, as if a knife were cutting up and down; lasting a few seconds.
- Ø Faint spells. 3.
- ° Subject to attacks of bloating in epigastric region, and with them always an attack of asthma so that he can scarcely breathe; then would have hard pressive pain at about 4th cervical vertebra; pressure round the breast (but not like the grasping of Cactus) with the dyspnea; always constipated; their symptoms were all relieved by purgative medicines. 9.
- Some palpitation of heart, with flashes of heat in head and face. 3 (5,6).
- ° Soreness of chest with great pressure.
- ° In a case of hypertrophied left ventricle, with palpitation of heart, it lowered the pulse and quieted the heart. A.A.
- ° Tubercular deposit in apices of both lungs. A.A.
- Short dry cough, with difficult expectoration of a small lump of mucus, which ameliorated cough.
- Pressure around heart (not like grasping of Cactus), with dyspnea and a feeling of certainty that he is going to die in twenty-four hours.
- Sharp pain in apex of heart, as if a knife were cutting up and down; this preceded by a heaviness of head, dullness of eyes throbbing in temples and palpitation of heart.
- Palpitation of heart and flushes of heat, especially in left side of face and neck.
- ||Sensible decrease in the breasts which after the proving returned to their original size and firmness.
- Pulse rapid and feeble.

#### Back

- ° Chills running up and down between shoulders.
- Ø Sick headache. 7.
- ° Chills creeping along back and between shoulders.
- Ø Sick headache. 7.
- ° Considerable pain in back, a little below a line drawn across it from crest of ilium. 10.
- Painful aching in small of back; extending up to and between scapulae, worse while sitting, slightly relieved while walking; continued for two days. 2 (12 hours after last dose on third day).
- ° Coldness in back.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Constant pain in small of back, commencing in region of kidneys, passing round each side above hips to region of bladder; also downward from renal region to gluteal, and thence down back to thighs; this pain is intense burning, relieved by no position, lying down intensified it. 3.
- ° A symmetrical patch of herpetic eruption on each side of neck, itching and burning after scratching. 3.
- ° Great distress across back.
- Ø Headache. 9.
- Great weakness of the muscles of the neck left side, allowing the head to fall to the

right.

- ° Intense pain throughout the whole spinal column.
- Ø Sick headache. 11.
- Pain in small of back.
- Ø Threatened premature labor. 9.
- ° Boring pain, sore as if bruised, and throbbing in right kidney extending as a dull aching to right hip, to spine, up to right scapula, and across right side of abdomen to bladder; afterwards the boring affected the left kidney also, with a little aching there; backache across sacral region, much worse in the centre, a breaking pain; all the worse from movement. 5.
- Hard pressive pain at fourth cervical vertebra; chills creeping along back between scapulae.
- Intense burning pain in small of back and sacrum, commencing in region of kidneys, passing around on both sides above hips into groin, also downward from renal region through gluteal region, down back part of thighs; pain, burning, and ameliorated by no position.
- Dull aching pain in lumbar region of frequent occurrence, with indefinable indisposition.
- ° During day, back usually feels cold.
- Ø pyrexia of intermittent fever. 9.
- ° Dull heavy aching pain over loins.
- Ø Diabetes. A.A.
- Constant pain in small of back (cured).

#### Upper extremities

- \*During the proving, ends of fingers icy cold and look white, rest of hands warm. 3.
- ° Aching pains in wrists and ankles.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Ends of fingers icy cold, rest of hand warm. 3.
- Sweat on palms, especially right (no name).
- Cold hand and feet during headache.
- Coldness and numbness of the limbs.
- Aching pains in the wrists.
- Hands cold as if dead.

#### Lower extremities

- Itching of knees at night. 3 (3).
- After the weak sick feeling suddenly left, both heels commenced to ache. 3 (13).
- Corn on right little toe became very painful and sore when putting on the shoe in morning; soon passed off. 3 (19).
- ° Feet cold.
- Sick headache. 9.
- ° Puffy swelling under malleoli.
- Ø Sick headache. 9.
- ° Pains passing down underside of thighs to heels; pains in top of feet as if the bones were broken across instep; these pains in legs and feet come on as soon as she steps on them in the morning; when she becomes faint and nauseated and has to lie down; has to lie down three or four times before she can get dressed. 9.

- ° Loss of sensation on anterior surface of thighs.
  - Ø Diabetes. A.A.
  - Aching pains in wrists and angles.
  - ° Cramps in legs at night.
  - Ø Bright's disease. A.A.
  - ° Legs much swollen.
  - Ø Bright's disease. A.A.
  - After the attack of debility had passed off, both heels commenced to ache.
  - Weakness and aching in angles, puffiness under the malleoli (cured).
  - Skin thickened at the edges of the feet (cured).
  - Numbness and loss of sensation over the outer and anterior surface of the thighs (cured).
  - Edema of lower extremities (cured).
  - Anesthesia of the limbs (cured).
  - Coldness and numbness of the limbs.
  - Numbness and loss of sensation over outer and anterior surfaces of thighs.
  - Cold hands or feet during headache.
- Fever
- Felt cold all day; sat near the fire, but with no permanent relief.
  - 1 (3).
  - General coldness of body, and finger nails looked blue as if from ague; a heavy shawl did not prevent her from shivering. 1 (4).
  - Was cold, and had forebodings all day. 1 (5).
  - Had a restless night, feet did not get warm the whole night. 1 (6).
  - The natural warmth returned after several weeks.
  - ° Hands and feet generally cold.
  - Ø Sick headache. 6.
  - ° Cold hands and feet.
  - Ø Sick headache. 6,7.
  - ° Coldness and pallor of whole surface of body.
  - Ø Sick headache. 1.
  - ° Now and then chilly sensations; hands cold.
  - Ø Headache from suppressed menses. 8.
  - ° Hands and feet very cold.
  - Ø Sick headache. 10.
  - During last three days of the constipation is constantly
  - \*cold, so that she looked blue, hands and cheeks felt cold as if dead; during day, she wore a shawl and sat near a fire, which failed to warm her; was awakened in night by feeling cold. 2 (3 to 5).
  - Chill following drinking.
  - Two chills during evening; no fever. 3 (4).
  - During evening felt very chilly, and cold inside body as though it were filled with ice. 3 (14).
  - ° Very chilly, and external heat does not relieve her.
  - Ø Sick headache. 9.
  - ° Constant chilliness even when near the fire.

- Ø Sick headache. 11.
  - Constantly cold during the constipation, so that she looked blue; hands and cheeks felt cold as if dead; could not get warm with extra clothing, or by sitting near a hot stove; was awakened at night by the coldness.
  - ° Extremely cold, but no shaking or shivering; could not get warm by extra clothing, nor by sitting near a hot stove.
  - Ø Quininism. 9.
  - ° Fever.
  - Ø Suppressed menses from putting hands in cold water. 9.
  - ° Coldness over whole body.
  - Constipation. 9.
  - ° About 7 or 8 P.M. becomes so sleepy that she cannot resist, and has to lie down; about 9 P.M. a very hot fever comes on; during which she sleeps; the fever continues till near morning, when she awakes in a profuse sweat which stains the linen yellow, and is very difficult to wash out. 9.
  - Fell asleep after each dose in ten minutes, and woke in an hour in a profuse perspiration. 18.
  - ° Is generally constipated, and when it is most persistent is very chilly and cannot get warm. 9.
  - ° Temperature 100.
  - Ø Incipient softening of brain. 20.
  - Alternate flashes of heat and cold (no name).
  - Feverishness and thirst (no name).
  - ° In malignant typhoid. A.A.
  - ° Rhazes recommended it in all hectic fevers. A.A.
  - Hot fever 9 P.M. , continues until near morning, wakes in profuse sweat, which stains linen yellow, difficult to wash out.
  - Hectic fever; malignant typhoid.
  - Sensation as if the sheets were damp.
  - Flushes of heat in the head and face, especially the left cheek.
  - Burning sensation in pelvis with sensation of weight.
  - Great internal heat during the nausea.
  - Sweat in the palms of the hands, especially the right.
  - Pulse rapid and feeble.
  - Chilliness.
  - Extreme coldness of the tips of the fingers which looked white.
- Sleep
- ° Feels sleepy all the time, but is much disturbed by unpleasant dreams.
  - Ø After suppressed menses. 8.
  - ° Sleeps but little.
  - Ø Sick headache. 10.
  - Falls asleep while going upstairs or standing up. 4.
  - ° Sleepy all day long. 3.
  - ° At times sleeps for hours during attacks of headache. 9.
  - Most absurd dreams. 12 (1st week).
  - \*Dreamed that he had to go on a journey and was in danger of losing the train. 5 (4th



and 5th nights).

- ° Dreamed that herself and daughter started for the Grand Union Depot, a mile and a half distant, and were told they had only ten minutes to get there; that they ran most of the way, and arrived in time to see the train moving off, and awakened as much fatigued as if it had been a real experience. 9 (This, based upon above symptom, was the keynote of a case cured).

- ° Sleepless, restless at night, from incessant intolerable thirst.

- Ø Diabetes. A.A.

- ° Sleepless at night, and drowsy by day.

- Ø Diabetes, A.A.

- \*No sleep at night, but occasionally slept towards morning.

- Ø Diabetes. A.A.

- ° Almost complete loss of sleep.

- Ø Diabetes. A.A.

- ° Quite nervous and sleepless.

- Ø Incipient softening of brain. 20 Intense sleepiness. A.A.

- Sleepiness well marked for two weeks. A.A.

- Sudden waking, wide awake without cause, soon went to sleep again. (No name).

- Sleeplessness in the first part of the night, little sleep near morning.

- \*Very sleepy all the time, can with difficulty keep awake. (No name).

- Great somnolency. (No name).

- Wakened by a sensation of coldness.

- At times will sleep for hours (cured).

- Great restlessness and extreme and protracted suffering from loss of sleep at night (cured).

Skin

- ° Skin the color of a red rose, with swelling of face, neck, arms, and body generally, in the morning, and during day and evening, no itching or burning.

- Ø Sick headache. 11.

- ° Sensation as if sheets were damp. 9.

- Sensation as if cold air was blowing on her, even when covered up warm. 9.

- ° Parched skin.

- Ø Diabetes. A.A.

- ° Sallow complexion, with eczematous eruption disappeared, leaving a perfectly pure clean spotless skin; she was dyspeptic, but was well after eruption left. A.A.

- ° Wasted, thin, and excessively sallow, with dark stains beneath eyes. A.A.

- Skin became beautifully clear after use of skim milk.

- Itching of both knees at night.

- Itching of the vulva.

- Corn on the right little toe was very painful and sore every morning during the proving.

- A symmetrical patch of herpetic eruption on each side of the neck, itching and burning after scratching, disappeared during the proving (cured).

- Dry, parched skin.

- Numbness and loss of sensation over the outer and anterior surfaces of the thighs.

Nerves

- ||Great lassitude and disinclination to exertion.

- |Great restlessness and extreme and protracted suffering from loss of sleep at night.
- |Feels completely tired out and exhausted, whether she does anything or not; great fatigue from walking.
- |Great loss of strength, commencing with a sharp cutting pain in apex of heart; forehead feels heavy, with a dull sensation over eyes and throbbing, principally in temples, rest of head feels light.

#### Generalities

- Some of the symptoms lasted upwards of six weeks after the cessation of the medicine.
1.
    - ° Formerly slender, became stout after the medicine.
    - Ø Sick headache. 6.
    - ° Feels so tired and languid that she is hardly able to turn over in bed; limbs almost tremble on trying to use them.
    - Ø Headache from suppressed menses. 8.
    - Inclination to lean continually to right side 3 (10).
    - In evening, suddenly felt very sick, could not sit up, no particular pain, but felt weary. 3 (12).
    - In evening at 8 P.M. , the same weak sick feeling came on as on 12th day, but did not last so long, and ceased suddenly. 3 (13).
    - At 8 P.M. , the same symptoms of weakness appeared as on 12th and 13th days. 3 (15).
    - About 7:30 P.M. , feels a tired weary sensation creeping over her, gradually increasing till it results in complete exhaustion, so that it is impossible to stand or sit up; at the same time, head feels very heavy, and falls to right side; she also wants to lie on right side with the body straight; when it commences to pass off, it does so very rapidly in an hour, leaving no disagreeable sensation whatever, but she feels perfectly well and strong. 3 (17 to 26).
    - During the proving, loss of flesh, most marked in the
    - \*shrinkage of the breasts, which have since resumed their natural size and firmness. 3.
    - ° Cannot lie on left side. 3.
    - ° Feels completely tired out and exhausted, whether she does anything or not. 3.
    - ° Faint spells from one to three times a week, at first irregular as to time of day, now coming on at 7:30 P.M. ; can produce an attack any time by extending her arms high above head, or by pressure round waist.
    - ° Great loss of strength; cannot stand, but falls backwards, and remains entirely unconscious for two or three minutes; the weakness gradually passes off in half an hour.
    - Ø Faint spells. 3.
    - ° Sudden prostration of strength at 5 P.M.
    - Ø Sick headache. 11.
    - ° Aching pains all over.
    - Ø Suppressed menses from putting hands in cold water. 9.
    - ° Cannot walk more than one-fourth mile without resting.
    - Ø Diabetes. A.A.
    - ° As soon as she steps on feet in morning, she becomes faint and nauseated, and has to lie down; must lie down three or four times before she can get dressed. 9.
    - ° Languor, lassitude, impaired sensibility.

- Ø Diabetes. A.A.
- ° Loss of energy, and fatigue on exertion; always feeling dull, heavy, and languid.
- Ø Diabetes. A.A.
- ° Coldness and numbness of limbs.
- Ø Diabetes. A.A.
- ° Flabby and inclined to obesity.
- Ø Diabetes. A.A.
- ° Great fatigue on the slightest exertion.
- Ø Diabetes. A.A.
- ° Very stout, with much difficulty in breathing.
- Ø Bright's disease. A.A.
- ° Very anemic.
- Ø Bright's disease, A.A.
- Great lassitude and disinclination to exertion.
- Great fatigue from walking.
- Felt cold and chilly inside of the body, as though it was filled with ice.
- Loss of flesh during the proving, particularly of the breasts, but they resumed their natural size after the proving.
- Great depression of spirits, with strong inclination to cry.
- Twitching of the muscles of the body.
- Occasionally felt extremely nervous.
- Loss of weight in various cases.
- Great loss of strength, commencing with a sharp cutting pain in the apex of the heart, followed by a strange feeling in the head; the forehead feels heavy with a dull sensation over the eyes, and throbbing, principally in the temples rest of the head feels light dimness of vision; can only see light, not objects.
- Loss of strength, falls backward and is unconscious.
- Attack soon passes off, followed by weeping, palpitation of the heart and great depression of spirits.
- Attack can be brought on at any time by raising the hands above the head, or by pressure around the waist.
- In a young girl of 17 whose menses were irregular (cured).
- Indefinable indisposition, not usually associated with local suffering, except a dull aching pain in the lumbar region; Great debility or prostration of muscular power, as well as of nervous energy.
- Fatigued and exhausted after moderate exertion, unable to walk even a short distance without being obliged to take a rest.
- Listlessness and disinclination for either bodily or mental exertion.
- Great restlessness and extreme and protracted suffering from loss of sleep at night.
- Increased emaciation which ultimately becomes extreme.
- Perverse and deficient nutrition.
- Loss of energy.
- Enormous obesity in a lady (cured).
- Ability to walk a long distance without rest or fatigue.
- A woman who could not drink milk without its causing sick headache (cured).
- Recommended by Hippocrates in phthisis, in gouty affections, particularly where the

articulations are involved, also in sciatica and leucorrhoea.

- Considered the best and surest remedy in all dropsies, in asthma when the result of emphysema and pulmonary catarrh, in obstinate neuralgia, when its cause lies in the intestinal canal, in disease of the liver, simple hypertrophy and fatty degeneration, and generally in disease when there is faulty nutrition, often a consequence of obscure subacute inflammation of the stomach or intestines, followed by affections of the nervous centers.

- Found to be a sovereign remedy in dropsical cases, with hypertrophied liver and following intermittent fever.

- Marked improvement had been seen in cases where the dropsy is the result of organic heart disease, or of old standing liver complaint, or of far advanced Bright's disease.

- Noise very annoying.

- Pain commencing across the upper sacral region, passing around either side over the hips down to groins and down thighs inside, sometimes to the feet cured several cases.

- Bell Barnum, age 13, dark hair: For the last year has had severe headache at times, and great pains across the umbilicus; also pains passing down the under side of thighs to the heels.

- Pains in the top of feet as if the bones were broken across the instep.

- These pains in the legs and feet would come on as soon as she stepped upon them in the morning, upon which she would be faint and nauseated and have to lie down.

- Would have to lie down three or four times before she could get dressed (cured).

- Three or four months after the headache returned, and was again cured by Defloratum.

- Judge Martin for years has had a bloating, at times in the epigastric region, and with it he would always have an attack of asthma, so that he could scarcely breathe; then he would have a hard pressive pain at about the fourth cervical vertebra.

- These symptoms were only relieved by taking pills, which would cause a free evacuation of the bowels.

- Was always constipated (cured).

- Caroline Betz, German, aged 18; About 7 or 8 P.M. becomes so sleepy that she cannot resist and has to lie down about 9 P.M.

- A very hot fever comes on during which she sleeps; the fever continues till near morning, when she wakes in a profuse sweat which stains the linen yellow and is very difficult to wash out.

- During the day her back usually feels cold; short dry cough with difficult expectoration of a small lump of mucus, which relieves the cough.

- Irregular menstruation, sometimes very dark and scanty, and sometimes colorless water.

- Pimples on face and forehead.

- Nov. 8, gave Deflor. 1 m.

- Was entirely relieved of all the symptoms after the first dose.

- Nov. 14.

- The menstrual period is not yet due.

- "Sore aching", with some throbbing in the outer side, and partly along the sole of right foot, very excruciating pains coming and going by spells; walking did not seem to affect it.

- This pain would come quite often, perhaps every half hour, last a few moments, then

pass away.

- It gave her a good deal of trouble and caused her to suddenly drop to the floor to hold the foot; she could not stand on the foot during the pain.
- The pain would come on suddenly and go away rather suddenly, but leave the part sore for a short time.
- Lac caninum com. in water, a spoonful every three hours, relieved.
- After the first dose a decided aggravation, pains going more to the sole of the foot, and much more severe.
- Shortly after the second dose there was entire relief.
- She took but two doses and continues entirely free from the trouble.

#### Skin

- Sensation as if an insect was crawling on shoulders and neck, occasionally on both hands.
- Herpetic eruption in both axillae, with light brownish scab, extremely painful when washing; eruption most in right axilla, and in both instances, appeared previous to pain in labia, which was followed by a discharge of blood from vagina.
- Every scratch gets sore.
- Ichthyosis, with branlike desquamation of skin.
- Shining, glazed, and red appearance of ulcers on shin and wrist.
- Crusts on skin, under which greyish-yellow matter formed and was squeezed out.
- Slight roughness of skin of forehead, as of numerous pimples.
- On face, hands, neck and chest, bright scarlet eruption exactly like scarlatina.
- Throat full of large foul, grey yellow patches; deglutition especially painful after sleep and from swallowing fruits (acid); lumpy sensation felt in the middle of the throat; unrest, delirium with undefined fears; considerable bright red, fine eruption on face and chest; itching with dry skin.
- Bright scarlet redness on chest and around neck; next day all over body except legs, which were, however, covered that night; skin in large patches assumed dark red color bordering on purple, as seen in malignant cases, while body seemed swollen.
- Diphtheria with or following scarlatina.
- Ichthyosis, with branlike desquamation of skin.
- Small blotches on chest, wrists and right knee.
- Very small blotches like flea-bites.
- Several boils on left side.
- Crusts on skin, under which greyish-yellow matter formed and was squeezed out.

#### Sleep

- Great desire to sleep.
- Cried out and talked in sleep.
- Cannot find any comfortable position in bed; there is no way that she can put her hands that they do not bother her; falls asleep at last on her face.
- Dreamed a large snake was in bed.
- At night lies with leg flexed on thigh, and thigh on pelvis; restless; aggravated after sleep.
- Symptoms aggravated after sleep.
- Sleeplessness from emotional strain, with entire nervous debility.
- Very restless at night, very difficult to get into a comfortable position; generally goes to

sleep lying on back with hands over head.

- |Sleep disturbed, very wakeful; limbs cold all night.
- ||Sleep prevented by being very cold for one hour after retiring, with great nervousness.
- |Very restless all night, could not keep clothes over her.
- ||Sleepless and crying continually.
- ||Restless sleep at night, bad dreams.
- Got to sleep late; profuse sweat during sleep; felt feverish all night; in morning ameliorated in every way.
- |Dreams frequently that she is urinating, and wakes to find herself on point of doing so, requiring immediate relief.
- ||Dreams of going on a journey, and was separated from party, and had to walk a long distance, and arrived at station just in time to see train start off.
- ||Aggravation of symptoms after sleep.

Fever

- Chilly feeling lasting all day.
- Internal chilliness with external warmth.
- Cold chills run down back, hands as cold as ice (on entering house 4 P.M. ; 6:30 entire ameliorated after a good dinner).
- ||Fever and chills for a few days, and up and down every few hours.
- |Intense fever on waking in morning, with perspiration.
- Dry, hot skin.
- |Exhausting sweats after sleep.
- Wakes at night in cold perspiration, with fearful foreboding.
- Perspired considerably through night, sweat having a rank smell.
- ||Severe chills.
- |Feels feverish.
- ||Fever and bathed in warm perspiration, especially about face, neck and hands.
- ||Intense heat.
- ||Moderate fever.
- ||Fever.
- ||High fever.
- ||Dry, hot skin.
- ||Fever returning every afternoon.
- ||Temperature, 102, 102 3/4, 103, 103 1/4.
- ||Sweat all over.
- ||Skin clammy.
- ||Wakes in night in cold perspiration, with fearful foreboding.
- ||Perspired considerably through night, sweat having a rank smell.
- Feverish in evening.
- Flashes of heat, commencing in chest and extending up over face and head, when she would break out in sweat, which would dry up in a short time; face would become moist first, and become dry first.
- Sensation over whole chest as if dripping with sweat when only slightly moist.

Nerves

- |Restlessness.
- |No inclination for least exertion, would like to do nothing but sleep; much lassitude.

- ||Heaviness, weakness, general languor.
- ||Profound depression of vitality.
- |General weakness and prostration very marked.
- ||Great exhaustion, with "poisoned" feeling.
- ||Profound prostration, to extent of refusing to make effort to take a dose of medicine.
- ||In morning so much prostrated that she could not turn in bed; so tired.
- ||Very weak.
- ||Sinking spells every morning, attended with great nervousness.
- ||Often feels as if she would lose use of limbs.
- ||Child partially paralyzed after diphtheria; could not walk; pain all over, cough, aphonia, loss of appetite, emaciation.
- ||When walking seems to be walking on air; when lying does not seem to touch bed.
- |Suffering from very unpleasant nervous symptoms;
- not in low spirits, but weak, and nerves so thoroughly out of order that she cannot bear one finger to touch the other, and often feels as though she should lose use of her limbs; sensation as if throat were closing, sensation is between throat and nose; feels as if something in throat was either enlarged or relaxed and has a desire to keep mouth open; talking difficult; disposition to talk through nose, sometimes cannot swallow, because there seems to be a kind of muscular contraction in throat; sleep restless, frequently wakes with sick headache, which seems to commence at nape; wakes with severe pain at lower part of back; pain leaves when about work a short time, does not return until next morning; nerves very much overwrought, afraid of being unable to perform duties.
- The prejudice held by many honorable men against the use of this remedy, like that meted to Lachesis because they could not obtain the tincture would soon yield to gratitude for its excellent work if given beside test in some terrible left sided headaches.
- Two remedies in the materia medica excel its eye pathogenesis in symptoms of eye strain, in asthenopia and ciliary neuritis.
- It vies with Onosmodium in affections of eye strain in children and with Spigelia in neuralgias of the left orbit.
- It was introduced and proved by Swan with the 17th, 30th and 200th potencies.
- Its complete pathogenesis was published in the Medical Visitor in Aug., 1893, and in the Homoeopathic World, Vol. 18, p. 151, from which this record is taken.

Lac felinum

[lac felinum (cat's milk)]

Mind

- Great depression of spirits.
- Very cross to every one.
- Fear of falling down stairs, but without vertigo.
- Morbid conscientiousness; every little fault appeared a crime.
- Mental illusion that the corners of furniture, or any pointed object near her, were about to run into eyes; the symptom is purely mental; the objects do not appear to her sight to be too close (asthenopia).

Head

- Dull pain in forehead in region of eyebrows.
- Heaviness in forehead.
- Heavy pressure in sides of head and vertex.

- Pulsations in head, with sensation of heat in forehead, and constriction across bridge of nose.

- Acute pain on vertex.

- Acute pains in frontal region.

- Intense pain early in morning on vertex, and left side of head; it commences just in front of vertex, with a flush of heat which extends front about an inch, and is followed by the intense pain; the heat and pain then spread, never crossing median line, down left side as a veil, taking half the nose and jaws, and entering ear, causing her to close the eyes from its intensity; during the pain, head drawn down so that chin pressed heavily on chest, and her agony was so great that she had to hold the head firmly in her hands, and rush through the house from room to room screaming (from the 17th potency).

- Acute pain over left eye and temple.

- Pain in head aggravated from reading.

- Sharp lancinating pains passing zig-zag down left side of head about every ten minutes from vertex toward left ear.

- Pain commencing with a chilly sensation at root of nose; also a cold pain passing up median line to vertex, and passing up to ear (like the previous symptom).

- Headache over eyes (1).

- Pain in forehead, occiput, and left side of head, with rigidity of cords of neck (splenius and trapezius), and heat in vertex; the pain in forehead is heavy pressing down over eyes (headache).

- Intense pain from head along lower jaw, causing mouth to fill with saliva.

- Crawling on top of brain (asthenopia).

- Weight on vertex (asthenopia).

- Terrible headache penetrating left eyeball to centre of brain, with pain in left supra-orbital region extending through brain to vertex (headache).

- Burning in left temple near eye, aggravated at night (keratitis).

Eye

- Sharp lancinating pain through centre of left eyeball, leaving it very sore internally, and causing profuse lachrymation (from the 1m.).

- Heavy pressure downwards of eyebrows and eyelids, as if the parts were lead.

- Inclination to keep eyes shut.

- Eyes feel as if sunken in head, and left eye occasionally waters.

- Twitching of outer end of left upper lid, inside.

- (Twitching of eyelids right and left ).

- (Ciliary neuralgia).

- Sharp lancinating pain in centre of right eyeball extending externally to temple and frontal region over eye, with intense photophobia, redness of conjunctiva, and lachrymation; aggravated by reading or writing; the pain appears to be in interior of eyeball, and extends thence to posterior wall of orbit, and then to the temples, with throbbing; dim sight when reading; also constipation, loss of appetite, lassitude in legs (choroiditis).

- (Have had great success with it in eye cases esp. where there is severe pain in back of orbit, indicating choroiditis. Swan).

- On looking fixedly, reading, or writing, darting pain from eyes nearly to occiput; much aggravated in right eye (asthenopia).



- When reading letters run together, with dull aching pain behind eyes, or shooting in eyes, the confused sight and shooting being aggravated in right eye; symptoms excited by catching cold or by over-fatigue (asthenopia).
- Pain in eyes, back into head, extremely sharp, with a sensation as if eyes extended back; great photophobia to natural or artificial light; any continued glare results in this pain (improved).
- Darting pain going backwards in centre of right eye, aggravated at night (keratitis).
- If she lies on left side right eye feels as if it were moving about and too heavy, with great pain.
- (Ulceration of cornea).
- Photophobia.
- Left eye feels hot and adheres in morning.
- White spot on outer edge of left cornea, with red vessels running up to it from conjunctiva, and shooting pains from the spot to occiput.
- Pain in right lower orbital border as if sore, with tenderness there on touch, and shooting in right eye.
- Right eye inflamed with shooting backward where the white spot is; left eye also inflamed, but without shooting.
- Stye on left upper lid.
- Two styes on right lower lid.
- Eyes get bad every September.
- Eyes ache by gaslight.
- (Cured in various cases of ulceration of cornea).
- Whitish ulcer in right cornea over pupil; right eyelids red and swollen; lachrymation of right eye.
- Darting pain going backward in centre of right eye, aggravated at night.
- If she lies on left side, right eye feels as if it were moving about and were too heavy, with severe pain.
- With the right eye everything seems in a white fog.
- Photophobia of right eye.
- Always feels weary.
- Mr. E., aged 28, chronic iritis; in the last three years had six attacks alternating in either eye.
- First attack lasted five weeks; intervals between attacks from five to eight months.
- Had been told he was incurable.
- March 26, '88.
- Right eye much inflamed; dull aching pain at night; shooting from right eye to temple and eyebrow; worse between 3 and 5 A.M.
- Sight very hazy.
- Iris looks red.
- A black spot before right eye, moving with the eye when in sunlight.
- Lac felinum cm.
- Gradual and certain improvement, sight less hazy, eye looks clear; sensation of sand in right eye on waking; black specks have disappeared; can read print now. Berridge.
- Right eye inflamed; dull aching pain at night.
- Shooting from right eye to temple and eyebrow, aggravated between 3 and 5 A.M.

- Sight very hazy.
- Iris, red.
- A black spot before right eye, moving with the eye when in sunlight.
- Sensation of sand in right eye on waking.

#### Nose

- Cannot bear the smell of clams, of which she is naturally very fond, and cannot eat them.

#### Teeth

- Pains in all the teeth as the hot pain from head touched them.

#### Mouth

- Sensation as if tongue were scalded by a hot drink.
- Redness under tongue, on gums, and whole buccal cavity.
- Soreness and sensation of ulcers on tongue and roof of mouth.
- The parts of mouth seem to stick together, requiring an injection of air or saliva to separate them.
- Loss of taste.
- Brassy taste in mouth.
- Salivation, tongue enlarged and serrated at edges by teeth.
- Small white ulcers covering tongue and whole buccal cavity.
- Elongation of palate.
- Very sore mouth.
- (Dryness of mouth).

#### Throat

- Tough mucus in pharynx.
- Stringy, tough mucus in pharynx, cannot hawk it up and has to swallow it; when it can be expectorated it is yellow.
- Mucus in pharynx between head and throat is thick, yellow, though, stringy, expectorated with difficulty, and has a sickish sweet taste.
- Posterior wall of pharynx slightly inflamed, with sensation of soreness.

#### Stomach

- No appetite.
- After eating feels swollen; has to take off her dress and loosen clothes.
- Great desire to eat paper.
- Stomach sore all around just below the belt, aggravated left side.
- Occasionally very slight nausea.
- Heat in epigastrium.
- Great soreness and sensitiveness of epigastric region.

#### Abdomen

- Pain in abdomen and back, as if menses about commencing.
- Pain in bowels.
- At midnight, sensation of a cold bandage over lower part of abdomen.
- Great weight and bearing down in pelvis, like falling of the womb, as if she could not walk; aggravated when standing.
- Pain in pelvis through hips on pressure, as when placing arms akimbo.

#### Stool and rectum

- Natural stool, but very slow in passing, at 2 A.M.

- Stool long, tenacious, slipping back when ceasing to strain; seeming inability of rectum to expel its contents.

#### Urinary organs

- Frequent desire to urinate, urine very pale.
- (Obstruction in urinating, has to wait)

#### Female sexual organ

- Leucorrhoea ceased on third and reappeared on fourth day.
- Furious itching of vulva, inside and out; yellow leucorrhoea.
- (Dragging pain in left ovary).

#### Respiratory organs

- Dryness of rim of glottis.

#### Chest

- Very much oppressed for breath, continuing for several days; it is a difficulty in drawing a long breath, or rather that requires the drawing of a long inspiration, for it seems as if the breathing was done by upper part of lungs alone.

#### Upper limbs

- Pain in right side of left wrist when using index finger.

#### Lower limbs

- Left foot feels cold when touched by right foot.
- Legs ache.

#### Sleep

- Dullness, sleepiness, gaping.
- Heavy, profound sleep, not easily awakened.
- Dreamed of earthquakes.

#### Fever

- Cold and heat alternately, each continuing but a short time.

#### Generalities

- Entire right side from crown to sole felt terribly weak, heavy, and distressed, so that it was difficult to walk.

- (Constant nervous trembling, esp. of hands, as in drunkards.)

#### Lac vaccinum

[lac vaccinum (cow's milk)]

#### Description

- Introduced and proved by Dr. J. C. Boardman, of Trenton, New Jersey, who used Swan's 200th.

- Many persons are very intolerant of milk, in whom it produces headache, "biliousness", intestinal flatulence and obstinate constipation.

- These effects of milk were developed in the proving, especially the characteristic headache and constipation, and have been clinically verified.

- It is also well to remember that it develops or aggravates the uric acid diathesis, thus increasing the rheumatic tendency, while the thirst and polyuria should call our attention to it as a remedy to study in diabetes.

- In some highly sensitive women the effect on the function of the sexual organs is pronounced; the menstrual flow being suppressed by putting the hands in cold water; drinking a glass of milk will promptly suppress flow until the next period, mark the idiosyncrasy.

- Burnett remarks as a clinical fact that children who drink much milk after their teeth are fully grown become very liable to colds.

- Like Natrum muriaticum, the potentized remedy will produce its characteristic symptoms, even when the prover is using it in the crude form at the same time.

#### Mind

- General nervousness, with depression of spirits, feeling as though about to hear bad news.

- Mental confusion, lasting a long time after proving.

- Mental prostration, came on so suddenly, was unable to collect her thoughts or write her symptoms.

- Mental confusion, could not express her thoughts.

- Dull, weak, confused, with trembling of whole body.

#### Head

- Vertigo: falls backwards if she closes her eyes.

- A creeping sensation, or screw-like or vertical motion, began over left eye, and continued upwards to vertex, next the same motion or feeling began two inches behind left ear, and likewise went upwards to vertex; also a pressure on vertex, with a sensation of heat when hand was applied (1 h.).

- Sensation like a fire-ball in each temple simultaneously (20 m.).

- All these symptoms passed away except pain on top of head, which feels as though something heavy were laid there, and occasionally a sharp pain simultaneously (3 1/2 h.).

- Woke in morning with an aching pain all over head, most severe in occiput.

- Fullness of head as if too large and heavy.

- Vertigo.

#### Eye

- Dull pain over right eye, and very slight dull feeling over left eye.

- Eyes have a blur, or dimness, or obscurity of sight, off and on for a few moments at a time.

- Blindness of both eyes, which came on three or four times in succession, lasting only a second at a time, then passing entirely away, leaving a pain in each temple, on top of head, left ear, and below left ear in the neck (2 1/2 h.).

#### Ear

- Ears felt stopped up; felt deaf in both ears, although she could hear as before.

#### Mouth

- Had a dirty, yellow-coated tongue, which felt parched.

- Sour taste.

- Acid saliva staining handkerchief yellow.

- Ulcers on tongue, flat, white, sunken; tongue swollen, exceedingly sensitive, covered with white, slimy mucus on the parts not ulcerated; breath extremely fetid; sores extend to inside of cheeks and tonsils; deglutition painful.

#### Throat

- Sensation of plug in throat or larynx.

#### Appetite

- Thirst for cold water in quantities; drank three tumblerfuls during evening.

#### Stomach

- Had a swelling or bloating of stomach (3d d.).

- At 10:30 A.M. sour taste; nausea, but no rising or vomiting (1 h.).
- Contractive, pressing pain in stomach-pit, ameliorated by external pressure.
- Eructations.

#### Abdomen

- Pain proceeding from sternum, extending across abdomen about an inch below umbilicus.
- Constant intolerable flatulence, begins an hour after drinking milk for lunch and lasts all the afternoon.
- Borborygmus, with loud, noisy rumbling (200).

#### Stool

- ||Obstinate constipation; stool hard, dry; in impacted balls; can be passed only with great straining.
- Passage of stinking flatus, in large quantity, which relieves.

#### Urinary organs

- Urine was not increased in morning, but was dark red, without sediment.
- Filled a large iron spoon with the urine and boiled it for twenty minutes; it left quite a mass of albumin, about a quarter of the whole; specific gravity 1030.
- Yesterday the urine turned blue paper red; to-day it turns the red paper blue (13th d.).
- In afternoon was obliged to urinate every fifteen minutes, in large quantity each time; was afraid to go across the street to a store for fear it would overtake me before I could return; it all passed off the same night.
- The density of urine varied during a few days from 1,018 to 1,028, color clear, odorless, acid reaction.
- Frequent discharge of clear urine, nearly colorless, no sediment.

#### Female sexual organ

- White watery leucorrhea; pain in sacrum.
- White, watery leucorrhea; pains in sacrum.
- Drinking a glass of milk will promptly suppress the flow until next menstrual period.
- Menses suppressed, delayed by putting hands in cold water.
- "Nausea of pregnancy with desire for food ameliorated by drinking milk".

#### Respiratory organs

- Sensation of plug in throat or larynx.

#### Chest

- A sharp pain appeared in a spot the size of a shilling on each side of sternum and about middle of chest, with a sense of suffocation.
- Later a burning sensation in same region; Same pain extends across abdomen about five inches lower down (about an inch below umbilicus); it did not seem to involve the bladder; no rumbling or passing of flatus.
- Sharp pains in left lower chest, or in region of lower lobe of left lung; the pain was momentary and did not return (5th d.).
- Sharp pain began in right chest, about three inches below clavicle; it passed upward to top of right shoulder, then down arm and forearm to thumb, and then passed off.

#### Back

- Pains in sacrum.
- Severe, dull, aching pains in lumbar region; prover often exclaims, "Oh, how my back aches!".

### Upper limbs

- Fingers of both hands, esp. when stretched out, tremble and quiver as from extreme weakness.
- A clammy sticky coldness in both hands and both feet simultaneously.
- Sharp pain under left scapula, about three inches down from top; it then passed upwards to top of left shoulder, then down arm and forearm and hand to the four fingers of the left hand, and then passed off.
- Soon afterwards an aching pain was felt in left hip-joint, which soon passed off.

### Lower limbs

- Piercing or lancinating pain in each hip-joint, not severe.
- Aching pain along both thighs on outer side and terminating in both knees.
- Aching pains in both knees like a rheumatic pain; they began simultaneously in both knees, but the right was most severe (5th d.).
- On going up stairs the knees trembled or quivered or were extremely weak, so as to be unable to take a step forwards.
- Aching pains in bones from both hip-joints to both feet simultaneously; also burning sensation in both feet.
- All the joints of the body, esp. knees, feel weak and powerless, as when half drunk.
- Short rheumatic pains in knee and tarsal joints when walking.

### Sleep

- Slept well all night, and woke in morning free from pain (8:30 A.M. ).
- Head feels all over heavy, dull, aching, drowsy, wants to go to sleep.
- Gait is unsteady.
- Must force herself to keep awake.
- Must force herself to keep her eyes open, for if she shuts them she cannot avoid falling backwards and down to the floor.
- In seven hours said she still felt sleepy, and could have fallen asleep in a minute at any time during the whole day.
- General restlessness and bad dreams.
- Dreams of trying to lay out a corpse, etc.

### Fever

- Hands became hot and dry, a decided fever heat of hands.
- Also pain on left side of head, extending from neck to top of head, and a chilling sensation with it.
- A slight fever over the entire body with a moisture in both hands, and aching in legs from thighs to knees, both sides simultaneously.
- Fever at night, followed by profuse sweat all over, the fever was preceded by chilly feeling, commencing at shoulders, and then running up from feet to head; headache.

### Skin

- Brown crusts, having a greasy appearance, especially in corners of mouth, similar to what are called "butter-sores".
- Miss H. took one dose 1m (Fincke).
- It caused frequent profuse discharge of clear urine, no sediment, and nearly colorless.
- White, watery leucorrhoea; pains in sacrum; sensation of plug in throat or larynx; sour taste in mouth; acid saliva staining handkerchief yellow; contractive pressing pain in stomach-pit, relieved by external pressure.

## Generalities

- The pains in chest, abdomen, hips, thighs, and knees were all felt on right and left sides simultaneously.

- She was so suddenly prostrated mentally and bodily that she was unable to collect her thoughts or use a pencil to write her symptoms; I was therefore compelled to witness and ask questions and record them; after the proving was nearly over she said she had so much mental confusion that she could not get mentally clear enough to feel her thoughts or express them; she could only give direct short answers to questions; as for writing her symptoms, she had no physical power to do it.

- In two hours all symptoms subsided gradually, but still there was a general trembling or quivering of whole body as well as the fingers.

- In six and a half hours nearly relieved, except great physical prostration; mind is again normal.

## Lyssinum

[lyssin (hydrophobinum; saliva of a rabid dog)]

### Description

- Introduced and proved by Hering in 1833, fifty years before the crude experiments of Pasteur with the serum.

- The toxic or non-toxic property of animal saliva has long been a question of scientific discussion. Trevinarus found that the human saliva became red by the addition of tincture of iron; and Gmelin discovered that this color was caused by Sulpho-cyanate. The question in dispute appeared to be that Cyanic acid being a poison, Sulpho-cyanate also must be one, and of course its combination with alkalis, and being poisons, they could not be in the saliva.

- Years before this discovery, Oken had declared that "saliva is poison".

- But the discoveries of Liebig and other chemists have demonstrated that Sulpho-cyanic acid is to be found in sheep, dogs and many other animals.

- The experiments of Bernard and others, in Virchow's Archives, 1858, have decided that Sulpho-cyanate of Potash found in saliva of animals, acts as a poison under certain conditions. Bernard considered that it acted only by application to cellular tissue. In this he was, no doubt, in error, being misled by the analogy of the snake poison. But, Weir Mitchell in his "Researches on the Venom of the Rattlesnake," page 34 says, he "could not discover any in the rattlesnake poison, notwithstanding repeated experiments".

- Livingstone, the African explorer, has reported the bite of the lion as poisonous; and the same claim is made in the East Indies regarding the bite of the tiger. From time immemorial it has been known in every country village that the bite of an angry cat is poisonous, and the effects often severe, even fatal. This is also true with the bite of all other animals, human beings included, when in a fit of passion.

- Hering reports a case taken from a French journal in which a healthy farmer, aet. 19, while holding a duck in his lap was bitten on the lip by the angry drake.

- The same day he felt sick, grew rapidly worse, and a few weeks after died.

- He also says, that "after the bite of a dog not rabid difficult healing ulcers will follow".

- It is further known, that after the bite of a rabid dog not only the wounds made by the teeth heal in an unusually short time, but several physicians have observed that even the usual cauterizations are not inclined to inflame, rather more inclined to heal quickly.

- We may take this for a pathognomonic symptom of the slumbering poison of Lyssin;

the same thing is true of leprosy before it breaks out.

- Now comes the work of Pasteur, in 1878, 1879 and 1880: His experiments furnished evidence that the malignant disease, splenic fever, was caused by bacteria.
- An animal inoculated with a few drops of a liquid containing this bacteria, develops the disease with astonishing rapidity and dies within one or two day.
- But, he claims that chickens are an exception to this rule, because when similarly inoculated they remain in perfect health.
- Pasteur's explanation of this strange fact is based on a higher bodily temperature of birds than any other warm blooded animals.
- The temperature of animals most readily affected by splenic fever ranges from 33 to 35 c., while the blood temperature of chickens is from 42 to 43 c degrees.
- Now, by reducing the temperature of the chicken after inoculation, Pasteur found it had died of splenic fever, the same as any other animal.
- Further experiments by Pasteur convinced him that propagation of bacteria is arrested by a temperature of 44 or more degrees.
- These facts called Pasteur's attention to radiate heat as the best local application to prevent the generation of bacteria.
- And the same principle has been applied in domestic practice for the cure of a snakebite by killing a chicken, cutting it open and applying the warm surface to the bitten limb, replacing it as soon as it became cold by another, and in this way it is claimed that on the plains of the West, where the bite of the rattlesnake is so common, that nearly every case has been cured; the 10 degrees of greater heat seemed to be sufficient in the bite of the rattlesnake as well as of the bacteria of splenic fever.
- In June, 1831, Hering published a letter in Stapf's Archives, Vol. 10, which was dated June 18th, 1830, in which he says: "The proving of snake poison might pave the way to the prevention of hydrophobia and variola by the proving of their respective morbid poisons".
- And on page 30, of the same volume, he says: "Same is said of psora".
- It will be remembered that Hering's immortal proving of Lachesis was begun in 1828, and experimented with for three years, when it was finally published.
- Hence the experience which Hering obtained in the proving of the serpent poison was evidently the inspiration for his suggestion that the proving on the healthy of Lyssin, Variolinum, Psorinum and other nosodes would form valuable remedies in the treatment of many of our obstinate diseases.
- Hering no sooner became firmly convinced of the truth of his suggestion than he at once set to work to put it into execution.
- But, the first thing to do was to find a mad dog.
- The opportunity occurred on the 27th of August, 1833, when a German baker invited him to come to his house to examine a dog.
- The following description of his capture of a rabid dog and obtaining the saliva for a proving is taken from a paper by Hering in the North American Journal:
- It was a middle-sized, chestnut-brown terrier, not more than two or three years old, a female, with puppies of two or three months old.
- It had been bitten ten days before (17th August) in the street by a running dog, which was biting all around, and had been killed soon afterwards as mad.
- The owner, in trying to save his terrier, had beaten the strange dog with a stick after it



had killed one of the puppies, and had already taken hold of another.

- The mother, in defending her young ones, had received three bloody wounds.
- She carried the dead one in her mouth from the street home into the yard.
- Since that she was somewhat changed, but continued to nurse the remaining puppies, one of which had received a bite.
- She had been otherwise true to her nature until the previous day (Aug. 26th), when she had commenced snapping and biting her young.
- The master had then suspected her, and kept her in the yard, tied by a rope; and several times she had been biting and trying to loosen herself.
- She soon grew worse and commenced to bite at everything.
- Her voice was entirely altered.
- On the 26th of August, in the evening, she had commenced to howl in a peculiar way and to run against the doors.
- She shook her head a great deal, and scraped the ground with her fore feet; and afterwards turned her head in a strange way.
- She put her mouth into the water placed before her, as if she was trying to swallow but could not.
- When seen on August 27th she was furious; snapping and biting, had a wild look, injected red eyes, frothy saliva around the mouth, and seemed evidently to be in the last stage of the disease.
- An empty flour-barrel was, from behind, put over her; and, in order to make it possible to secure some of the saliva, the barrel was lifted on one side until the dog, in trying to escape, put out her head, between the edge of the barrel and the ground.
- She seemed to be in convulsive motions, as from anger or fury; but while a quill was used to get as much of the saliva as possible out of her mouth and from her teeth (part to be put into milk sugar and part into alcohol), the motions lessened and the dog lay quiet and exhausted, breathing quick and short, with eyes closed.
- While the quill was still held in her mouth, and while the baker had hold of the barrel, the dog suddenly sprang up, snapping and trying to get on to its feet; but the owner prevented its escape.
- After enough had been collected, the dog was allowed to withdraw its head; and by a heavy weight was secured under the barrel.
- After a box had been prepared, the dog was brought into it by means of the rope, and thus transported, with both puppies to my house.
- Next morning the mother was dead, and no permission given by the inmates to make a post mortem.
- Both the young ones were returned to the master; and even the bitten one remained well.
- They were given to inhale in the evening some of the 6th centesimal potency, just prepared.
- Of course, a true Hahnemannian never draws his conclusions, as the slanderers have said: post hoc ergo propter hoc, nor even the equally foolish; it followed, but could not have been caused by it.
- The saliva obtained in the aforesaid way was on the same day triturated; one drop with one hundred grains of milk sugar, and, exactly according to Hahnemann's method, carried to the 3d centesimal; and, by the aid of some water and alcohol, further by alcohol alone,

up to the 6th centesimal and later to the 30th.

- From the tincture of the saliva put in alcohol, some weeks after, one drop was also potentized in the usual way for the purpose of comparative experiments.

- All the rest, collected on split pieces of quill for inoculation, was one night clandestinely taken by the lady of the house and thrown into the fire.

- All this has been related in its particulars as an advice to others, who may have a chance to get saliva from another dog.

- It might be of some use to get it from a male for comparison.

- Symptoms were observed during the hours of trituration, as there had been triturating the Lachesis poison, and they were afterwards corroborated by provings with the lower; the very peculiar feelings of apprehension became so intolerable that the higher were preferred in further provings.

- Nothing was written for publication in the Archives until May, 1834.

- This was printed in the beginning of 1836, Archives, 15, I., p. 33.

- To the provings of Schmid and Behlert were added those of John Redmond Cox, in 1853, when a suggestion was made that, in order to remove the stigma of cowardice in the profession, their shrinking from their first duty of proving remedies on themselves was made in a public meeting.

- Dr. Cox not only offered to prove it on himself, but on his entire family and his friends besides, and furnished us perhaps the best provings that have ever been made of Lyssin; he also furnished the day-books in which the symptoms were recorded.

- Many of the most valuable symptoms were from provings by Hering, on himself, but he was prevented from continuing by the most terrible feelings of apprehension.

- Dr. Knerr made some valuable provings, in 1869, on a woman bitten by a dog in the fleshy part of right arm.

- Dr. Lippe cured an important case in which he was guided by a symptom produced only from bites, but never observed any provings. But Lippe's observation was confirmed by many other good observers. Some symptoms from bites of rabid dogs have been added: Pasteur's method of administration is very different from that employed by homeopaths, but he is working on homeopathic lines in seeking to neutralize a virus in the system by introducing a modification of the same virus.

- His experiments led him to produce the rabic poison in a highly intensified form in the spinal cords of rabbits.

- He then modified its intensity in different degrees by exposure to air for a longer or shorter period.

- Patients who come to the Institute are inoculated first with the least potent, and later with the most potent "vaccin", after which they are pronounced "cured".

- The "cure" is, however, extremely uncertain, as the degree of susceptibility to the poison is unknown in any case, and many hundreds of the patients subjected to the inoculations have died of the disease.

- Pasteur's first method was admitted to be too strong, and was soon modified; a number of patients having died from the inoculations.

- One of these cases was investigated, and the symptoms were sufficiently striking to deserve recording.

- The patient was Arthur Wilde, of Rotherham, aged 29, and I received the account from his mother, who nursed him through his illness.

- He had been bitten severely by a man suffering from hydrophobia, and was persuaded, much against his wish, to go to Pasteur.
- This he did a few days after the bite, returning on October 19, 1886, after undergoing the course.
- On Saturday, October 30th, he complained of a pricking sensation below the ribs in the right side, in the part where the injections had been made.
- Pressure relieved the pain somewhat.
- That evening he vomited and the vomiting continued, and he became very prostrate.
- On Monday the prostration was intense, vomiting continued, restless; skin cool, perspiring; quite conscious.
- The spots where the inoculations were made were dark and livid.
- Twitching occurred every few hours, sometimes more violently than others; most marked on the abdomen.
- From Monday through Tuesday he was making a peculiar loud noise, something like a wagoner driving horse, "bis", "whoo", though he had never had to do with horses.
- He seemed completely helpless.
- On Tuesday night vomiting ceased and he began to froth a great deal.
- Early on Wednesday morning he began to talk thick.
- His breathing, which had been peculiar all through he would hold his breath for a long time when making the noise, and then breathe rapidly for a few breaths became very bad at 3 A.M. on Wednesday.
- He died shortly after 12, having been apparently conscious to the end, though unable to speak for the last hour.
- The frothing had increased up to the time of his death and he seemed to choke with it.
- This case was paralleled by that of Goffi, and attendant at St. Thomas' Hospital, who was bitten by a cat and sent to Pasteur.
- On his return he was taken ill; and his case was at first diagnosed as Landry's paralysis, but finally proved (by experiments made with his spinal cord) to be "paralytic rabies", the result of inoculation.
- It was after the occurrence of these and similar "accidents" that the intensity of the "vaccines" was reduced. Clarke.
- Thus, nearly fifty years after the experiments of Hering with the virus of hydrophobia. Pasteur's work began. But, on account of the crude preparation, like Koch's experiments with Tuberculin, many of Pasteur's cases were fatal. No better illustration can be found in medicine of the scientific accuracy and its successful clinical demonstration than is to be had in the results of the labors of these two men. The homeopathic methods have been demonstrated to be not only accurate and scientific, but safe and efficacious.
- The following case is from El Siglo Medico: Finally swallowing was impossible, restraint had to be used to prevent him biting his nurses in the hospital, when, as a last resource, a piece of Agave was offered to the boy by the doctor in attendance, cut from a hedge of the plant with which the hospital grounds were fenced. To the astonishment of all, the boy reached for it and ate it greedily, almost without chewing. By evening a decrease in the violence of the nervous attacks was manifest, though they remained as frequent as before.
- The improvement was slow but continued. On the fourth day he took some nourishment, but also continued chewing Agave and swallowing the juice.

- On the fifth day he recovered consciousness, but still demanded Agave.
- On the eighth day he said he did not want any more, as "it tasted too bitter and caused a burning in the mouth".
- Fagus: Dread of liquids; profuse salivation; swelling of the mouth; intense frontal headache; trembling; convulsions with periodic spasms; stiffness and coldness; pointing to the same kind of nerve irritation as caused by the poison of rabies.
- Lachesis is closely allied ( aggravated from sun; bluish discoloration of wounds and ulcers; irritability; aggravated from warm, damp air; from touch and a pressure; aggravated after sleep; and Clarke adds, "though the late evolution of Lyssin is in striking contrast with the lightning-like rapidity of the effects of snake venom").

#### Characteristics

- The sight or sound of running water or pouring water aggravates all complaints.
- Lyssophobia; fear of becoming mad; exceedingly apprehensive.
- Bluish discoloration of wounds (Lach.).
- Complaints resulting from abnormal sexual desire (from abstinence, Con.).
- Mental emotion or mortifying news always makes him worse (Gels.).
- Cannot bear heat of sun (Gels., Glon., Lach., Nat.).
- Convulsions: from dazzling or reflected light from water or mirror (Stram.), from even thinking of fluids of any kind; from slightest touch or current of air.
- Headache: from bites of dogs, whether rabid or not; chronic, from mental emotion or exertion; aggravated by noise of running water or bright light.
- Saliva; tough, ropy, viscid, frothy in mouth and throat, with constant spitting (Hydr.).
- Sore throat, constant desire to swallow (Lac c., Mer.).
- Difficulty in swallowing, even spasm of oesophagus from swallowing liquids; gagging when swallowing water.
- Constant desire to urinate on seeing running water (Canth., Sulph.); urine scanty, cloudy, contains sugar.
- Prolapsus uteri; many cases of years' standing cured.
- Leucorrhoea, profuse, running down the legs (Alum., Syph., Tub.).
- Sensitiveness of vagina, rendering coition painful.

#### Relations

- Compare: Agave, Bell, Canth., Fagus, Hyos., Lach., Stram., in hydrophobia.
- Antidote: For overaction of potencies, Agave, Coc., Nux.
- Lyssin antidotes effects of bite of non-rabid animals.
- Agg. stooping; heat of sun; slight touch; draft of air or electric fan; warmth, damp air.
- Lyssin is an analogue of many animal and nearly all the serpent poisons, especially Lachesis and Vipera.
- Compare: Apis, Bell., Gels., Glon., Nat. c., Lach.; heat of sun or summer, Lach.; bluish color of wounds or ulcers; sensitive to pressure or touch; rapid, lightning-like action, Coc., Con., Gels.; symptoms of ascending paralysis; Adren., Bell., Gels., Sol. n. m., paralysis of respiration; Coc., Sanic., bad effects of car, carriage-riding and sea-sickness; Canth., Sulph., desire to urinate on seeing running water; Stram., convulsions from dazzling light; Helon, consciousness of a womb; Hell., Hep., Hyos., hurried speech and drinking; Gels., mortifying news; Agar., Arg. n., Lil., Sep., prolapsus uteri; internal coldness, Camp., Helod., Ver.
- It follows well; Arg. n., Con., Gels., Hyos., Stram., Lach.

- Is followed by: Gels., Nat. c., Nat. m. and serpent poisons.

#### Aggravation

- Sight or sound of water; bright, dazzling light (Stram.); carriage-riding (Coc., Sanic.; better from, Nit. ac.).

#### Amelioration

- Bending head backward, ameliorated pain in neck; heat, hot steam or hot water; warm bathing; cold air ameliorated headache.

#### Mind

- Loses consciousness for a moment.
- Loss of consciousness sometimes at an early stage, but not generally until a short time before death.
- Does not see nor hear persons around him.
- Memory for single words much improved.
- Strange sensation in head, with loss of memory.
- Does not converse as well as usual, but plays chess better; more inclined to reflect than talk; not at all lively.
- Thoughts of something terrible going to happen come into his mind against his will; feels impelled to do reckless things, such as throwing child, which he carries in his arms, through the window, and the like.
- Could not get rid of the indescribable tormenting feeling that something terrible was going to happen to him.
- Fits of abstraction, takes hold of wrong things, often does not know what he wants, says wrong words which have but a remote similarity of sound.
- They appreciate the formidable character of the disease and speak frequently with a remarkable quick and sharp articulation of the impending fatal results.
- During the tranquil intervals responded correctly to questions put to him, recognized those around him, and with a presentiment of impending death begged them to pray for him and not to leave him alone.
- The majority of patients have no adequate conception of real origin of their malady, and affirm in decided terms that the scar is of no significance whatever and causes them no pain.
- Most commonly the mental faculties are in a superior state of excitement, shown by quick perception, amazing acuteness of understanding and rapidity with which they answer questions.
- Is astonished in his dream at the readiness with which he can express himself in elegant Latin.
- It seems to her as if two entirely different trains of thought influenced her at the same time.
- A certain confusion, unsteadiness, weakness of mind.
- It is very difficult for him to think, sometimes impossible.
- Weary and incapable of mental exertion; school tasks, which before had been a pleasure to her, had to be laid aside.
- Range of ideas extremely limited, if left to himself is occupied continuously with the same thing, bringing frequently forward same ideas within a short space of time and always in same manner.
- Dullness and stupidity : at night restlessness.

- During convulsions, mental illusions and hallucinations; in intervals of consciousness mental faculties are retained.
- Believe that they are reduced to their present wretched condition by the instrumentality of those about them.
- Imagine that they are being abused, and energetically defend themselves against attacks and insults, which in reality are products of their own fancy.
- Fancies he is being blown at by several persons, some of whom are not present.
- Raved about the dog that had bitten her; imagined it to be near her and fought as if to drive it away.
- Thinks he is a dog or a bird, and runs up and down chirping and twittering, until he falls down fainting.
- They fancy that they see objects, animals and men that are not present.
- Complains bitterly that a fire has been lighted and that the stove is smoking, although there is no fire; another continually directed a window to be closed, which was not opened.
- Strange notions and apprehensions during pregnancy.
- Slight fits of delirium occur (in advanced state); patients frequently forget their friends and relatives; delirium attended with constant talking.
- Some delirium and illusions; fancied doctors were two young girls who had come in to see her.
- During night delirium aggravated .
- Makes speeches in his delirium; thinks he is a man of great authority.
- Insane ideas enter his head; for instance, to throw a glass of water, which he is carrying in his hand, into some one's face, or to stab his flesh with the knife he is holding, and the like.
- His mania takes a gloomy character.
- Mania spermatica; stallions.
- Inclined to use insulting language, scold his friends, beat and abuse those near him.
- Inclination to be rude and abusive, to bite and strike.
- A kind of savageness in his temper.
- A strong and uncontrollable impulse to do certain acts; to spring at and bite any moving object that came within reach; dog.
- Is continually tempted to bite her pillow at night.
- Deny, with great obstinacy, that they have even been bitten.
- Incessant talking during night.
- Speech, labored, short and pathetic.
- Wrote to doctor: I am waiting with impatience that you give me and my young ones some thing to eat.
- After fainting spell he wrote on paper: I am forsaken by all; even the birds of heaven, they do not look at me, do not feed me if hungry; I hunger with the young ones and am thirsty with their she ones; my nest is made out of dirt, not gotten by my own exertions, but by driving them out of their nests and sitting there with the females and the young.
- Sang more than usual, but involuntarily; she did not feel at all happy or cheerful.
- Goes about house all day singing; moves with greater alacrity and precision than ordinary.
- Sighing; with oppressive breathing; with pain in heart.

- Declares amid violent sobs that she is suffering the torments of hell.
- Lament with greatest anxiety their inability to relieve thirst which afflicts them, and by various contrivances endeavour eagerly to drink.
- Had a good cry before going to bed.
- Weeps bitterly on account of headache.
- Before and after as well as during paroxysms, shrieks or inarticulate sounds expressive of utmost despair.
- During fits, snapping motions of the jaws, of an involuntary and spasmodic character.
- Quiet patients spit into provided vessels, more excited ones discharge saliva upon all sides.
- Biting, snapping, with convulsions.
- Ordered her husband to go away, as she wanted to bite him, and joining act to threat, she bit herself in arm.
- Pieces of carpet put into kennel for dog to lie upon were torn up until they became heaps of loose wool.
- Desperate efforts were made to break chain; dog.
- Break out of their stables furiously and run and jump over ditches and fences.
- Lyssa of sheep.
- He cautioned people around him not to inhale his exhaled air, it was spoiled, stinking like rotten eggs, worse than cholera, and could injure.
- Does not answer questions.
- Disinclination to change position of head; two distinct trains of thought existing at one time in her mind, the idea that she was unable to move her head (when lying down), with the positive conviction that she has only to make up her mind that she will do it to achieve it.
- Not afraid of dogs, but dislikes to see them because their sight renews her fear. (Lyssophobia, after bite by non-rabid dog.)
- Cannot bear to hear others sing, or eat apples.
- Exhilarated, felt as if he had received joyful intelligence.
- Occasionally exhilarated, then again morose, both feelings going off very readily upon conversing.
- Pain in head makes him very uneasy.
- Feels depressed and very weak all day.
- Depressed, as if something would happen.
- An attack of mental depression and indifference quite strange to him; feels as if he could do nothing; if he forces himself he lacks mental power.
- To such as had continual apprehension respecting their safety it appeared a shorter time since bite.
- Feels as if something disagreeable would happen; when thinking the matter over, the feeling passes off.
- He feels as if he had heard unpleasant news, or would soon hear it; until 4 P.M.
- Felt as if she was going to get a fit; at 11 P.M.
- Lyssophobia; fear of becoming mad.
- Feels as if he cannot physically endure his fears much longer, and shall be compelled to go into an insane asylum.
- Lyssophobia.

- |Mary M., aet. 17, had been bitten several years previously by a dog, and reading of several cases of hydrophobia as reported in papers, was found in following condition;
  - crouched in corner of sofa, dark red bloated face, expression of terror in face, eyes glistening, conjunctive injected red; was brought into this condition by endeavouring to take a drink of water, and could not hear water mentioned without a shudder of fear, could not swallow, pulse very high, tongue dry and coated red; Lyssin 200 one dose; she was better next day, but had several slight attacks afterwards, always induced by running of water, but always yielding to remedy; has not had an attack in nearly a year.
  - Felt as if she was going to die; as if she was going to sink away.
  - She has been unable to sleep a wink for several nights; is driven from bed by indescribable anxiety; can but sit and walk or find momentary peace in prayer.
  - Anxiety of mind; restlessness, with great prostration; with pain in heart; with headache; fear of being alone.
  - A musician received a bite from a small pet dog in calf of left leg while walking through a dark entry; the bite was very slight, scarcely wounding skin; the animal was in a healthy condition and remained so; a pain in bitten place kept returning from time to time independently of mind dwelling on it, until it finally grew to a burning which extended through entire body, causing an indescribably strange sensation; in night trembling, and a tormenting fear that he would have hydrophobia; was thirsty and drank water freely; it was two years after the bite when these and the following symptoms appeared, frequent spitting of saliva all through day, only ceasing awhile after taking strong tea in evening; disturbed dreams at night; finally could not partake of food or drink, and complained of pricking stitches under tongue; mental excitement now as all his life, affects him badly; hot vapor relieved burning pain in the bite, and Lyssin 2C. (Jenichen) improved all symptoms rapidly; in three weeks he considered himself cured, and started on a journey.
    - Indecision even in small matters.
    - (I) Ill humor.
    - Fretful, hypochondriac mood in evening.
    - Feels nervous and irritable.
    - Very cross, so much so that his children expressed great surprise; he took offense at veriest trifles, scolding his wife and children, felt wretched, could not concentrate his attention on anything; sullen, does not wish to see or speak to any one.
    - After attacks of fury, evinces great regret at his behaviour, making earnest apologies, warning those about him not to allow him to bite them.
    - Implacable hatred against owners of dog that bit her, with inclination to utter maledictions which, by reason of her careful bringing up and sobriety of her parents, shock her dreadfully.
    - Hypersensitiveness of all the senses.
    - Exalted state of smell, taste and touch, with a feeling of anxiety and a fear of being alone.
    - Everything affects him more powerfully; also tobacco.
    - He knew exactly where his nurses, his doctors and acquaintances were, if at any distance from him.
    - On a watch held to scorbiculum he sees the hour and minute hands.
    - He says he can see hands on dial plate of church clock.



- He could hear what was spoken in next room, and counting coppers in a room below him.
- He knows every one, and answers questions, also is in mesmeric rapport with his physicians.
- Linen dipped in sugar water, put on pit of stomach, gives a sweet taste in mouth.
- Copper, if in his room, makes him restless and full of pain.
- |Felt same rheumatic pain his brother complained of Lyssophobia.
- Before every spell of somnambulism he crowed like a cock.
- Very uneasy; mental disquietude, with headache.
- Driven incessantly about without any definite aim.
- Restlessness, driving him hither and thither, although weak enough to lie down.
- Restlessness and anxiety at praecordia, frequent change of posture and sighing.
- |Restless, constant bleating in a hoarse voice, Lyssa of sheep.
- |Sometimes he could control inclination to stool by a strong effort of will, but effort caused much nervous irritation.
- Showing him a bird, he got frightened and thought it was a mouse.
- Was much frightened during attack, and began to pray; her husband had to sit up with her and hold her hand; did not get entirely over attack until 3 A.M.
- She feels as after watching and great anxiety.
- Unusually exhausted.
- While reading and thinking, headache.
- Worse while reading or writing; headache; aching in lower jaw.
- Severe headache and noseache upon going to bed, after writing all her symptoms.
- |Attacks of nervous headache become awful and insupportable if he hears water run out of a hydrant.
- Pressing headache, aggravated while reading and thinking.
- ||When he hears water poured out, or if he hears it run, or if he sees it, he becomes very irritable, nervous; it causes desire for stool and other ailments.
- The mere sight of a drinking vessel containing water is intolerable; they turn away their faces, shriek out loud, beckon anxiously with hands to have the water removed, for voice and breath fail.
- |Mental emotion always makes him worse.
- Mortifying news affects him very much.
- A certain wildness of humor.
- Disposed to get angry; flying into a passion.
- Every offense she feels very much.
- Excitability prevents sleep.
- |Frequent gaping without being sleepy, most when he has to listen to others.
- Thinking of fluids of any kind, even of blood, brings on convulsions.
- The mere idea of drink, fluids, pouring out fluids, may cause a paroxysm.
- Hyperesthesia, current of air, bright light, sight of any shining object, slightest touch, even conversation in vicinity of patient, may throw him into a most violent agitation and bring on severe convulsions.
- The mere thought of fluids, of drinking, of swallowing, or offer of anything to drink, is sufficient to bring on severe convulsions; the same effect is produced by other sources of irritation, such as a simple breath of air, the attempt to touch the sick, every hurried

approach towards him, the light of shining objects.

- Even the sight of water, or other fluid, or of anything having the least resemblance to it, such as a looking glass or white substance, whereby an occasion will be given for renewal of idea of their former pain, occasions greatest distress and a return of convulsions.

- Such as were afflicted with grief from any cause were much sooner affected with the disease.

- A sudden fright starts convulsions.

- Nose pains from thinking.

- Had no symptoms of disease for four months until after receiving ill usage.

Head

- Peculiar lightness in head; lightness after nausea.

- Singular sensation in vertex, as if he momentarily lost consciousness, but only in that place; or as if a habitual feeling had disappeared from there, it is no fulness, no motion, but it causes a vacillating motion of head; in evening.

- Dizziness: as if something was drawing around in a circle, and as if she could not hold her head straight;

- after lying down, like a shock in upper part of brain; with inclination to fall to right when stooping; towards evening in upper part of head, as if she would fall, while walking; frequent and transient; with dim sight while walking and sitting; and nausea; with cramps in abdomen; temporarily ameliorated by return of diarrhea; aggravated by teaching, spelling, or being obliged to notice letters; after lying down in bed, shock in upper part of brain; dimness of vision on rising from stooping; on rising from chair, staggers; while sitting; on rising, cannot walk straight.

- A slow vacillation or wavering of head, from something being loose in upper part of head.

- Surging towards head is felt inwardly, deep in brain.

- Dullness; of head; in forehead, more to right side; in middle of brain, where it surges; and stupidity at night, with restlessness; amounting to pain in occiput.

- Violent vertigo during morning accompanied by a chill and an intolerable snappish headache.

- Headache: with dizziness, lasting all day; in morning, violent, with vertigo (aggravated by Tabac.); over eyes; in temples; very severe in afternoon; aggravated from writing; ameliorated by cold air; from noon until evening; from 3 to 9 P.M., aggravated from writing, ameliorated by cold air; alternating with hot flushes in face; with shooting pain in upper face; toward noon, with increase of saliva; and sore throat all day; aggravated on seeing water or hearing it run.

- Sensation as if a small leaden ball was rolling about in brain.

- Rush of blood to head;

- while lying down; from chest upward, with toothache; during pregnancy; when rising.

- Throbbing headache in forehead, vertex and occiput, down to neck.

- Burning, surging towards head.

- Pain above left eye before going to bed.

- Pain in a small spot above right eyebrow aggravated while writing.

- Pressing inward, throbbing or drawing above right eye.

- Sharp pain above eyebrows, followed by burning in lids.

- Sharp pain above eyebrows and up nose five minutes after walking, with headache.
- Severe shooting pains in head, above eyes and temples.
- Headache extending into right eye.
- Aching in bones above eyes, particularly right : aggravated by stooping.
- A sensation in forehead as of something moving.
- Dull pain in forehead, with a stupid feeling afternoon and evening.
- Pressing or burning pain in forehead.
- Tearing from middle of forehead towards left side.
- Two P.M. , intense pain in head, extending back of forehead to organ of firmness: soon after the whole top of head and to eyes, lasting all day.
- Dull heavy pain in forehead and sharp pricking in left temple, alternating at times with throbbing and jerking.
- Pressing in vertex and in forehead, particularly when stooping or moving head; afternoon.
- Slight frontal headache in morning on waking, aggravated after rising.
- Passes hand across forehead.
- Maddening outward pressing pain in forehead;
- he presses his head against the wall.
- Pressing pain in forehead and top of head, returns 4 P.M. , seventh day, with uneasiness of mind when reading or thinking.
- Continual dull pain in forehead, principally on left side, with stupefaction, in afternoon and evening.
- Throbbing pain in forehead, vertex and occiput, extending into nape of neck.
- Pressing in forehead, with slight sensation of heat, 6 P.M.
- Headache at times very severe in right temple.
- Severe headache in both temples and above eyes, beginning at 9 A.M. , so unbearable that he cries bitterly; violent jerking in limbs.
- Violent headache from temple to temple.
- Tearing pain; in right temple, from jaw to temple.
- Occasional stitches in right temple.
- Sharp pricking pain in left temple, alternated with throbbing and punching.
- Boring in right temple very short, 5 P.M. ; repeats every other day; but on fourth day in left temple, and in morning when getting awake.
- Beating, throbbing headache; most severe in right temple and above right eye; each bone feels shattered and sore; from temple to temple.
- Violent headache, most in temples and forehead, aggravated during day and from stooping and stirring about.
- Uterine disease.
- Severe pressing pain in left side of head, occasionally boring stitches from without in, later pressing extends to left side of forehead and left orbit; 10 P.M.
- Dull weight, first on left side of head, then on vertex.
- Pressing weight on right parietal bone.
- Dull pricking pain in left side, from head to waist.
- Left side of head is now, and has always been, most severely affected.
- Headache most severe one and a half inches above left ear, in evening.
- Piercing pain in right side of head, with sensation of stiffness, or as if part would

become insensible.

- Woke in morning with a burning, aching headache in left side of head and down neck.
- In vertex; dullness and tensive sensation; stupefied feeling; vertiginous shocks; a peculiar sensation; pressing weight; pressing stinging; right side; pressing shooting; pressing beating; pressing heaviness, right side; strange pulsation; burning surging; throbbing.
- Pressure in upper part of head and forehead; aggravated stooping or moving head; at 4 P.M. , while reading and reflecting, with mental restlessness.
- ||Frequent pressure on vertex, as if a cast, which fitted top of head, was pressing it down.
- Severe headache, extending from behind forehead to organ of firmness, soon after spreading over vertex and to eyes, at 2 P.M. , lasting all day.
- Pressing from forehead to vertex and jaws.
- Pain on top of head and in teeth running into each other.
- Painful pressure, most on upper part of head, aggravated when moving head; later also in forehead, with considerable heat and prostration.
- In occiput: painful dullness; pressure in left side; tearing and stinging as if in bones; aggravated after rising; aching; burning; pain in left side, aggravated during wet weather; dreadful pains running up neck and down spine, aggravated when lying down.
- Sharp pain across eyebrows and up nose, while walking out doors; exceedingly fatigued and weary after a short walk.
- Intolerable headache extending to ends of nose and into teeth; some pressure on head, and for a moment a feeling as of an invisible hammer striking upon back of head (relieved by Tabac.).
- Frequent attacks of headache, in which head, nose and teeth appeared to be soldered together.
- Feeling of tension in head; much pressing pain in head.
- Head feels as if it would split with severe pressure on vertex.
- |Pain as if head would burst.
- At 3 P.M. ; headache very severe; dull heavy pain in head.
- |Afternoon, pain in head; sick headache.
- ||Headaches from bite of dogs, rabid or not.
- In rare cases serous effusion in opaque subarachnoid tissue and lateral ventricle, and also increased adherence of membranes of brain to convolutions.
- All morning severe headache which makes him impatient.
- |At noon slight headache, lasting all day.
- Dull heavy pain in afternoon in head.
- Painful rush of blood to head after moving, turning around, or stooping.
- Unbearable headache for three days making her snappish, harsh and irritable; trifles annoy her: lower jaw feels stiff and aching, hands numb.
- Crying bitterly during headache.
- A peculiar sensation in head all day, as if something drew the head towards shoulders.
- Headache with nausea and sore pain in heart, in afternoon; ameliorated in cold air.
- Pain from mouth up through head and down back of neck.
- ||Burning aching from left side of occiput down neck.
- ||violent headache and backache.

- Painful pressure on top on moving head, with fever and prostration.
- Horrible headache, accompanied by general weariness.
- Headache in bones of skull.
- On top of head, pressing heaviness, same in right parietal bone.
- Tearing and stinging in occiput, as if in bones, aggravated after rising.
- Beating pain in forehead, parietal bone, occiput and nape of neck; ameliorated in neck when bending head backwards.
- Irritable headache, touching head makes it ache; very sensitive scalp.
- Right side of head feels stiff, as if it would become numb.
- Numbness of left side of head.
- Very annoying headache, more outside, near vertex, ameliorated by gentle scratching, or by rubbing, but it must be done by hands of others, thus by a kind of mesmerizing.
- A darting from within outward to scalp, on right side of vertex, followed by itching.
- Itching in locality of acquisitiveness.
- Small pustule, painful when touched, on left frontal eminence, later same on right.
- Hair which is usually dry has become very oily.
- Scalp feels contracted and pinched.

#### Eyes and sight

- Sensitive to light.
- Left eye exceedingly sensitive to light and water.
- |Sight of water : agitation; renews idea of pain; causes convulsions (pregnancy).
- Sparks before eyes.
- Something moves to and fro before eyes while sewing, but always a little farther off the point at which she is looking.
- False vision, dullness of sight, together with dilatation of pupils, sometimes actual blindness.
- Great weakness in eyes, without pain.
- |Since five years could not read longer than a few minutes at a time, when she would see letters double and would read something else than the right words; had tried all sorts of spectacles without benefit, was often ashamed because she could not sign her name properly;
- On looking up eyes are very weak.
- Dimness of vision with vertigo; dizziness when walking and sitting.
- Vision much impaired or absent, lasts twelve hours.
- Vanishing of sight.
- |Could not see or hear.
- Drawing, beating pain over right eye, extending into eyes.
- Aching over eyes, as if in bone, aggravated right side and stooping.
- Pain over right eye pressing inward.
- Pressing sensation in upper part of right orbit.
- Drawing, beating pain over eyes and into balls.
- Throbbing over right eye.
- At 9 P.M. : severe shooting pains in head, over eyes and in temples; also very violent aching pain inside of and all over chest.
- Pain over left eye previous to retiring.
- Sharp pain across eyebrows, afterwards burning in eyelids.

- Pain in small spot over right eyebrow, aggravated writing.
  - Soreness in eyes and above them, pain in forehead.
  - Pressing sensation in orbits.
  - Headache extends into right eye.
  - At 9 P.M. felt a curious stinging pain in left eye extending to forehead, over right eye, painful.
  - Eyes feel very bad, severe pain in them and in all his joints.
  - Eyes ached intensely; feeling of soreness.
  - Burning of eyeballs.
  - Eye draws heat from nape of neck.
  - Itching heat in eyes.
  - If mental anxiety is great, pupils are in some cases dilated, while face and conjunctiva are injected.
  - During period of tranquillity, in last stage, pupils are contracted or of unequal size, eye fixed, strabismus.
  - Pupils were a little dilated and eye had a somewhat wild and restless appearance.
  - Eyes are wild, rolling, staring and livid.
  - Disturbed look, or eyes firm and penetrating.
  - Lachrymal glands evince increased activity.
  - Eyes red and cornea somewhat inflamed.
  - Eyes congested and painful.
  - |Sore eyes and some fever after a bite in nose.
  - Dullness and inflammation of eyes, dogs.
  - |Inflamed, dim, watery, staring eyes, with very much dilated pupils, upper lid drawn up, and diminished sight.
  - Eyes somewhat red and inflamed (cornea).
  - Eyes bloodshot and painful.
  - Eyes slightly red, and occasional stitches in right temple.
  - |Great inflammation in an eye from which gushes foamy pus; pustules around eye, in morning lid puffed up like an eggshell, small pustules on one finger.
  - Dog-bite.
  - Eyelids fly open involuntarily.
  - Pressure in left side, shooting to eyes in evening.
  - Burning in lids.
  - Eyelids feel paralyzed on awaking in morning, and appear to be more firmly closed, as if glued together.
  - ||Swelling of eyelids after bite of dogs.
  - In sheep.
  - ||Extreme ulceration of eye, lids closed and puffed up by pus.
  - In sheep.
- Ears and hearing
- Conversation in vicinity of patient may throw him into a most violent agitation.
  - Ringing of church bells makes him anxious, and causes a sharp, salty taste, with stitches in heart.
  - Water poured into a basin, with splashing noise, caused paroxysm to be reproduced, with convulsion and agitation.

- Sudden noise causes involuntary startings.
  - ||Hearing water poured out in next room makes him very irritable and nervous.
  - On crossing ferry, soon after eating, noise which water made caused unspeakable torture in her back.
  - Convulsions excited by barking of dog, from great sensibility; any other sudden noise, shutting a door or a blast of wind, produce the same.
  - |During his attacks of chronic headache, which come after mental emotion or excessive mental exertion and last a day or two, he cannot bear to hear running water; if hydrant is allowed to run in an adjoining room, or even if water is poured into a basin, his headache increases to an insupportable degree.
  - |After the pain following an evacuation had lessened, and he was sitting at open window, the large street waterplug was opened to cleanse the streets, and as soon as he noticed water running down gutter in front in his house, he was seized with violent pains and had to go at once to the watercloset.
  - Dysentery.
  - |If, during night, or in morning before rising, he heard pouring out of water in next room, he was immediately obliged to rise and have an evacuation.
  - Chronic camp diarrhea.
  - |Hearing water poured out brought on convulsions.
  - Sensation as if blood rushed to right ear, then a pressure as from a dull knife, interiorly and superiorly.
  - Sound as of rushing water in left ear.
  - Buzzing in right ear.
  - Hears various noises in night.
  - Temporary stoppage of right ear; about two hours afterward while thinking upon it, ear commenced aching; pain extends into teeth and through head.
  - Tearing pain from lower jaw into ear.
  - Bending pain in right ear.
  - Shooting stitches in right ear, from without in.
  - In morning, pressing in forehead and drowsiness, with stitches passing inward in both ears.
  - Stinging pressure behind ears; afternoon.
  - Rush of blood to right ear; after pressure like from a dull point.
  - Pressive burning in right external ear.
  - Burning and heat in ear.
  - Earache extends into teeth.
  - Tearing pain a few inches from right ear.
  - Pressing from nape of neck into ear; Above left ear, headache most severe.
  - Pressive burning in right concha, in evening.
  - The ears feel stiff.
  - Ear tickles, after rubbing pain.
  - Itching in a small spot in upper part of both ears, disappears after scratching.
- Nose and smell
- Strong odors may start spasms.
  - During three days her sense of smell, which is always extremely acute, became painfully so, particularly in reference to unpleasant effluvia, action of nostrils extremely

painful.

- The greatest sensibility to smell of tobacco; taste of snuff while box is one foot distant.
- Frequent bleeding from nose; repeatedly some clotted blood in nose.
- Tickling in nasal cavity causes sneezing.
- Itching in nose all day.
- Repeated sneezing, which stops on being interrupted.
- Frequent sneezing, mostly early in morning or late in evening, as if a coryza would begin; also when looking at something bright, and from every little dust.
- Fluid discharge from nose.
- Coryza, with tickling in roof of mouth and in front of nose (relieved by Phosphorus).
- Thick green mucus runs out of nose (horse).
- Pain in nose.
- Sensation of stiffness in nose, in right side of neck, and principally in jaws.
- Nose feels bruised.
- Nose, right neck and side feel very stiff, more about jaws.
- Nose extremely sensitive to touch.
- Headache extends into nose.
- Nose itches all day.

Face

- Jawbones feel quite sore.
- Both jaws feel stiff; tingling in cheek bones.
- Gnawing and crawling sensation in right zygoma.
- Transitory drawing in left side of face, from cheek bone toward nose, as if in muscles, in evening.
- Tearing in right upper jaw extending into ear, same in temple.
- Shooting pains in upper jaw and violent headache.
- Darting pains in right side of face.
- Burning neuralgic pain down left side of face.
- A sensation moves about in right side of face and goes across forehead.
- Slight twitchings in face and hands.
- Quivering in face.
- Facial muscles become variously contorted, countenance changes its aspects frequently.
- Spasmodic affections take place in muscles of face, occasioning violent contortions and most horrid assemblage of features; in muscles moving lower jaw, inducing involuntary gnashing and a grinding of teeth, which some have construed into a desire of biting; during convulsive attack expression of face indicates great anxiety and alarm.
- Disturbed look with dyspnea.
- Expression of face quite variable; reddening countenance often exhibits reflections of utmost mental and physical misery, of most horrible agony.
- Face flushed; complained of his head, said they were running needles into his brain.
- Heat in right side of face and right ear, followed by headache in vertex and forehead; as soon as headache gets ameliorated, heat returns; heat comes from within and spreads from back of neck to ear and into eyes and face, accompanied by constant pain in nape of neck, which increases after heat and headache disappear.
- A feeling of heat and soreness in middle of left cheek.



- Heat in face, with soreness of left cheek, from thinking.
- Heat in right side of face, and particularly in eye, where it causes a tickling; returns after drinking coffee.
- Face sweat; with sensation of heat; with flushes.
- In morning (6 A.M. ), tickling in left cheek.
- Heat and redness of face.
- First heat in right side of face and in ear, then a quiet aching in front of upper part of head; this headache lessens, the heat increases.
- Heat in face in morning, with redness; at times very deep.
- Complexion pallid and cyanotic, and expression stupid.
- Flushes and headache alternately.
- Pale face with squeamishness and nausea.
- Face pale and yellowish, almost brownish.
- Appearance peculiar; skin sallow, pale or anemic; bloated all over, but no "pitting".
- Chronic cramp diarrhea.
- Sensation as if she had been bitten in left side of face near mouth.
- Tickling on left cheek, at 6 A.M.
- The scratches on cheek became red, thirty-three days after bite, and on following day looked quite fresh, as if they had been made only a few hours before, but were a little darker in color than newly made abrasions.
- Pimple on eminence of forehead, painful to touch; later one on right cheek.
- On left cheek near nose, towards eye, a pain, aggravated when touched; a pimple with soreness around.
- Painless hard nodules on cheek, where a pimple seemed to have appeared; on ninth day a little scurf on it and redness; if picked or pricked, a very disagreeable kind of pain, but not violent, is felt in cheek even a distance from nodule, and here and there deep in upper part of jaw; cheeks bluish-red and soft; discharges after the scurf is scratched off, lymph and blood.
- Slow maturing bluish pimples on face.
- Pain in left cheek near nose, from fifth to seventh day; followed by a hard, painless swelling of size of a pea, turned redder on thirtieth day, and became covered with a small scab; on thirty-second day it grew soft and turned bluish-red, particularly around edges; on puncturing, a disagreeable yet not severe pain at some distance from swelling and more inside of cheek; a small quantity of blood and matter was discharged; on fortieth day the place ceased to discharge and healed.
- The jawbones feel sore; aching in lower jaw.
- Violent jerking pains in lower jaw.
- Tearing in right lower and upper jaw up into ear.
- When reading or writing, felt a pain in lower jaw; the longer she read the aggravated it got.
- ° Masseter muscles not affected by spasms.
- During phrenical fits, snapping motions are made with jaw of an involuntary or spasmodic character, bearing some resemblance to motions of biting.
- Attempted to bite her fingers before death.
- Biting snapping with convulsions.
- Jaws feel stiff; crawling in zygomatic arch.

- Lower jaw stiff and painful; with inclination to yawn; with headache; imagines he cannot open mouth.
- Jaws feel sore and stiff; a great disposition to press hand against lower jaw.
- Sensation as if she would have mumps.
- A chilling, biting burning sensation of inner side of right upper lip, as if a corroding acid had touched spot; sensation passes up and back, in a lesser degree, to right nasal cavity, where it produces tickling and sneezing; subsequently increase of saliva; after several hours.
- Lips cracked on inside of middle line.
- Spasms with froth before mouth.
- It seldom happens that froth is observed around outside of mouth.

#### Teeth and gums

- Grinding of teeth.
  - Painful sensation of coldness shoots into teeth, it passes from lower posterior part upward and into jaw.
  - Teeth hurt more on right side, it is a kind of aching dullness.
  - Sensation in right lower jaw, in bone as it were, it shoots into root of a decayed tooth.
  - Shooting pain in right eyetooth, preceded by burning, passing down esophagus. B
- Frequent shooting pain in teeth; all the teeth ache.
- Aching in carious root of a molar.
  - Toothache and other complaints during pregnancy, with internal ebullition of blood from chest to head; head feels as if filled with air to bursting.
  - Teeth very sensitive; feel as if on edge.
  - Headache and earache extend into teeth.
  - Chilling painfulness starts in teeth of right side behind and below in bone of lower maxilla and passes upwards.
  - Neuralgic pain in gums, principally in front.
  - Aching in swollen gums on right side.
  - Drawing in gums, most in front.

#### Taste and tongue

- Food does not have right taste.
- Scrappy taste, with much saliva.
- Bitter taste in morning, on awaking.
- Salt victuals tasted too strongly of salt, other food seemed to lack salt.
- Speech is labored, short and pathetic.
- Difficult, incorrect speech.
- Impediment in his speech, would begin a sentence with difficulty after several fruitless attempts; some palatal vowels he could not pronounce, others but incorrectly.
- A cool feeling on tongue like after peppermint.
- Pain in root of tongue and left side of throat.
- Peculiar pain at root of tongue as if it was swollen.
- Tickling, queer feeling in throat and root of tongue.
- Tongue usually moist and clean; frequently slightly coated, more seldom dry and thickly coated.
- Tongue coated with thin layer of yellowish-white fur.
- Tongue coated with foam.

- Tongue dark red on sides, coated in centre.
- |Tongue large, pale and flabby.
- |Pricking sensation under tongue.
- Ranula returns periodically, with dryness of mouth, aggravated in afternoon, soreness when chewing; with hemorrhoids and constipation.

#### Mouth

- Feeling of coldness, like essence of peppermint.
- Severe pain passing from mouth upward through head and down into neck.
- |Constant sensation of intense dryness of mouth and throat.
- Dryness in mouth: in afternoon; with thirst.
- Sore mouth, feels as if there were lumps in it.
- Much tenacious mucus in mouth and throat.
- |Tough, short frothy phlegm in mouth (horse).
- Frothed at mouth, attempted to spit out with much difficulty (before death).
- Saliva more viscid, constant spitting, feeling of general malaise.
- Saliva runs together in mouth, without occasion; flows back and is swallowed.
- Saliva in back part of mouth like after sugar, or when liquorice is swallowed.
- Mouth full of saliva, total disinclination to drink.
- Great flow of saliva and difficulty in swallowing liquids.
- Accumulation of foaming saliva, with inflammation of throat.
- Saliva more plentiful, but thin and of yellow color.
- Secretion of a thick and frothy saliva, but without any morbid repulsion toward drinks.
- Ejected saliva is frothy, slimy and ropy.
- Much tenacious saliva, with sore throat.
- |Large quantities of tough saliva in mouth, with constant spitting.
- Saliva is not ejected, but runs from open mouth.
- Quantities of saliva are collected in and about mouth; presents a frothy appearance; patient is constantly endeavoring to get rid of it by wiping it with a handkerchief, or spitting it out with great force.
- |Spits all the time small quantities of a frothy saliva; with pain in limbs.
- ||Frequent spitting.
- |At 10 A.M. began to spit a great deal, continuing all day till supper.
- |Dark, coffee-colored fluid oozed from mouth (before death).
- Much mucus in throat and nose; hanging in posterior nares.
- Scraping sensation on palate where cool sensation had been, slight coughing does not reach spot, hemming and hawking does occasionally.
- Fauces and pharynx pervaded by an equally diffused purplish scarlet blush, no pain in throat, except when patient attempts to swallow.
- Follicular enlargement is common, involves also pharyngeal follicles and lymphatic glands in neighborhood of jaw; similar swelling upon inner side of epiglottis, pretty firm and characterized by abundance of lymph corpuscles found in gland substance.
- Hyperplasia and recent swelling of tonsils and follicular glands of tongue; flat, roundish swelling at root of tongue, in middle of each one of which was seen dilated opening of a follicle.
- Sensation as if uvula was too long; it is slightly inflamed but not elongated.
- Mucous membrane of pharynx and epiglottis of a deep red color and injected; soft

palate frequently reddened and swollen.

- Entire mucous membrane of mouth and pharynx was of an equally distributed pink without any swelling.

#### Throat

- |Slight redness of palate and throat, with spasm of esophagus and difficult speech.

- |Sore throat, as after swallowing red pepper.

- Quite a sore throat, constrictive sensation much aggravated when attempting to swallow liquids, which he could not do without pain; solids not painful.

- At 11 A.M. : soreness in throat till noon.

- Sore throat: very severe, all day, in forenoon; ameliorated at 6 P.M. ; after supper (7 P.M. ); not able to swallow without great pain; as if swelled; as if raw; aches; on right side; with headache; with soreness in eyes; with increased tenacious saliva.

- Cooling sensation in esophagus.

- Throat quite sore, headache in both temples, numbness in both arms, slight pain in lumbar region all day.

- Fauces and pharynx as far as one can see are slightly inflamed, there is inclination to swallow, and increase of saliva.

- Painful sore throat, throat much inflamed, headache aggravated , tenacious mucus in mouth and throat; great weakness with aversion to move.

- Inflammation of throat with foamy saliva.

- Violent spasm in throat as if he would suffocate, from 2 P.M. to 9:30 P.M.

- Great heat in throat and about heart.

- Sudden jerks going from esophagus to heart.

- ||Sore throat, constant desire to swallow; much saliva and feeling as if beaten.

- |Periodical spasm of esophagus, continual painful inclination to swallow without being able to swallow anything; constriction is most severe when taking water into mouth, if he tried to swallow it forcibly, he had burning and stinging pain in throat, cough and retching which forced fluid from his mouth; difficult speech.

- |Difficulty in swallowing; particularly fluids.

- Dryness in throat and difficult swallowing, with slight erysipelatous redness in pharynx.

- Stinging sensation when swallowing.

- Sore throat at 2 o'clock; with difficulty in swallowing fluids; felt as if epiglottis was paralyzed.

- Sore throat with great inflammation, could only swallow with difficulty, fluids returned through nose.

- A peculiar sense of constriction in back of throat at 3 P.M. , aggravated at 4 P.M. , could not swallow without pain; disappeared at 6 P.M. , but returned at 7 and lasted until bedtime.

- Sore throat with constriction, particularly when attempting to swallow fluids, which is painful.

- Terrible pain in throat, particularly when swallowing.

- Constant inclination to swallow; or remove phlegm which seems to stick between nose and throat.

- |Constant desire to swallow, painful and ineffectual.

- Some will drink water without difficulty.

- Activity to drink is restored before sudden death.
  - Warm drinks, milk, soups and wine are often more easily taken than water.
  - Imagines that he cannot swallow anything.
  - Difficulty in swallowing can, at first, be overcome by firm resolution.
  - Declared he could not swallow for something in throat that interrupted the passage.
  - Swallowing more difficult at 5 P.M. than in the morning (after Bellad.).
  - Solid food sometimes consumed with great difficulty.
  - Absolute impossibility to swallow anything; whenever attempt is made, attacks of suffocation and spasms of respiratory muscles as well as of muscles of face, neck and rest of body, with great mental disturbance.
  - After some days patient equally abhorred solids as well as fluids; when importuned to eat, he was thrown into convulsions.
  - Any attempt to swallow bread occasioned greatest agony.
  - Often happens that they succeed in drinking after those who were around them have retired, or when attempt is made with closed eyes and with aid of a straw.
  - No disgust for fluids until difficulty in swallowing came on; when fluid touched fauces it seemed at the peril of his life.
  - At 3 P.M. felt a strange constrictive sensation in back part of throat, never experienced before, aggravated at 4 P.M. , could not swallow without great pain; went off at 6 P.M. ; returned in an hour, lasting until 10 P.M.
  - |When taking water into mouth, constriction was greatest.
  - |Periodical spasms of esophagus.
  - Attempt to drink water starts convulsions.
  - |Had difficulty in speaking; a connected sentence could only be uttered after making several fruitless attempts; palatic letters could not be pronounced at all, all were pronounced wrong.
  - At 10 A.M. felt a soreness and suffocation in back of throat.
  - Violent spasms of throat at 2 P.M. , feeling as if he was about to be suffocated; went off at 9 P.M.
  - A ball, as it were, rises from stomach up to throat, seems to threaten suffocation.
  - Sensation of a lump in throat with desire to swallow.
  - A terrible pain in throat all day, and great pain on swallowing.
  - Pain extended upwards from wounded arm toward throat.
  - Stitching sensation when swallowing.
  - Burning stinging in left side of chest, with palpitation in afternoon.
  - |Burning stinging in throat.
  - |Trying to swallow water forcibly, it caused burning and stinging in throat, besides cough and gagging, which forced out contents of mouth.
  - Spasm of throat.
  - Burning down esophagus.
  - Great heat in throat and around heart.
  - |A slight redness of affected parts.
  - Intense and deep-seated inflammation of mucous membrane of mouth, gums, throat and larynx, with smarting pains on swallowing.
  - Feels as if he had swallowed a small quantity of red pepper.
- Appetite, thirst, desires, aversions

- |Appetite good, but digestion deficient; a portion of nearly everything he ate passing bowels in an undigested state.
- Chronic camp diarrhea.
- Voracious appetite; swallowed wheat without chewing.
- Little appetite in morning; want of appetite, headache, depression.
- |Want of appetite.
- Hydrophobia of sheep.
- |Could take no nourishment (with spitting), could not remain at table.
- Symptoms of digestive organs extremely variable; excessive thirst, vomiting, constipation.
- Thirst and disinclination for food.
- |Felt very thirsty and had no aversion to drink, on contrary drank large quantities of water.
- Thirst much increased, complains of burning pains in throat.
- Thirst and desire to drink, but is prevented from doing so by spasmodic constriction of throat, attempts excite most disagreeable sensations, even spasms.
- |Had not been drinking any water for some time, only some hot tea.
- |Drank some strong tea at supper, after which salivation discontinued until 8 P.M. , then commenced again.
- No appetite, except for sour things.
- Called for burnt brandy and drank it; next day a strong rising in his stomach and an impossibility to drink.
- |Excessive desire for salt.
- First days, smoking unpleasant; after first week, a crazy, insatiable desire to smoke, he does not allow pipe to cool.
- Picked up bits of cotton and shreds of cloth; bits of chips and coal were devoured whenever getting near; anything that was within reach and could be grasped by the jaws was gnawed away very quickly; a dog.
- Urine and feces were frequently devoured as soon as they were voided; a dog.
- |Abnormal cravings during pregnancy.
- ||Aversion to water; imagines he cannot swallow; says he is thirsty, but cannot look at water or hear it poured out.
- |Aversion to water of place he arrived at.
- |Aversion to drinking water, but can take small quantities of chocolate.
- Aversion to fluids; great sensitiveness to every breath of air and reflection of light.
- Since bite she has frightful aversion to water; at first she could wash herself by dint of great self-control, but later not at all.
- Wine tasted poorly and affected him more than usual.
- Aversion to fat food and drink; there remains a long greasy aftertaste, aggravated after mutton.

#### Eating and drinking

- Before dinner a very strange sensation, a strangeness of whole body.
- Warm drinks, such as milk, soups and wine, are more easily taken than water.
- Inability to take solid food, or else it is consumed with greatest difficulty.
- At times ability to drink is restored before death.
- After supper, 7 P.M. , feels aggravated , less sore throat, no difficulty in swallowing.

- After eating; all cooling, burning, wavelike sensation disappear, also congestion; pressing inward in epigastrium; lasciviousness with sexual excitement; lewdness with a sensation of weakness in parts, but inclined to an emission of semen; increased lassitude and drowsiness, slept an hour without making it any better.

- After meals very ill disposed, every noise irritates him; if others eat apples, or hawk, or blow their noses, it brings him beside himself; passes away after siesta and coffee.

- After dinner and in evening disinclined to think.

- After supper: pressing in spleen.

- Nausea after eating eggs or fat food.

- After coffee: more frequent beating of pulse; heat in face.

- Tobacco affected him more than usual.

Hiccough, belching, nausea and vomiting

- Squeamish sensation; a want of appetite in evening, followed by great lightness of head.

- Nausea: with giddiness, headache and pale face; with pale face after diarrhea; food does not taste right; and loss of appetite in evening; at 10 to 11 P.M.

- Hiccoughing.

- Continual belching of wind; convulsive eructations.

- Belching in afternoon: sour, in afternoon.

- Gagging when he forcibly attempts to swallow water, forces it out of his mouth.

- Rising of bile into throat during day, at same time an unusual quantity of tenacious saliva in mouth and throat.

- Nausea and vomiting, after diarrhea.

- Vomiting: of food; of fluid while drinking, followed by faintness; of what was eaten at supper, at night in sleep.

- Nausea and vomiting of a foamy, mucous, dark colored substance resembling coffee grounds.

Scrobiculum and stomach

- Pressure in epigastrium after eating.

- Suffocating pain at pit of stomach.

- Distress in epigastrium and praecordial region with dyspnea.

- In epigastric region sensation half coldish, half burning.

- Pain in epigastric region, deep in, as if in or behind duodenum.

- Aching, with coldness in stomach.

- A cooling pain in stomach, with here and there a sharp and pointed pressure.

- A sensation of motion in stomach.

- Loud gurgling in left side of stomach, becomes more continuous like water from a bottle.

- A loud cooing noise in stomach, to left, and after a while repeated as a quick croaking.

- Great oppression in stomach, has to open her clothes.

- A slightly hot, quiet, aching sensation below chest, sometimes lower down, often in entire abdomen, as if in intestines.

- Stomach empty, or may contain a dark, opaque substance, frequently resembling coffee grounds; in mucous membrane of stomach and intestines, decided injection of blood-vessels; upon former frequently hemorrhagic erosions.

Hypochondria

- A pressing pain: in right side, near last ribs, with breathing; in hypochondria, after quick walking.
- Shooting in right side of abdomen.
- Pain in region of liver and right kidney.
- Pain from within outward in right side.
- Fatty degeneration of liver.
- In upper part of abdomen, left side (region of stomach and spleen), a continued gnawing pressure in forenoon.
- Aching from below waist to feet.
- Pain in left side at 8 A.M.
- Pressing pain in region of spleen when walking fast.
- Painful throbbing as if an abscess was forming in region of spleen, but very deep in, exact locality is half way between median line and outline of left side; it lasted eight days; with it departed remnant of a similar affection in this locality, against which eleven years of allopathic treatment had proved of no avail.
- Under mamma hot sensation, quietly aching, sometimes same lower down or in whole of abdomen, as if in intestine.
- Tearing from left hypochondriac region to right.

#### Abdomen

- A rending pain across abdomen from left to right, in evening when in bed.
- Pain in right side of abdomen proceeding from uterus.
- Pain down left side of abdomen.
- Pressing in abdomen.
- A drawing in abdomen below navel.
- Cramp in lower part of abdomen.
- Painful sensation deep in upper portion of abdomen, as if behind duodenum; in forenoon.
- Colicky pain in abdomen; when it subsides stinging in small of back.
- Severe bellyache, lasting an hour, awoke from sleep at 11 : 30.
- Violent bellyache.
- Sticking: in right side of abdomen, when taking a breath; in abdomen above hip; with feeling of motion in lower part of abdomen.
- Stitches: in right side of abdomen; in belly, an inch from crista ilea.
- Shooting in abdomen.
- A sense of motion, with slight stinging in middle of abdomen.
- A burning, waving and surging, proceeding from abdomen, spreads through entire chest to head.
- After cooling sensation and scratching in esophagus had subsided, there appeared a half cooling, half burning sensation in entire upper part of abdomen.
- General soreness in whole of lower abdomen.
- Distension of abdomen; every evening.
- Rigidity of muscles of abdomen.
- From both loins a drawing downward, followed by cramps in lower abdomen.
- Aching: in loins; into back; down to feet.
- Dull pressing pain above right inguinal region on a defined place.
- Pain in right groin, with some swelling.



- Drawing, dragging pain in groins; heavy, bruised feeling in thighs.
- Drawing from groins downward, then cramps in abdomen, accompanied by dizziness.
- Aching from groins to feet, in evening.
- Pain in both groins; in right, two small kernels under skin, very painful.
- Inguinal glands very much swollen, they pain for two hours.

#### Stool and rectum

- |Tenesmus during and after stool.
  - ||Dysenteric stools with tenesmus; renewed as soon as he hears or sees water run.
  - |When in morning some water was poured out from pitcher into basin, pain and desire to stool returned.
  - Dysentery.
  - |When he sees or hears running water, violent pain and tenesmus return; in a case of dysentery in Summer, of six weeks' standing, in which stools were most frequent in night, consisted of bloody mucus and were followed by pains in rectum and small of back, which forced patient to walk about in spite of great weakness; could neither stand nor lie down; had drunk no water whole time, only hot tea occasionally.
  - |Stools watery and profuse, with severe pains in lower bowels; frequently of stools not uniform, some days five or six, others fifteen or twenty, usually more frequent in morning.
  - Chronic camp diarrhea.
  - Diarrhea: with much pain, most during day, eighteen hours after dose, lasting twenty-four hours, with pain in lower part of bowels; aggravated in morning; followed by nausea as if she would have to vomit; attended with violent pains early in morning; after stitches in side.
  - |Chronic diarrhea contracted in Southern camps.
  - Difficult passage of flatus as if anus resisted expulsion.
  - ||Stools of bloody mucus.
  - Involuntary stools.
  - |Straining to evacuate, causing a violent pain in small of back and in rectum, afterwards compelling him to walk about although weak.
  - Bowels constipated; stool very dark in color.
  - Stools became dark and thickish in appearance, mingled with shreds of wool or cotton, bits of wood and coal that had been swallowed; a dog.
  - Passage of bright red blood from anus, with terrible burning and pricking in it as from thorns.
  - Difficult stool, piles protrude.
  - Hemorrhoidal troubles, passes blood from anus during catamenia.
  - Throbbing in anus externally.
  - Darting into anus causes contraction.
- #### Urinary organs
- Dull pressure in region of left kidney.
  - Flying pains increase, seize urinary organs; create a difficulty and heat in discharging urine.
  - Some pain about neck of bladder in evening.
  - A cooling, burning, congested feeling in region of bladder, in evening.
  - Profuse watery urine, in evening.

- In morning and evening urine is yellowish-brown, turbid and diminished in quantity; reddish sediment.
- Urine dark, brownish, with whitish sediment, visible when urinating upon snow.
- Brighter colored urine and in larger quantities, but not more frequent.
- Urine scanty or muddy, often of a dull, greenish-yellow color; dog; A whitish-yellow sediment in urine.
- Urine scanty, no albumin; dark, cloudy, frequently contains sugar, evidently the result of lesions in medulla oblongata.
- |Urine too scanty and high colored.
- Urging to urinate after a slight accumulation.
- |Constant desire to urinate on seeing running water; urinates a little at a time.
- Tickling burning in urethra near orifice after urinating.
- After passing feces and urine there is an urging to urinate again, it moves slowly several times from above downward without succeeding in passing a drop.
- Prostatic juice passes after urinating.
- Since fourteenth day after bite says she has passed no water; passes daily from time to time a little dark blood from uterus, differing in quantity and quality from menstrual flow.
- If he passes but a small quantity of urine his sense of weakness is increased; weakness after urinating as if he passed his strength away.

#### Male sexual organs

- Inclined to lascivious ideas, although there is not much sexual desire.
- Lasciviousness: after eating, with feeling of weakness in parts; with erections in afternoon.
- Erections with but little desire.
- |Strong erections, without sexual excitement or thoughts, in evening while undressing in cold room.
- Sexual indifference with erections, even during act of coition, which is perfectly performed.
- |Increased sexual desire.
- (Dropsy of spine with sheep.
- Hydrophobia of sheep).
- Priapism, with frequent seminal emissions.
- |Satyriasis in a stallion; hot breath streamed from nostrils.
- Insufficient seminal discharge.
- |Semen is discharging too late or not at all during coition.
- During a very strong and warm embrace excitement diminished at its height, and there followed no emission.
- No emission during coition, but afterwards semen escaped unconsciously in sleep.
- A seminal emission with dreams, quite unusual.
- Without being preceded by an erection there is a discharge of prostatic fluid, smelling salty and musty; the glans penis is dry.
- Feeling of weakness around and in sexual parts.
- After coition with difficult and tardy emission, there is a sensation of emptiness and discomfort in parts, lasting all of next day.
- Painful urging in penis, as after excessive coition, accompanied by lasciviousness.
- Itching and burning on corona glandis, with tickling and discharge of greenish pus, in

afternoon.

- Glans in dry and sticks to foreskin.
- Burning and tenesmus as if in prostatic gland and in urethra; in afternoon.
- Itching on os pubis, left side, extending to root of penis.
- Increased peristaltic motion of scrotum, all afternoon and evening; motion of testicles also increased.
- Scrotum tightly drawn up for two or three weeks.
- Hanging down of scrotum on eighth day, while before and after it was contracted.
- Painful sensation in testicles.
- Pain in testicles on day after an embrace, particularly felt towards noon and first afternoon hours.
- |Hydrocele.
- |Atrophy of testicles; testicles diminish in size, first left then right.
- ||Complaints resulting from abnormal sexual desire.

Female sexual organ

- Aphrodisiac sense deficient.
- Pain extending from uterus into breast and right side of abdomen.
- |Insatiable heat; with cows.
- Pain in left ovarian region, uneasiness there.
- Bearing down in uterine region.
- Sharp pain in uterus shooting down to labia.
- Occasional acute pain in and below uterus; at times a violent shooting pain in left of vagina, extending upward, so severe as almost to cause her to scream.
- Increase of uterine sensitiveness, conscious of having a womb.
- |With a painful sensitiveness of womb, slight degree of prolapsus, so that after any considerable effort there would be a strong conviction that it was prolapsed.
- |Considerable pain in lower part of back, with a soreness felt through pubic region, which was clearly proved to be in neck of womb by an increase of pain from pressing finger on neck; principally at point where finger came in contact with womb.
- |Womb high up in abdomen, enlarged in fundus.
- |Abrasion about os tincae (treated with caustic) some tumefaction of cervix and walls of vagina remained, showing a low degree of inflammation.
- |Speculum showed os tincae of size of a small goose quill, smooth and normal, except that there was a string of bloody mucus of size of os hanging from it, so tough and viscid that it was difficult to wipe it away with a sponge.
- |Swelling of womb in all its parts, extending somewhat into vagina.
- Prolapsus.
- |Bright redness of vaginal portion of womb.
- |After menses found that prolapsus uterus, a case considered incurable, was in its proper position, and continued so after an interval of two months, though she has done much to test the cure, lifting a heavy child in and out of bed at night, when she was necessarily without her supporter.
- |Prolapsus uteri of seven years' standing.
- |Metritis, prolapsus or induration of uterus; in cows.
- A girl, aet. 14, and another aet. 21 took the 30th after their catamenia had ceased for the three days, next day it reappeared.

- Catamenia appeared (after a few globules of 30th) two weeks before time, and very copious.

- |Menstruation, with hemorrhoids, pulsations in anus and weakness of back.
- |Menses rather frequent, protracted, dark, and at times fetid.
- |During interval of menses "a show" that seemed quite obstinate.
- |Anemia in consequence of disturbed sexual function.
- Continual discharge of offensive mucus from uterus for several months.
- White discharge like leucorrhoea, which weakened her; never had leucorrhoea.
- Slimy leucorrhoea.
- |Severe leucorrhoea, with pains in back and lower part of bowels; sore vagina.
- ||Sensitiveness of vagina rendering coition quite painful.
- |Menses too profuse, at times a little too frequent.
- Discharge of blood from rectum during menses.
- |Weakness in back, with copious catamenia.
- |Tearing, followed by pressing downward, could not make a hard step during catamenia.

Pregnancy, parturition, lactation

- ||During pregnancy: strange notions, desires or cravings; rush of blood from chest upward; toothache, backache and other complaints; great sense of bearing down; intense pain from inflammation of os and cervix (formerly treated with Caustic.); great soreness in lower part of back and bowels.

- |All changes of position that tilt or rotate to a moderate extent the os uteri cause much pain.

- |Spasms excited whenever she attempts to drink water, or if she hears it poured from one vessel into another; sight or sound of water affects unpleasantly, even though desiring water.

- |Since childbirth more pain with coition and a dislike to it.

- |Since cessation of lochia a severe leucorrhoea; pain in back and lower part of bowels; soreness of vagina.

- Both breasts swollen when waking in morning, she can hardly get up; three mornings in succession; same swelling of breasts at night when opening her dress.

Voice and larynx, trachea and bronchia

- Voice altered in tone; tones much suppressed; hoarse; rough; harsh and weak (last stage); shrill, inarticulate sounds; shrill sounds of utmost despair, or occasioned by violent expirations; very shrill and piercing bark, changing near its termination into a distressing, continuous howl (dogs).

- Epiglottis crisp and dry.

- Inflammation or redness in superior part of trachea.

- |Pain next to larynx, on right side, felt on turning neck and on pressure.

Respiration

- The breath is hot: sulphurous.

- Hot breath streams from nostrils, Satyriasis in a stallion.

- On inspiring: a cooling sensation; stinging on left side.

- Can scarcely speak from weakness.

- Weakness of chest; tired from talking or reading.

- When breathing, stitches in right side of abdomen.

- Breathing accelerated or rattling in last stage.
- Asthmatic sensation, air going through larynx makes a kind of wheezing.
- Sighing and groaning respiration, may be occasioned by violent expiration.
- Frequent sighing and sobbing.
- A general feeling of discomfort in chest forces him to deep breathing or to emit sighs, which alleviate.
- ||Sighing with pain in heart.
- Now and then he has to take a deep breath, with coldish feeling far back and deep in throat, followed by great relief.
- At 9 A.M. suffocating feeling in chest, had to sigh several times, lasting till 10:30 P.M., when he fell asleep.
- Breathing laborious and difficult, quickly repeated, and attended with a constant and peculiar kind of hawking, in order to expel breath, which has been taken for an imitation of bark of a dog.
- |Dyspnea: with flatulency, cough and rattling in chest; with sighing, groaning respiration; from cardiac pain; aggravated lying down.
- Constriction about breast and difficulty in breathing become so extreme, that on a blast of air blowing on them they are seized with greatest distress, cover their mouths, seem ready to expire, as if struggling for breath.
- On attempting, at request, to drink a little water; a violent spasm of muscles of neck and throat came on, preceded by a deep sigh or gasp, as if she might just have plunged into cold water.
- Difficult breathing and spasmodic sensation in trachea.
- Suffocative spasm in throat.
- Convulsive breathing and spasm in muscles of throat, either come together or breathing precedes throat spasms.
- The convulsive breathings during paroxysms are very similar to those produced by a sudden cold water bath, and are always combined with spasms in throat muscles.
- Oppression in breathing before a severe suffocative attack occurs, induced by spasmodic constrictions of respiratory muscles, combined with spasmodic, alarming constriction of pharynx.
- breathing during paroxysm gasping, irregular and usually quite rapid, often with decided dyspnea.

#### Cough

- Barking like a dog, with a sort of noisy cough; headache.
- |Cough when attempting to swallow water forcibly, forces it out of mouth.
- |Cough and gagging.

#### Inner chest and lungs

- Chest and abdomen feel expanded; expanding chest seems to invigorate him, though usually it fatigues.
- Pressing in chest; between tenth and eleventh ribs, right side.
- Rheumatic pain across chest when drawing her breath.
- Pain as if in nerves, from side of chest up to throat.
- Cramplike pain and stitches in left side followed by diarrhea and afterwards nausea and inclination to vomit.
- Pinching pain: at fourth rib on right side.

- Stinging in lower part of chest.
- Stitches under left mamma, going towards left.
- Shooting between left mamma and last ribs.
- Shooting, flying pains through left chest.
- Burning, surging through chest.
- Burning stinging in left side of chest when taking a deep breath.
- Burning like heartburn in right side of back, in region where ribs bed.
- Blood mounts from chest to head.
- Extending to chest, pain in uterus.
- Great weakness in chest, particularly when walking and reading aloud, chest feels fatigued; some deep pain in left side.
- Upon pleura is often seen a soaplike deposit, as in case of cholera.
- |Gangrene of lungs, caused by pneumonia and sexual excitement.
- Satyriasis in stallion;

#### Heart, pulse and circulation

- Pain in left chest on a small spot in region of heart; more backward and to left in chest.
- Dull pain in heart all day, with a pinching pain about fourth rib, right side.
- Constant pain in lower part of heart.
- A very strange and unusual feeling in heart, something like bands compressing it, in middle of chest and, as if needles were sticking in it, a dull kind of stitching pain, very painful, alarming and disagreeable.
- Pain in heart entirely gone, but every two or three hours has a twitch there.
- Painful shock or jerk from lower or hind part of esophagus to heart and front chest.
- At 7 P.M. , slight, dull shooting pain in heart, lasting till he went to sleep at 10:30 P.M.
- Considerable pain in heart, and a corresponding pain in right side; a severe sticking and shooting pain, producing shortness of breath and sighing.
- At 11 A.M. two or three stitches of a shooting kind in heart, lasting a few minutes.
- Stitches in and around heart.
- Pricking sticking pain in heart.
- Stinging, sharp pain in heart.
- Sticking pains at intervals in heart.
- Sharp, shooting pains in region of heart, lasting four hours.
- At 9 P.M. , violent pain of a sticking character in heart and to left of it.
- Stitches in heart from ringing of church bells.
- |Stitches in heart, more while walking; they would kill him if they continued.
- |heart had for three months not been free from a sticking, drawing, squeezing pain, result of an attack of rheumatism and cold, together with a palpitation and difficulty of breathing;
- Violent pain in heart, as if it would burst or had needles running into it.
- Heat and burning in heart.
- Burning pain around heart and in forehead.
- Pain in heart; with headache; with sore throat and heaviness in legs.
- Sensation going from heart through to back, with sinking.
- |Pain in cardiac region, to which he is subject, is aggravated half an hour after, but much ameliorated in several days.
- While writing, a burning ebullition and gurgling from upper part of abdomen through

chest and head, at first followed by a pain in ear; now a pressing stinging in inner upper vertex to right; as if a hot, wavelike stream was moving on and spreading outward, but not extending to spine or limbs.

- Heart palpitated violently and felt as if it was coming up into throat; drank several mouthfuls of water, which relieved.
- Palpitation causes anxiety.
- Feels beating of pulse through whole body, and from time to time like a slow rising wave through throat into head, followed by a sensation of a momentary rush of blood.
- Pulse: steady, but rather full and hard, about ten beats above normal standard (80); slightly accelerated and hard, being more frequently small than full; quick and irritable; 160; becomes gradually weaker and quicker, especially after paroxysm, 120 to 180; frequently irregular, becoming variable in its rate, and this variation takes place with great rapidity; unequal, some beats stronger, some quickened; weak, quick, intermitting; very small irregular and very rapid (last stage); weak, quick and intermittent (latter period); becomes constantly more rapid and smaller, until at length it is threadlike, and finally no longer can be felt.

#### Outer chest

- The clavicles feel as if they would slip from their sockets; has to place arms akimbo.
- Quivering about sternum.
- Spasmodic tearing under left ribs; at same time it runs to anus, where it causes a constriction; also at same time a tearing between skin and flesh down thigh to knee.
- Pressure: on sternum between mammae; between last ribs on right side.
- Stinging in left breast (between mamma and last ribs).
- Chest as if beaten, in evening.
- Soreness across chest, both breasts swollen; when waking in morning can hardly get up; three mornings in succession.

#### Back

- Constant pain in neck.
- Going to neck: pain from head and from back.
- Pressing in neck and up back of head.
- From neck heat passes to ear and face.
- Pressure and drawing pain in neck.
- A stitch in nape of neck.
- Muscles of neck and breast, frequently entire muscular system, contract spasmodically; With inward heat, pains in neck, aggravated if headache is ameliorated, or heat in right side of face.
- Burning pain in neck.
- Throbbing pain extending into neck.
- Neck feels stiff; right side of neck stiff; muscles felt stiff in morning.
- Tearing, stinging and stiffness in neck.
- Siff neck with rending and shooting.
- Pain in cicatrix and also some stiffness in muscles of neck and throat.
- Pain in muscles of neck and along cervical portion of spinal column.
- From nape of neck of heat draws over right ear into right eye and face, seems to pass from within outward.
- Neck feels stiff, held himself more erect than usual.

- All day difficulty in moving head.
- Stiffness in joints of neck; if she allows her head to hang a while, it is difficult to raise.
- Neck feels more comfortable when, in sneezing, she throws head back.
- Emphysematous swelling of subcutaneous cellular tissue of lower part of neck; may extend along upper portion of breast and into mediastinum.
- Sterno-cleido mastoid muscle on each side stands out like a thick cord; a look of mingled anxiety and terror on countenance.
- Head feels lopsided and as if something was drawing it toward shoulder.
- At 2 P.M. laid down, found his head twisted to left side; under ordinary circumstances would very soon have changed position, but to his surprise found it quite comfortable and feel asleep; woke at 4 P.M. , felt a numbness in left side of head, and flesh of lower part of body looked like goose-flesh.
- As if head was being drawn to shoulders.
- Cramplike pressure under right shoulder-blade and between scapulae.
- In back, near right shoulder-blade, a pressing with heat, draws into nape of neck, thence into muscles of left upper arm.
- At 2 P.M. , severe pain across back between shoulders and waist.
- A pain or ache in and between both shoulders, as if a heavy weight was there, lasting two hours.
- Pressing, running from between shoulders to occiput and across right ear, in morning.
- Below right shoulder-blade a pressure; not pressing from out inward or ameliorated by bending backward.
- Pressure in back, five inches below point of right shoulder, on inch from spine; had same sensation during each of her pregnancies, always on right side, inward from lowest rib to breast bone.
- Stinging: below right shoulder-blade; in cervical vertebra.
- Severe backache all day, and numbness of hands.
- Spine aches; right side of throat sore.
- |Backache and headache.
- Pain in back across hips, lasting all day.
- Pain in back and both groins.
- Burning in back near last ribs, right side, like heartburn.
- Pressing in region of kidneys; dull pressure in region of left.
- At 4 P.M. violent pain in right kidney, lasting an hour.
- Pain from 4 P.M. till evening in both kidneys and across hips, severe and a little burning ameliorated at 9 P.M.
- Back extremely sore; as if beaten, in evening.
- Pains with cutaneous hyperesthesia along vertebral column.
- Could not bear least touch along whole vertebrae; slightest touch produced an irritability akin to convulsions.
- |Sheep turn and wriggle their backs because they cannot bear heat of sun; increased sexual excitement; symptoms pointing to madness; scratching their backs appears to be agreeable to them, as they remain quiet and make a peculiar motion with their mouths, which does not express pain.
- Going to back from heart, sensation with sinking.
- Want of strength in back, must lean against back of chair in sitting.



- Weakness in region of kidneys, loins and sacrum.
- |Great weakness in back, as if it would split and fall apart.
- A sore lameness in back, with some degree of soreness in lower abdomen.
- Pain in lower part of spine severe.
- |Considerable pain in lower part of back, with a soreness left through the public region; pressing finger on neck increased it
- Pressing pain in sacrum, right side; later it moves to middle of back (repeated eight times).
- Shooting through small of back.
- |Disease peculiar to sheep, termed the "gid", dropsy of spine.

#### Upper limbs

- Pain on top of right shoulder joint.
- Pain in left Shoulder joint, as if beaten and paralyzed; lameness in left axilla.
- All day a tearing, then a stinging in left shoulder joint, as if in middle of bone, down arm and into finger; and after getting up from bed, for one hour in right arm, then all day in left.
- At 1 P.M. , slight pain in right shoulder joint; also in head.
- Has a lump in right axilla.
- Rheumatic pain, first in right then in left shoulder.
- Feeling of great weight on shoulders all day.
- Stinging tearing pain in shoulders, passing down through bones of arm to fingers.
- Sudden sharp, darting pain, in bitten hand, extending up arm to shoulders and base of brain.
- Pain down wounded left arm; generally in afternoon and evening, aggravated 10 o'clock.
- Arm aches and is swollen.
- Aching in right arm (the left is bitten); feeling as if weather was going to change.
- Slight twitching in right arm.
- A sting in sore arm once in a while, which makes her start all over (dogbite).
- Felt two shocks down wounded arm as from a galvanic battery, clear to finger ends.
- Cramp in arms.
- The pain up arm was followed by cramps and drawing in back and limbs of bitten side.
- Numbness in right arm at 4 P.M. , lasting till bedtime.
- At 10:30 P.M. , soon after taking last dose, numbness in right arm.
- Weakness in arms.
- Right arm becomes so heavy and inactive that writing is too great an exertion, and he allows arm to drop.
- After some pain in arm (finger had a small wound exposed during dissection of a mad dog, forty days ago), feeling of malaise and fatigue, followed by death.
- In left upper arm, about axilla, pain as if beaten and lame; the same near elbow, several minutes after in wrist; in evening.
- Her arm has felt very sore, although wound is almost healed.
- A cold flush goes down arm as if ice water was being poured upon it.
- Feels a chill strike her right arm when she goes into open air; Burning pain down wounded arm.
- Felt as if fleas were running over right arm.

- Arm itches all over; itching on arms appearing suddenly.
  - Pain in right elbow as if paralyzed, at noon; same at 2 P.M. in left, ameliorated in a horizontal position and when allowing forearm to hang; soon after in left knee.
  - To right of right elbow a black and blue spot.
  - Throbbing pain in right forearm on flexor side.
  - Muscles of forearm, as far as hand, painful when pressed, or taking hold of anything.
  - Blueness in streaks down right forearm.
  - Wrists have felt sometimes as if strained; aggravated in morning.
  - Lame feeling in wrist.
  - At 10 P.M., straining pain in right hand.
  - Soreness in right hand.
  - Quivering in hands.
  - Hand trembles so much he can scarcely write.
  - Trembling of left hand when taking hold of anything or pressing it; muscles hurt most on upper side of forearm down to hand.
  - Trembling of left hand.
  - Right hand numb for a long time, clumsy, stiff.
  - Hands numb with headache.
  - Right hand swollen; The ball of right hand hard, cramped and swollen.
  - After counting copper coin, violent pain in right hand, between third and fourth metacarpal phalanx, in some motions and on pressure.
  - Smarting in palm of right hand.
  - Intense pain in forefinger of left hand.
  - Pain in first joint of right ring finger, as if it was going to gather.
  - Stiffness of fingers and hand.
  - Woke at 5 P.M. with stinging in forepart of right index finger, nail turned quite blue.
- Lower limbs
- A pressive pain in right hip bone, goes from there to middle of sacral bone.
  - Left hip aches in bone.
  - Felt as if hip bones would slip out of their sockets; had to rest with hands on hips to ameliorated the feeling.
  - Something runs round and round several times in flesh, in region of hip, then down leg to knee.
  - Pains in thighs, particularly in anterior portion; as if fatigued, after going up stairs; aggravated after sitting down.
  - Along left sciatic never a dull pain, returning periodically; aggravated when rising from sitting.
  - Pain in anterior part of right thigh, as from a bruise.
  - Twitching in right femur, as if some one was pulling from below; not painful, comes and goes.
  - Cramps in thighs.
  - Biting and itching on thighs.
  - Laming pain inside of left; thigh above knee joint, and extending into it.
  - Tearing pain from middle of anterior portion of right thigh to knee.
  - Tearing in left thigh to knee.
  - Knees ache; tearing, drawing pain.

- Stinging in right knee.
- Knees tremble at every step.
- Laming pain in right knee joint when getting awake in night; next morning same in left knee.
- Aching and heaviness in legs below knee.
- All day a feeling of weight in legs below knee, seemed as if there were several pounds of lead in tibia of each leg.
- Numbness in right leg below knee.
- Pain in all joints of feet, like pressure with a dull point, now here, now there.
- Pain in legs very troublesome, not able to walk.
- Legs feel as if he had rheumatism.
- Pain going down left leg.
- Twitching in legs.
- Legs tired and aching; feel as if beaten, in evening, feel sore and very heavy.
- A pain in legs as if thighs were too heavy, went off at night.
- Right leg falls asleep; after seven hours.
- After sitting awhile, lower limbs go to sleep; prickling sensation.
- Weakness in legs when going up stairs.
- ||Ulcers on legs, with emaciation and coldness, left side; contraction of hamstrings and relaxation of ligaments of ankle joint and flexors of toes.
- A curious feeling in legs, as if calf was heavier than usual.
- Cramp in right calf.
- Cramp in calves of legs at night in bed; aggravated from stretching out limbs.
- Calf of left leg ached as if it had been cramped, after waking.
- |The pain in calf came even when he was not thinking of bite at all; lately much aggravated and quite severe.
- Sharp, biting pain in left ankle.
- Painful lameness in left ankle joint in night while lying in bed.
- Heavy feeling in lower limbs, as if a weight was attached to ankles.
- Pain from heel into thigh.
- After going to bed, intense pain in back of right heel.
- Pain in right heel and in toes of left foot.
- Balls of heels so sore that it is painful to walk.
- |Great swelling in heel of a cow from dogbite; very restless.
- Pain in sole of right foot extending to ankle.
- Lyssophobia.
- Severe pain in right instep; aggravated after being in bed during catamenia; at times extremely painful to move foot; does not pain much when walking upon side of foot; left slightly troubling at times.
- Extending to feet, pain from groins.
- Pain extends from ankle bone to great toe.
- Shooting from fourth toe to foot.
- Some pain in toe next to little toe of left foot; shooting into foot.
- Tearing in first joint of left little toe.
- Toes of both feet troublesome, as if nails were too long and broken; pain in small of back and right temple.

- Each dose he has taken has made him feel as if he was getting corns on every toe, his real corns felt remarkably well and did not pain him at all.
  - Her corns have troubled her but on one occasion since the proving; where she felt as having corns, she had twinges.
  - Pain like rheumatism; shooting and stinging from knees down; stinging in palm of right hand to finger ends, as though she had fallen on it.
  - Aching in knees and shoulders.
  - Shortly after pain in shoulder joint, afternoon third day; pain goes into knee joint of same side.
  - Feeling of pressure on shoulders and weight in legs.
  - Pains or aches in all his limbs; feeling of languor and extreme fatigue.
  - Weight and heaviness of legs and shoulders.
  - Heaviness of limbs.
  - A convulsive trembling of limbs during attacks.
  - When lying in bed, an unusual morbid contraction and tossing about of limbs.
  - Severe twitches in arms and legs, much resembling chorea.
  - Shaking or convulsive trembling of limbs.
  - He felt a severe, bruise-like pain in shoulders, chest, back, arms and legs.
  - All muscles feel bruised in morning, can neither sit nor lie down.
  - Loss of power in limbs; gait unsteady, at times some stiffness of hind legs; dog.
- Rest, position, motion
- Moved quite briskly, though feeling fatigued.
  - After moving, turning, or stooping, feels as if head would burst.
  - Very little exertion wearies him, and he feels quite languid.
  - All day had a disposition to straighten herself up.
  - Had to rest with hands on hips to ameliorated feeling as if hip bones would slip out of their sockets.
  - Horizontal position; pain in elbows ameliorated , also when allowing forearm to hang.
  - Lying down: thinks she is unable to move head; like a shock in upper part of brain; rush of blood to head; pains up neck and down spine; impossible, pain in rectum and small of back; dyspnea; impossible in dysentery; could not sleep.
  - Lying in bed; contraction and tossing about of limbs.
  - Parts on which he lies; burning heat.
  - Does not wish to rise.
  - Can neither sit nor lie; all muscles feel bruised.
  - Sitting: dizziness; must lean back, want of strength in back; pain in thighs aggravated .
  - After sitting awhile: lower limbs go to sleep.
  - On rising from a chair; staggers; cannot walk straight; dull pain along sciatic nerve.
  - When rising: rush of blood to head; tearing stinging in occiput aggravated .
  - Stooping: inclination to fall to right; aching in bones above eyes aggravated ; pressing in vertex and forehead; violent headache aggravated ; painful rush of blood to head; aching over eyes aggravated ; dizzy on right side of head.
  - On rising from stooping: dizziness and dimness of vision.
  - Turning neck: pain in larynx.
  - Bending head backwards: pain in neck ameliorated .
  - If she allows her head to hang awhile it is difficult to raise.

- Throws head back: when sneezing.
- Bending backwards: does not ameliorated pressure below shoulder-blade.
- Standing; pain in rectum and small of back; impossible, dysentery.
- Standing still; on waking, head fixed.
- Change of position: disinclination to change position of head; continual change (dog); that would tilt or rotate os uteri would cause much pain.
- Stretching limbs: cramps in calves.
- Can hardly bend fingers; stiffness.
- Turning around; painful rush of blood to head.
- Taking hold of anything: muscles of forearm painful; trembling of left hand.
- Least motion: all joints cracked.
- Moving: head aggravated pressing in vertex and forehead.
- Aversion to move: great weakness.
- At every step; knees tremble.
- Could not make a hard step: during catamenia.
- Walking: as if she would fall; dizziness, with dim sight; five minutes after, sharp pain above eyebrows and up nose; quickly, causes pressing pain in hypochondria; pain in region of spleen; enforced by terrible pain in rectum and small of back; great weakness in chest; stitches in heart; impossible on account of pain in legs; painful on account of soreness of heel; on side of foot, instep not so painful.
- Going up stairs: pain in thighs; weakness of legs; very weak.
- After a short walk; exceedingly fatigued and weary.
- Stirring about: violent headache aggravated ; painful rush of blood to head.
- Swallowing: difficult, particularly fluids; stinging sensation; causes constriction of throat; causes terrible pain; bread causes greatest agony; stitching sensation.

#### Nerves

- Until dinner time he felt so strangely in his whole body as never before, without being able to define the feeling.
- In all motions of her body and in her looks is expressed a peculiar erethism.
- All things affect him more, tobacco included.
- Irritability; violent agitations.
- |He could neither lie down nor stand up for any length of time.
- Great restlessness, anxiousness, distress; tossing about.
- In afternoon whole body trembles, she can scarcely speak; stinging in one of cervical vertebra; when stooping feels dizzy on right side.
- Afternoon tremulous in whole body and very weak, can hardly talk.
- |Continual trembling sensation through whole body.
- The strange feeling changes during night into a trembling, and he is full of fear.
- Twitching of muscles throughout entire body (last stage).
- Twitching of tendons, with tendency to general convulsions.
- Severe nervous twitches in whole body all day.
- Felt quivery all over.
- If during great restlessness she attempts to sit down and work, she has alternately twitching in arms and legs.
- Nervous twitching, with trembling of right hand.
- Starts now and then.

- Muscular contractions appear with various degrees of intensity, from slightest convulsion to those of most severe and clonic form; frequently tetanic convulsions.
- Spasms of individual muscles, as well as of muscular system in general, clonic, rarely tetanic.
- The spasms have the character of reflexed spasms; their proximate causes are: attempts to swallow; speaking; a current of air; sight or idea of fluids; sight or sound of running water; coming in contact with another person: a bright light; sight of shining objects or of some strange person; a loud noise or strong odors.
- Sensation of convulsive actions in different parts; distress of epigastrium; heaviness of limbs and general prostration; Exertion is frequently succeeded by convulsions.
- ||Attacks returned every few minutes, for five hours, until they were arrested; pain passing down spine to loins and hips, and from thence to knees.
- Convulsions conjoined with an exalted state of sense of smell, taste and touch.
- Spasms of legs and arms, occasionally very severe.
- Clonic convulsions; decided tetanus or trismus not observed; opisthotonos in rare cases.
- In quick succession violent epileptic attacks.
- Spasms so violent that four strong men could hardly hold him and prevent him from hurting himself.
- Every day at 9 P.M. , convulsive startings.
- She struck, snapped and bit at everything and every person.
- Pain commencing in cicatrix of bitten thumb, producing slight spasm, and still greater disposition to snap and bite and to grind teeth, which were entirely beyond his control, causing him to fall on floor.
- Suddenly a severe pain in bitten thumb, after nine days, instantly passing up spine and thence into brain, producing a violent, nervous convulsion for a few moments, with a disposition to snap and bite; passed off in two or three minutes.
- Convulsions came on and lasted for a short time, then perfectly placid for some time before death.
- ||Convulsions daily; rolls head from side to side; winking and rolling eyes; attempts to bite others; pelvis and legs are turned to one side as far as possible.
- Child, aet, 2, after scarlatina.
- Feels as she did when she got up from a nine days' illness; feels so heavy and sore.
- Great debility and disinclination to move about, lasting till 2 P.M. , gradually diminishing.
- Feeling of malaise and debility at 3 P.M. , great disinclination to move.
- Does not wish to rise.
- Very soon a sensation of weakness, a kind of flabby lassitude, like days after great exertion, or after a fever or other disease.
- Great weakness and restlessness, does not know where to turn, would prefer to lie down, but it affects his breathing.
- Such weakness that knees tremble at every step, and she feels as if she would fall.
- Weakness : with sore throat; after urinating; of sexual organs.
- During exhaustion more nimble and active.
- Fatigue and heaviness in legs.
- Great physical relaxation; whole body feels fatigued; tired all over.
- Felt irritable, tired and nervous.

- With numbness of paralytic symptoms the violence of all others increases.
- [At times a singular sensation, a kind of "die away" feeling, quite instantaneous, cannot describe it; seems to extend through heart to back; accompanied with quivering around breast bones and pain in nerves, from left side of chest to throat and left jaw; fluttering about heart.
- Felt stiff and tired; required an effort to draw his breath.
- After singing, suddenly falls down as if dead, with eyes shut face red, quick breathing, pulse 100.
- A stage of general paralysis; an abatement of most distressing symptoms; a freer respiration; a diminution of reflex excitability; less impediment to deglutition; a rapidly increasing debility and prostration before death.

#### Sleep

- Inclination to yawn, with stiffness of lower jaw.
- Felt inclination to gape and stretch.
- Felt drowsy; in afternoon; irresistible drowsiness, 9 P.M.
- Sleepy after a meal, slept one hour without relief.
- Frequent yawning, without sleepiness, particularly when hearing others yawn.
- Did not sleep more than thirty minutes until after 2 A.M.
- Insomnia; sleepless in spite of narcotics.
- Passed most of his nights sleeplessly, walking up and down in despair.
- Lyssophobia.
- Restless night, with stupefaction in head.
- Sleep fitful, position continually changed; dog.
- Excited, cannot sleep.
- Felt as he did some years since, when sitting up with a sick relative three nights out of five, unable to sleep during day from nervous anxiety.
- When lying down could not sleep, eyes open, unless he purposely closed them, when they reopened involuntarily.
- Went to bed at 10:30 P.M. (as usual), could not sleep (a very unusual circumstance); dozed and heard various noises till 3 A.M. , which caused him to get out of bed to ascertain what they were; started frequently; slept soundly from 7 to 8:30 A.M.
- Went to bed at 10 P.M. in great pain all over; woke up at 11:30 P.M.
- with very severe pain in stomach, lasting one hour.
- After 10 P.M. , while in bed, all symptoms more severe.
- Had a restless night, woke repeatedly and felt tired.
- Woke several times at night with pain in wounded arm.
- Starting in sleep, afternoon.
- Has to scratch whole body, and has no sleep for it all night.
- Became more restless night before death.
- Dreams: of influential persons to whom he occupies position of servant or subordinate; of a Latin debate with students of law, astonished at facility and fluency with which he spoke Latin, it being far greater than he was capable of in a waking state; of dogs all the time, but they are different dogs from the one that bit her; of fighting, of high places, of insane asylum, of churches; disagreeable, when she falls asleep, night or day; only in first half hour.
- Jumped up in bed.

- |During night slept but little; was disturbed by disagreeable, disconnected dreams; felt strangely.
- Lysophobia.
- On waking stands perfectly still for a time; head fixed as if gazing at some distant object; a dog.
- Sleepiness when unable to sleep, and sleeplessness when she might otherwise have slept; generally restless at night.
- On waking is morose, inclined to be angry.
- Late getting awake, and difficult to recover from sleep.
- Slept from 4 to 6 P.M. , woke up and felt dreadfully nervous; had a great fear as if something was going to happen.
- In morning, after exciting dreams, much fatigued, feels tired in sacrum and back.
- If inclined to sleep, it is short, disturbed with frightful dreams, and on awaking is apt to fall into slight convulsions.
- On awaking from siesta, numbness in head.

#### Time

- At 2 A.M. ; did not sleep more than thirty minutes until after.
- AT 3 A.M. : became cold in bed for one hour.
- Morning: violent vertigo, with chill and headache; after rising, slight frontal headache aggravated ; when getting awake, boring in temples; woke with burning, aching headache; severe headache; lid puffed up like an eggshell; on awaking lids feel paralyzed before rising; on hearing water poured, obliged to have an evacuation; pressing in forehead early; frequent sneezing : (6 A.M. ) tickling in left cheek; heat in face; bitter taste; swallowing less difficult; little appetite; stools more frequent, diarrhea, with violent pains; urine yellowish-brown; both breasts swollen; muscles stiff; pressing across right ear; wrists as if strained aggravated ; pain in left knee; all muscles feel bruised; much fatigued.
- At 8 A.M. : pain in left side.
- At 9 A.M. : severe headache begins; suffocating feeling in chest lasting till 10:30 P.M.
- At 10 A.M. : began to spit a great deal; soreness and constriction in throat.
- At 11 A.M. : soreness in throat till noon; stitches in heart for a few minutes.
- In forenoon: sore throat; belching; gnawing pressure in left side; painful sensation in upper part of abdomen.
- Towards noon: headache with increase of saliva; pain in testicles aggravated .
- At noon: slight headache, lasting rest of day; pain in right elbow.
- Until dinner time: felt strangely in his whole body.
- After dinner: disinclined to think; headache very severe; pressing in epigastrium; sexual excitement.
- Afternoon: very severe headache; dull pain in forehead, with stupid feeling; pressing in vertex and forehead; dull pain in forehead; sick headache; dull heavy pain in head; headache, with nausea and sore pain around heart; stinging pressure behind ears; ranula, with dryness of mouth aggravated ; stinging in chest, with palpitation; sour belching; erections; itching and burning on corona glandis; burning and tenesmus as if in prostatic gland and in urethra; increased peristaltic motion of scrotum; first hours pain in testicles aggravated ; pain in wounded left arm; pain in shoulder joint; whole body trembles; drowsy; starting in sleep; fever.



- At 1 P.M. : slight pain in right shoulder joint.
- At 2 P.M. : intense pain in head; sore throat; violent spasm of throat; laid down and found head twisted to left side, found it quite comfortable; felt numbness in left side; severe pain across back; pain in left elbow.
- At 3 P.M. : headache very severe; peculiar constriction in back of throat; feeling of malaise and debility.
- Until 4 P.M. : feels as if he had heard or would hear unpleasant news; pressure on upper part of head.
- At 4 P.M. : constriction in throat aggravated ; violent pain in right kidney lasting one hour.
- At 5 P.M. : swallowing more difficult; woke with stinging in forepart of index finger.
- During day: rising of bile in throat; diarrhea, with pain aggravated ; unable to sleep from nervous anxiety; disagreeable dreams when falling asleep, only first half hour.
- All day; felt depressed and weak; spitting of saliva; headache with dizziness; sore throat; intense pain in head; violent headache aggravated ; a peculiar sensation of head; itching in nose; spitting; very severe sore throat; slight pain in lumbar region; terrible pain in throat; sensation of emptiness and discomfort in sexual parts after coition; dull pain in heart; difficulty in moving head; severe backache and numbness of hands; pain in back across hips; a tearing and stinging in left shoulder joint; weight on shoulders; feeling of weight in legs; severe nervous twitches in whole body; had to lie in bed, with severe pain in all bones.
- Evening: fretful, hypochondriac mood; vacillating motion of head; dull pain in forehead; pain above left ear; shooting in eyes; pressive burning in right concha; late, frequent sneezing; drawing in side of face; disinclined to think; want of appetite, followed by great lightness of head; when in bed, rending across abdomen: aching from groins to feet; pain about neck of bladder; cooling, burning, congested feeling in region of bladder; profuse watery urine; urine yellowish-brown; strong erections without sexual excitement or thoughts; increased peristaltic motion of scrotum; chest as if beaten; back extremely sore; pain in wounded left arm; pain in left arm and wrist; legs tired and aching; late, less inclined to chilliness.
- After supper: pressing in spleen; lewdness, with weakness of parts, but inclined to an emission.
- At 6 P.M. : sore throat ameliorated .
- At 7 P.M. : sore throat; slight, dull shooting pain in heart till 10:30 P.M.
- At 8 P.M. : salivation recommenced.
- At 9 P.M. : severe shooting pain in head; curious stinging pain in left eye; spasm of throat ameliorated ; violent pain in heart; irresistible drowsiness; a dripping, warm perspiration from wrist to nails of right hand.
- At 10 P.M. : pressing pain in head; pain in wounded left arm aggravated ; stinging pain in right hand; pains severe until that time.
- After 10 P.M. : while in bed all symptoms more severe.
- At 10:30 P.M. : numbness in right arm: went to bed, could not sleep; dozed and heard various noises till 3 A.M. , started frequently.
- At 11 P.M. : as if she was going to have a fit.
- At 11:30 P.M. : awakes from sleep with severe bellyache.
- After going to bed; intense pain in back of right heel; pain in heel.

- Night delirium aggravated ; tempted to bite her pillow; incessant talking; disturbed dreams; stupidity with restlessness; on hearing water poured, obliged to have an evacuation; hears various noises; vomiting in sleep; stools most frequent; swelling of breasts; laming pain in right knee joint when getting awake; pain in legs goes off; cramp in calves of legs; while lying in bed, laming pain in joint of left foot; painful lameness in left ankle joint; strange feeling changed into a trembling, generally sleepless; walking up and down in despair; stupefaction in head; woke several times with pain in wounded arm; sleepless on account of scratching of whole body; more restless; disagreeable dreams; itching quite severe; intolerable itching in lower part of body to feet; stitches in heart; pain in back; itching on lower half of abdomen.

#### Temperature and weather

- |Burning sensation in bitten place ameliorated by hot steam striking against it.
- Lyssophobia.
- |Unbearableness of heat of sun.
- Dropsy of spine with sheep.
- The damp, warm weather oppressed him.
- Expressed a desire to go into bath; after warm bath more irritable to external air, the most distressing symptom that occurs.
- Great sensitiveness to every breath of air.
- A very gentle stream of air projected from lips on to patient's forehead; and continued only for a few seconds, brought on a violent spasm.
- Asked her mother to beg him not to breathe upon her face again, as it distressed her so much (after Bellad.).
- Air, of agreeable temperature, feels cold and disagreeable.
- Continually directs a window to be closed which is not open.
- Draft of air, or opening or closing door, brings on spasms.
- Extreme sensibility to cold or least variation in temperature of air.
- Heat of sun: cannot bear it.
- Warm drinks: more easily taken than water.
- As soon as he gets warm in bed; itching in inner sides of thighs and knees; compelled to scratch.
- Open air: headache ameliorated ; feels a chill strike right arm.
- Breath of air: sensitive to.
- Blast of air: causes greatest distress.
- Wet weather: aching in left side of head aggravated .
- In cold room, while undressing: strong erections.
- Cold air: ameliorated headache; headache, with nausea and sore pain in heart ameliorated .

#### Fever

- Paroxysms of intense coldness with pain in spine.
- During paroxysm, limbs cool and livid.
- Attacks of vertigo, chilliness, sometimes chills; at least one a day for several days, not always accompanied by vertigo, though always accompanying it.
- Late in evening less inclined to chilliness.
- Chilly feeling, more down right (bitten) arm.
- Felt chilly and cold all over; shaking.

- "Desire for heat" marked.
  - Became cold in bed at 3 A.M. , although covered with four blankets; lasted about one hour.
  - Chills intermixed and followed by cold sweat.
  - A fever, sometimes preceded by slight shiverings, generally very mild.
  - Face sweats, with flushes.
  - Temperature of body 100 to 104§ Fahrenheit, seldom rises to 105 or 106.
  - Cannot bear heat of sun.
  - Fever in afternoon.
  - Slight fever, with flushes of heat.
  - Fever every evening, commencing at dusk and lasting until bedtime (midnight).
  - Sensation of burning heat in parts on which he lies.
  - He feels the pulse's beat through body; from time to time there is a surging through throat into head, like a slow wave.
  - Great fever, no chill; pulse 160; no appetite; thirst, drinks cold water very often; stupid and sleepy.
  - Feverish heat, with headache.
  - Sensation as if a hot wave, fine, like vapor, surged through body, taking an outward course, yet not reaching surface or extending into limbs.
  - Heat, with pressure in forehead and back.
  - After drinking some coffee, a strong heat in right side of face, followed by aching in front of upper part of head; after this again heat from nape of neck up head over ears and right side of face; with heat in eye from within outward and tickling in ear.
  - Sensation of heat felt internally and externally through entire body, no external warmth, it forces perspiration out on face as from weakness, and is accompanied by lassitude and aching in legs.
  - At 9 P.M. , a dripping, warm perspiration from whole right hand from wrist to nails; afterwards hands and fingers stiff, she can hardly bend them.
  - Skin covered with clammy sweat (last stage).
  - Skin moist, even covered with sweat; during spells, limbs cold and livid.
  - Much better after perspiring.
  - |Intermittent fever.
- Attacks, periodicity
- "Other diseases, when poison is absorbed, have their periods; the canine poison depends on climate and constitution and different periods, from first day till nineteen months".
  - Took several drops of 300, after having been bitten in nose; symptoms next day and following, and well the third day, first symptoms returned on the twelfth day.
  - |First day ameliorated ; next day aggravated ; on third day salivation returned.
  - Lysophobia.
  - Irregular fits of backache and chills, increasing steadily; Paroxysm, combined with a feeling of suffocation, almost produces strangulation.
  - Sudden convulsions of a paroxysmal character.
  - |Periodically since two weeks, Spasms of throat;
  - Attacks every few minutes, for five hours; pain down spine to loins and knees.
  - Periodical: ranula; spasm of esophagus; dull pain along left sciatic nerve.

- Alternating: of heat and headache; twitches in arms and legs.
- Repeated eight times: pain from sacrum to middle of back.
- For one hour: pain in right arm.
- For two hours: pain in and between both shoulders; pain in inguinal glands.
- Every two or three hours: has a twitch in heart.
- For four hours: sharp shooting pains in region of heart.
- After seven hours: right leg falls asleep.
- From noon till evening: headache.
- From 2 P.M. to 9:30 P.M. : violent spasm in throat.
- From 3 to 4 P.M. : headache.
- From 4 A.M. till evening pain in kidneys and across hips.
- From 4 P.M. till bedtime: feeling of numbness in right arm.
- Daily: passes from time to time a little dark blood from uterus.
- Every evening: distension of abdomen; fever commencing at dusk and lasting until midnight.
- Three successive mornings; soreness across chest, both breasts swollen.
- First days: smoking unpleasant, after first week a crazy, insatiable desire to smoke.
- Day after embrace: pain in testicles.
- Every other day at 5 P.M. : boring in temples.
- During three days: her sense of smell painfully acute.
- Lasted eight days: painful throbbing in region of spleen.
- After nine days: severe pain in bitten thumb, thence to brain, nervous convulsion for a few moments, passes off in two or three minutes.
- Forty days ago: small wound exposed during dissection of mad dog, feeling of malaise and fatigue, followed by death.
- Two weeks before time; catamenia.
- For two or three weeks: scrotum tightly drawn up.
- In Summer, of six weeks' standing: pain and tenesmus on hearing or seeing running water.
- For several months: offensive mucus from uterus.
- For three months: sticking, drawing, squeezing pain in heart.
- For seven years; prolapsus uteri.

#### Tissues

- Affects principally the nervous system.
- Great blueness of veins and redness of arteries on wounded arm.
- Tearing and shooting as if in bone.
- Supraorbital bones feel shattered.
- Aching in bones; every bone seems bruised and sore; as if every bone had been broken or violently beaten; never had such pains, had to return to bed and lie there all day.
- All his joints cracked on least motion, and pain was quite severe till 10 P.M.
- Lost flesh, getting thinner all over.
- Quick tendency of body to putrefaction.
- |Chlorosis.

#### Touch, passive motion, injuries

- He cannot bear to ride in a carriage, feels generally unwell during or after it.
- When water (in bath) was least ruffled, so as to touch a fresh surface, convulsions were

excited.

- Faceache after puncturing a pimple on cheek.
- A lacerated wound on right cheek, behind ramus of jaw, one and a half inches, and three lines of abrasion in front of same cheek.
- Local sensations of pain in wound or scar continue often after prodromic stage, in an increased degree in higher stage, but are in last scarcely heeded.
- Peculiar sensation are frequently experienced at seat of bite, or in adjacent parts; like a sensation of pricking, boring or burning always proceeding from wound.
- Complained of a pain in right arm (bitten part); no inflammation or enlargement of glands of axilla could be discovered.
- Tearing pains often proceed from wounded parts, frequently attributed by patients to effects of a cold and to rheumatism thereby induced.
- Shooting out from bitten part towards trunk, less frequently extending outward from sensorium, or in some locality other than part injured.
- Wound in exceptional cases appears inflamed and swollen; of a reddish or bluish hue.
- Sensation of creeping and pain in scar.
- Next morning wound red around edges.
- Great redness of small blood-vessels around wound.
- Soreness in muscles around wound, which is now almost healed.
- The wound healed without irritation kindly in course of twelve or fourteen days.
- Some are without pain in bitten part.
- No pain, swelling or inflammation in lymphatic glands, between bite and thorax.
- The wounds heal kindly and characterized by a striking absence of inflammatory reaction.
- The subsequent inflammatory reaction (after caustics) is generally slight, while pain thereby produced is moderated.
- Even after application of strong caustics, wounds manifest a strong tendency to skin over without granulating.
- Never saw a wound more disposed to heal; he was abroad in five weeks, yet afterwards affected by hydrophobia.
- The ready healing of the wound made by the bite of a rabid animal is similar to the rapid healing of wounds in those affected with leprosy.
- Touching scar is said to produce peculiar sensations, a shuddering, feeling of anxiety, and sighing.
- Sensation of creeping and pain in scar.
- |A bite of an angry dog into right thigh had not healed, turned into malignant ulcers; surrounding bluish-red edges, raised and hard, bases badly suppurating and ichorous, with redness and hardness.
- |Scars from a bite in nose swollen and red for fifteen months.
- |Ulcers remaining after bite of evil disposed dogs.
- |Pain on spot bitten became burning, and extended over whole body, and he felt very strangely.
- Lyssophobia.
- |Felt a continued pain in spot on right calf where he was bitten, but without a lesion.
- Lyssophobia.
- |Wounds from bite of dogs, in sheep.

- |A cow bitten by a dog in foot had a large swelling of part, and animal got very restless.
- |Two puppies, bitten by their rabid mother, did not get mad after taking Lyssin.
- It may be a prophylactic to hydrophobia, but never without at the same time applying radiate heat to the part bitten, and frequent sessions in hot room of Turkish bath; during the attack remedies are to be applied according to symptoms.
- Slightest touch: brings on convulsions; along whole vertebrae causes irritability akin to convulsions.
- Touch: on head makes it ache; small pustules on frontal eminence; nose very sensitive; pimple on eminence of forehead painful; pain on cheek aggravated .
- Pressure: on neck of bladder; causes aggravated pain in neck; causes pain in larynx; muscles of forearm painful; violent pain in right hand.
- Disposition to press hand against lower jaw.
- Presses head against wall; headache.
- Rubbing: headache ameliorated ; causes ear to pain.
- Gentle scratching: headache ameliorated .
- Scratching: itching in both ears disappears; scurf off pimple, discharge of lymph and blood; sheep's back makes them quiet; aggravated biting and itching in various parts of body; causes small red spots in a circle on inner side of thighs.

#### Skin

- Quick tendency of the wound to heal (the same in leprosy).
- Many underwent smallpox subsequent to reception of bite, and after their recovery died of hydrophobia.
- Biting, itching in various parts of body, aggravated by scratching.
- Very slight headache and biting itching all over body and legs.
- Itching quite severe during night.
- Had to scratch frequently, on rather rub.
- Through night intolerable itching in lower part of body down to feet.
- Itching in right hand, left foot, and in various parts of body.
- |Bluish discoloration of bitten place (after Laches.).
- Itching as soon as he begins to get warm in bed, particularly on inner side of thighs and knees; after scratching there appeared small, red spots in a circle.
- When in bed he is compelled to scratch; cannot sleep all night.
- |Pustules: on forehead; around inflamed eye; on finger (after bite).
- |Malignant ulcers from bite of a dog.
- |Red scar from bite of a dog.
- |Cancerous sores.
- Herpes circinatus appeared on left leg, below knee and livid yellow complexion gave way to a healthy color.

#### Magnetis poli ambo

[magnetis poli ambo ( the magnet).]

#### Description

- Symptoms produced by touching either pole of the magnet, indiscriminately, or by laying the whole of the magnetic surface upon the body. The potencies have been prepared by triturating milk sugar which had been saturated when exposed to the emanations of the magnet, a method Hahnemann does not appear to have practised.
- The pathogenesis of the magnet as a whole, and of each pole separately, is from

Hahnemann's *Materia Medica Pura*. It is to the original provings and observations of Hahnemann that we owe these valuable remedies, and no better or more logical introduction perhaps can be given than he has furnished in the *Materia Medica Pura*:

- To the ordinary mechanical, materialistic, and atomistic heads and there is a vast number of such it seemed not only paradoxical, but childish and incredible, that, according to the homeopathic medical doctrine, the administration of doses of only very minute fractions of a grain of the more powerful medicines could be of use.

- I grant that it may certainly be more convenient to regard all diseases as accumulations of gross impurities, and active drugs as rough levers and brooms, or as chemical reagents, consequently as palpable things. This may, I repeat, be more convenient than to regard those alterations of the being of living creatures (disease) as pure dynamical affections of the vital force, and medicines as pure, virtual, tone-altering powers, as they are in reality, and to set about curing according to these views.

- If we do not adopt these true views, but adhere to those ordinary material ones, the curative powers of medicine must be estimated according to their bulk and the weight of their dose; and hence the scales must determine the efficacy of the dose. But in that case we must first ascertain the weight of the disease, in order to be able to reckon whether a disease weighing so many pounds (it has, indeed, been hitherto not unusual to employ the phrase "grave illness") could be pried out, as with a lever, by such weight of medicine.

- I willingly abandon to those colleagues of mine such atomistic views, by which the business of treatment can be carried on very comfortably, even when half asleep; for, as we all know, to us poor mortals nothing is more easy of comprehension than the material, ponderable, palpable, and sensible, because much thinking (and observing), as an Israelitish teacher says, in a weariness to the body.

- I cannot suppose them capable of regarding disease as immaterial alterations of the vitality, as pure dynamic derangements of our state of health, and medicinal powers as mere virtual, almost spiritual, forces.

- It is impossible to disabuse them of the idea that for such and such a grave disease a dose of medicine of such and such a weight is required, seeing that they could point to the traditional practice of thousands of years, when palpable quantities of medicine must always be poured into the patient from large bottles, pots, and boxes, in order that any effect should be produced in serious diseases, and yet even this did not usually succeed.

- I can readily believe this; the effect of the ordinary treatment of all times fully corroborates it.

- But how can they reconcile it with the atomistic, materialistic notions they entertain respecting the action of medicines and their curative powers, that a single imponderable spark from a Leyden jar gives a shock to the strongest man, and yet no ascertainable ponderable substance is communicated to his body? How can they reconcile with their atomistic materialistic notions the enormous power of mesmerism, when a powerful man with a strong will to do good approaches the point of his thumb to the pit of the stomach of a nervous patient? How can they, finally, reconcile with their atomistic, materialistic notions respecting the actions of medicines the fact that a carefully-constructed magnetic steel rod can effect such a powerful derangement of our health, even when it is not in actual contact with the body, but may even be covered with some thick material (such as cloth, bladder, glass, etc.), so that we suffer therefrom violent morbid affections; or what is equally remarkable, that a magnetic rod can quickly and permanently cure the most

severe disease for which it is a suitable medicine, when it is brought near the body, for but a short time, even though covered as above described? Atomist! you narrow-minded wiseacre! tell me what ponderable quantity of the magnet entered the body in order to effect these often enormous changes in its state of health? Is not the centillionth of a grain (a fraction of a grain that has 600 ciphers for its denominator) still infinitely too heavy to represent this absolutely imponderable quantity, the kind of spirit that emanated from the magnetic rod into this living body? Will you now continue to express your amazement at the homoeopathic doses of powerful medicines of the sextillionth, octillionth, the decillionth of a grain, which are gross weights compared with this invisible magnetic power?

- The subjoined symptoms occurred from various powerful magnets brought in contact with various sensitive individuals, without distinction of the poles.

- They were observed in experiments conducted for half a year for the purpose of ascertaining the proper and most efficacious mode of stroking the steel with magnets, in which a horse-shoe magnet capable of lifting twelve pounds was held in the hands, which were in contact with both poles for an hour at a time.

Mind and disposition

- ||While attending to his business in the daytime, he talks aloud to himself, without being aware of it.

- He is faint, but excessively solicitous to do his work properly.

- Excessive exhaustion of the body, with feeling of heat, and cool sweat in the face with unceasing, and, as it were, hurried and over-strained activity.

- Hurried zeal; afterwards a gnawing pain in the arm and in the head of the humerus.

- ||Hurried heedlessness and forgetfulness; he says and does something different from what he intends, omitting letters, syllables, and words.

- |He endeavors to do things, and actually does things contrary to his own intentions.

- Wavering irresoluteness, hurriedness.

- He is unable to fix his attention on one object.

- The things around him strike him like one who is half dreaming.

- Print seems to him very bright, but he has a difficulty to comprehend what he reads.

- |He inclines to be angry and vehement; and after he has become angry, his head aches as if sore.

- He is disposed to feel vexed; this gives him pain, especially a headache, as if a nail were forced into his head.

Sensorium

- Vertigo in the evening after lying down, as if he would fall, or resembling a sudden jerk through the head.

- When walking he staggers from time to time, without feeling giddy.

- The objects of sight seem to be wavering, this makes him stagger when walking.

Head

- Whizzing in the whole head, occasioned by the imposition of magnetic surfaces on the thighs, legs and chest.

- The head feels confused as when one takes opium.

- The head feels as if some one were trying to pull it off the trunk.

- When endeavoring to think of something and fatiguing his memory, he is attacked with headache.



- Transitory headache, one single jerk, composed of darting and tearing sharp pain in the middle of one of the two hemispheres, like the pain that is felt at the moment when one receives a blow.

- In the morning on waking, he feels a horrid, digging-up, stupefying headache, going off immediately after flatulence begins to move about in the abdomen.

- Headache, as is felt after catching cold.

- ||Headache occasioned by the least chagrin, as if a sharp pressure were made on a small spot in the brain.

- |Pain in the region of the vertex, at a small spot in the brain, as if a blunt nail were pressed into the brain, the spot feels sore to the touch.

- Sensation on top of the head, as if the head and the whole body were pressed down.

Face

- Cold hands, with heat in the face and smarting sensation in the skin of the face.

- Intolerable burning prickings in the muscles of the face, in the evening.

- ||Sweat in the face without heat, early in the morning.

Eye

- |Dilated pupils with cheerfulness of the mind and body.

- There was no dilatation of the pupils during the spasmodic attacks and the loss of consciousness.

- Burning, tearing, and sparkling in the eye.

- Burning, drawing, and constant sparks in the affected eye.

- |Fiery sparks before the eyes, like shooting stars.

- Intensely painful stitches through the right eye, disappearing in the jaw, followed by a drawing through the same eye, down the neck, through the chest, abdomen and hips toward the right lower limb.

- Sensation in the eye as if the pendulum of a clock were moving in it.

- White, luminous, sudden vibrations, like reflections of light, at twilight, on one side of the visual ray, all around.

- Smarting in the eyes in the evening after lying down, as from acrid tears.

- |Itching of the eyelids and eyeballs in the inner canthus.

- Dryness of the eyelids and the inner mouth, in the morning, after waking.

- Sensation as if the eyelids were dry.

- Twitching of the lower eyelid.

Ear

- The external ear feels hot to him, but is not hot.

- Itching or itching burning in the meatus auditorius, early in the morning when in bed.

- Fine whistling in the ear, coming and going like the pulse.

- Loud strong whizzing in one of the ears, accompanied with headache of the same side, as if a foreign body had lodged in the brain; the pupil of this side is very much enlarged.

- Whizzing before the ears.

- Noise as of seething water in the ear.

- Electric shocks in the ear.

- Hard hearing without noise in the ear.

Nose

- Burning pain at a small spot under the wing of the nose.

- Illusion of smell: smell of manure before the nose, from time to time he imagines he

has a smell before the nose such as usually comes out of a chest full of clothes which had been closed for a long while.

#### Teeth and jaws

- Near the vermilion border of the upper lip, not far from the corner, a white pimple, or a red inflamed little tubercle, painful like a sore, in a state of rest, but most painful when moving or touching the parts.
- Little ulcer in the centre of the inner surface of the lower lip, painful to the touch.
- Painful sensitiveness around the margin of the lips.
- Metallic taste on one side of the tongue.
- Tearing pain in the periosteum of the upper jaw, coming with a jerk and extending as far as the orbit; the pain consists in a tearing, boring, pricking and burning.
- Darting-tearing pain in the facial bones, especially the antrum Highmorianum, in the evening.
- When taking a cold drink, the coldness rushes into the teeth.
- Drawing pain in the jaws extending as far as the temple, with a crampy sensation in the muscles of mastication.
- Looseness of the teeth.
- Toothache, excited by stooping.
- Beating or jerking pressure, only in single jerks.
- Violent grumbling in the teeth, even without any apparent cause.
- The gums of a hollow tooth are swollen and painful to the touch.
- Aching pain of the hollow, carious teeth.
- Uniform pain in the roots of the lower incisors, as if the teeth were bruised, sore or corroded.

#### Mouth and pharynx

- Shocks in the jaws.
- Shock in the teeth with burning.
- Pain in the velum pendulum palati, as when a large mouthful has been forced down the throat.
- Pain of the submaxillary gland as if swollen, early in the morning, in the open air.
- Tensive pain in the submaxillary gland.
- Single dull prickings in the submaxillary glands, in the evening.
- Frequent accumulation of saliva in the mouth, almost like ptyalism, with pain of the submaxillary glands.
- Ptyalism every evening with swollen lips.
- Bad smell from the mouth which he does not perceive himself, also with much mucus in the throat.
- Swelling of the throat, redness of the face and increased palpitation of the heart.
- Continual fetid odor from the mouth, without himself perceiving it, as in incipient mercurial ptyalism.
- Burning of the tongue, and pain of the same when eating.

#### Taste and appetite

- Hunger, especially in the evening.
- He has an appetite, but the food has no taste.
- He has a desire for tobacco, milk, beer, and he relishes those things; but he feels satisfied immediately after commencing eating.

- |Aversion to tobacco, although he relished it.
- Want of appetite without any loathing, repletion or bad smell.
- Beer tastes like water.

#### Stomach

- Eructations, tasting and smelling like the dust of sawed or turned horn.
- The eructation taste of the ingesta, but as if spoiled.
- Frequent attacks of unsuccessful or imperfect eructations.
- When stooping, an acid substance rises from the stomach into his mouth.
- Pain as from a bandage over the stomach, in both sides.
- A sort of rushing through the stomach and the intestines, mingled with stitches.
- Pressure in the stomach with cramps in the direction of the upper parts; restlessness which did not permit her to remain at any one place; heaviness of the tongue, paleness of the face, and coldness of the body, the pulse being very small, tight, unequal.
- This series of symptoms appeared every day at the same hour, for ten days in succession, in three females, decreasing progressively.
- Crackling and cracking in the pit of the stomach, as when a clock is wound up.
- Sensation of an agreeable distension in the region of the diaphragm.
- Pressure in the epigastrium, as from a stone, especially when reflecting much.
- Tensive aching and anxious repletion in the epigastrium.

#### Abdomen

- The flatulence moves about in the abdomen, with loud rumbling, painless incarceration of flatulence in various small places of the abdomen, causing a sharp aching pain and an audible grunting.
- Loud, although painless rumbling, especially in the lesser intestines, extending under the pubic bones and into the groin, as if diarrhea would come on.
- Emission of short and broken flatulence, with loud noises and pains in the anus.
- ||Loud rumbling in the abdomen early in the morning when in bed; afterwards colic as if from incarceration of flatulence.
- Putrid fermentation in the bowels, the flatulence has a fetid smell and is very hot.
- ||Qualmish sensation and painfulness in the intestines, as if one had taken a resinous cathartic or rhubarb, with painful emission of hot, putrid flatulence.
- Every emission of flatulence is preceded by pinching in the abdomen.
- Tensive and burning pain in the epigastrium and hypogastrium, followed by a drawing and tensive pain in the calves.
- Burning and digging-up in the abdomen like a heaving.
- Itching of the umbilicus.

#### Stool

- Frequent but almost unsuccessful urging to diarrhea in the morning, alternating with rumbling of flatulence in the abdomen.
- Diarrhea without colic.
- Constipation with headache for several days, as if there were something wrong in the brain; the head is uniformly affected, the mind feeling vexed and impatient.
- ||Constipation as if the rectum were constricted and contracted.
- ||Violent hemorrhoidal pain in the anus after stool, erosive as if sore, and as if the rectum were constricted.
- |Burning at the anus when sitting, as in hemorrhoids.

- ||Itching hemorrhoids.
- ||Blind hemorrhoids after soft stool, as if the varices on the margin of the anus felt sore, both when sitting and walking.
- ||Prolapsus recti when going to stool.
- Pain on either side of the anus, consisting of itching and soreness, when walking in the open air.

#### Urinary organs

- Burning in the bladder, especially in the region of the neck of the bladder, a few minutes after urinating.

#### Male genital organs

- Burning in the urethra, in the region of the caput gallinaginis, during an emission of semen.

- ||Early in the morning he feels a burning in the region of the visculae seminales.
- ||Nightly emissions of semen.
- |Violent continuous erections, early in the morning when in bed, without any sexual desire.

- ||Want of sexual desire, aversion to an embrace.
- |The penis remains in a relaxed condition, in spite of all sexual excitement.
- ||The prepuce retreats entirely behind the glans.
- Swelling of the epididymis, with simple pain when feeling it or during motion.
- Itching smarting of the inner surface of the prepuce.
- Burning smarting under the prepuce.
- Increased metrorrhagia in a woman advanced in age.
- ||Menses had ceased a few days before, returned next day after imposing the magnetic surface and continued ten days.

#### Larynx

- Frequent fits of nightly cough which does not wake him.
- In the evening, after lying down, he has a violent fit of dry cough, sometimes during sleep.
- Violent but short-lasting attack of dry cough in the night and at other periods, followed by slight discharge of ordinary mucus from the trachea.
- |Convulsive cough.
- ||Mucus in the trachea which is easily hawked up, evening and morning.
- ||Violent fit of cough, with profuse expectoration of blood.

#### Chest and lungs

- Asthma after midnight when waking and reflecting, occasioned by mucus in the chest, diminished by coughing.
- Intolerable burning stitches in the muscles of the side of the chest, toward the back.
- |Spasmodic cough, with shocks in the chest and anxious breathing, and visible oppression of the chest.
- Pricking in the chest, and a cold shuddering burning through the whole body.
- A shock in the upper part of the sternum, causing cough and lachrymation.
- Violent oppression of the chest, tearing in the stomach and bowels, and beating in the shoulders.
- Tearing extending from the right side into the inner parts of the abdomen, mingled with prickings and shocks, as if small pieces of flesh were being torn out, or as if fiery sparks

were flying about.

- Four burning emanations from the middle of the chest toward either shoulder and side, back, and small of the back, with anxiety, and sensation as if the parts were being dissected.

- Burning emanation from the left shoulder through the chest toward the right side, as if the parts would be severed.

Back

- Painful stiffness of the cervical vertebra in the morning, during motion.

- Cracking in the cervical vertebra in the morning during motion.

- Pain in the omo-hyoid muscle, as if it would be attacked with cramp.

- Pain in the back when standing or sitting quiet.

- Burning in the dorsal spine.

- Twitching of the muscles of the back, and sensation as if something were alive in them.

- ||Pain in sacro-lumbar articulation, in the morning when in bed lying on the side, and in daytime when stooping a long time.

- Burning emanation from the stomach through the abdomen and back, separating in the small of the back and extending into the lower limbs.

- |Shock or jerk in the small of the back, almost arresting the breathing.

Upper limbs

- Pain in the humeral articulation, or in the ligaments, as if the head of the bone were dislocated, not only as if bruised, or sprained and twisted.

- Tearing jerkings in the muscles of the arm when staying in a cold place.

- Uneasiness in the sound arm.

- Drawing pain in the upper part of the lower arm.

- In the evening, between the sixth and seventh hours, he feels a tearing and bruised pain in the joints of the arm, more during rest than when bending the arm; the pain returns in twenty-four hours.

- Beating in the top of the shoulder with sensation as if torn.

- Shocks in the top of the shoulder which caused the arms to recede from the body with a jerk.

- Shocks in the arm-joints and head, as if those parts were beaten with a light and small hammer.

- Drawing pain in either shoulder, and down the nape of neck, with beating in either arm.

- Pulling in the points and muscles of the arm.

- Digging-up around the wrist, elbow, and shoulder-joints.

- Pain in the muscles of the arm, as if they would be divided into fine parts.

- Burning and cutting in the arms and chest, with cold shuddering.

- Burning in the right arm, as from fiery sparks.

- Burning pain in the surface of the arm in various parts.

- |Prickings in the arm.

- The arms are gently elevated, or even crossed as if by spasm; one of the arms is spasmodically tossed, either horizontally or vertically.

- |Beating and throbbing in all the joints of the arms and fingers.

- |Deep-seated pain in the arm, extending as far as the elbow, the arm going to sleep and trembling spasmodically.

- Painless shocks in the elbow.

- Burning in the elbow joint, as if torn by hot pincers, with violent burning and sparkling of the eyes.
  - While removing the magnets from the arms, the fingers, hands and arms become curved and even entirely contracted, in a state of unconsciousness.
  - ||Drawing from the head down to the tip of the fingers.
  - The hands are icy cold the whole day, for several days, from touching the centre of the bar.
  - Pain in the wrist-joint, as if a tendon had become strained, or as if an electric shock were passing through the parts.
  - Arthritic digging up, and boring pain in a spot of the lower joint of the thumb during rest.
  - Tearing in the joints of the thumb in the evening when in bed.
  - Pain as if sprained and bruised, in the morning when in bed, in the lower joint of the thumb, when moving or bending it.
  - Sudden bending, and sensation as if dislocated in the first and second joint of the thumb.
  - Prickling and digging-up pain in the tip of the thumb, in the evening after lying down.
  - Twitching jerking in the muscles of the thumb and in those of the chin.
  - Continuous burning stitch, accompanied with sore feeling in the thickest part of the muscles of the palm of hand and calf of the leg; afterwards in the lower part of the tibia.
  - The fingers are liable to be bent and strained.
  - In the evening the legs and thighs go to sleep.
- Lower limbs
- Sensation in the upper part of the calf, when rising from a seat, as if it were too short.
  - Attacks of cramp in the calves and toes after waking.
  - Pain as if bruised in the fleshy part of the leg, on the outer side of the tibia, in the evening when walking.
  - Pain from the hip down the limb, as if the parts were being divided by a fine instrument.
  - Drawing from the hips to the feet, leaving a burning along that tract.
  - Violent shocks of the right lower limb, occasioned by a burning emanation from the chin and neck through the right side.
  - Fiery burning in the upper and lower limbs; when the right limb touched the left one, it seemed as if the latter were set on fire by the former.
  - Painful going to sleep of the thighs and legs when sitting, disappearing when walking.
  - Burning tearing in the left leg, mingled with creeping.
  - Prickling from the knee to the feet.
  - Stitches in the leg.
  - Shocks in the knee, causing the leg to be stretched spasmodically.
  - Throbbing in the left knee.
  - In the morning after rising and when attempting to walk, he feels a pain in the tarsal-joint and beyond it, as if sprained.
  - Stitches in the ball of the heel.
  - Tearing pain in the heel, setting in with a jerk, passing off immediately, but returning from time to time.
  - In the evening, prickings with burning in the soft parts on the side of the heel.

- Painful sensitiveness and soreness in the region of the root of the nail of the big toe, and in the skin over the root, even when merely touching it.
- Sore pain under the nail of the big toe of either foot, as if the shoe had pinched him, and as if the nail would come off by suppuration.
- Burning and sore pain of the corn, which is generally painless when commencing to walk.
- Pain in the upper part of the tarsal joints, as if the shoe had pinched him, and as if a corn were there.

#### Sleep

- Coma vigil early in the morning for several hours; after sunrise, sopor or deep sleep set in, full of heavy, passionate dreams, for instance, vexing dreams; the sopor terminates in a headache as if the brain were sore all over, disappearing after rising.
- Sleep disturbed by dreams full of oppression and anxiety, resembling nightmare.
- Vivid dreams, as if he saw the thing taking place in his waking state.
- Dreams full of feasting, boasting, and bragging.
- He wakes at three o'clock in the night; in a few hours he falls into a sopor full of dreams; afterwards, feeling of heat in the limbs without thirst, the limbs requiring to be uncovered at first, but afterwards covered carefully.
- He wakes at three o'clock in the morning; at sunrise his eyelids close again, and he lies in a sort of stupor full of heavy dreams.
- Early in the morning he sleeps on his back, one of his hands lying under the occiput, the other over the region of the stomach, the knees being apart, with moaning inspiration, half-opened mouth, and low muttering, dreaming of amorous things and emissions, although no emission takes place; headache in the occiput after waking, as after an involuntary emission of semen, with asthma, and bruised pain in all the joints, going off after rising and during motion, with copious expulsion of catarrhal mucus.
- Lascivious dreams, even during the siesta, with discharge of the prostatic fluid.
- Wakeful drowsiness in the night, toward morning, he hears every noise and has some power of thinking; after sunrise the drowsiness increases to a stupor, during which he hears or feels nothing, except violent pain as after a long journey on foot, and a bruised feeling in all the joints, obliging him to change the position of the limbs constantly, accompanied with loud grumbling in the abdomen, which is interrupted from time to time by emission of flatulence, and a disagreeable feeling of warmth in the body; during which time he generally lies on his back with the mouth open.
- The pains in the limbs soon decrease after waking; but in exchange for those pains he is attacked with a painful headache, increased after rising to a headache such as is felt when a dry coryza is setting in, disappearing again by sudden sneezing and discharge of mucus from one nostril. Sweat without heat, early in the morning while asleep, or mild copious exhalation of the whole body, which is not exhausting, and disappears after waking.
- When asleep he snores during an inspiration, and wheezes through the nose during an expiration.
- Tossing about in bed during sleep.
- In the evening before lying down, he is attacked with symptoms of a catarrhal fever; the long bones are painful as if bruised in the middle; accompanied with dull headache causing a cloudiness; he is hoarse, and the chest is lined with tenacious mucus.

- In the morning, after waking, the flatulence increases in the abdomen, with loud grumbling; there is emission of flatulence, violent sneezing, copious discharge of mucus from the nose and yawning; all this soon goes off again.

- Early in the morning when waking, the mouth is covered with thick, almost dry mucus, and the eyelids are dry; both these symptoms disappear after sneezing and after a discharge of mucus from the nose.

#### Fever

- Shuddering over the whole body, partly cold, partly burning, and causing an intense pain.

- Hot and creeping sensation in the affected part.

- Profuse sweat with shuddering.

- Slight sweat in the night, especially where the magnet lay.

- Sweat in the region of the stomach.

- Fever after midnight, no shuddering; disagreeable sensation of heat in the whole body, especially in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, with dryness in the throat and sweat in the face, nape of the neck or over the whole body.

- Dry heat, early in the morning when in bed.

- Heat without thirst in the night, requiring one to lie uncovered.

- Disagreeable, troublesome warmth in the whole body, with sweat in the face without thirst.

- Imperceptible exhalation of the whole body, having a strong, pungent, though not disagreeable smell, resembling the exhalation which is perceived from a healthy man while sweating.

- General sweat after midnight.

- Sweat over the whole body, especially in the back, early in the morning while asleep.

#### Skin

- The recent wound commences to bleed again.

- The wound, which is almost healed, commences to pain again like a recent wound.

- Boils break out on various parts of the body, passing off soon.

- Corrosive pains in various parts, for example, below the ankle.

- Itching of the affected parts, the pain is increased by scratching; it is like a sort of burning in a sore place.

- Simple, continuous itching of the soft parts, remaining unchanged after scratching.

- Burning itching below the joints, after lying down, even for the mere purpose of taking a nap; it cannot be appeased by scratching.

- A continuous itching-pricking, here and there, terminating in a burning.

- Burning stinging pain in various soft parts of the body, not in the joints; it is more or less continuous.

- Single stitches in soft parts here and there, for instance in the ball of the thumb.

- In the evening, after having got warm in bed, he feels single burning stitches here and there, terminating in a smarting sensation.

- Pricking, moaning, fluttering sort of a pain at a small place, for instance in the sole of the feet, as is felt in a limb previous to going to sleep.

- Creeping, and sensation as if all the fluids were accumulating in the region where the magnet is applied.

- Small pimples on the chest.



- Extremely itching eruption where the magnet lay.
- The skin under the magnet is painful and corroded, and is surrounded by itch-like pustules.
- Red eruption, red spots.
- Red eruption in the palms of the hands resembling watery vesicles.
- Burning itching where the magnet lay, obliging one to scratch until blood came out; the skin is red, and around about small pimples are visible, passing off soon.
- Large pimples around the place where the magnet lay.
- Deep, lentil-sized ulcers at the place where the magnet lay.
- Wide-spread eruption of pimples and blisters, with drawing and prickling pain; also, red spots here and there.
- Secretion of a reddish humor from the wound.

#### General symptoms

- Early in the morning, when lying on the side, he feels a continuous, intolerable, simple or bruised pain in all the joints, where the cartilages of the two bones touch one another; the pain abates as soon as one turns on the back, with the head bent backward, and the knees bent and at a distance from one another.
- Bruised pain in the joints of that side on which one rests, in the evening when in bed.
- Bruised pain of all the joints, or rheumatic pain of the ligaments of the arms and of all the joints of the chest, back, and nape of the neck, during motion and during and expiration.
- Paralytic pain in all the joints, especially those of the small of the back, loins and chest, or pain as if the joints were crushed, broken and bruised; worse during motion and when standing accompanied with a drawing and tearing sensation, especially in the ligaments and tendons, where they are inserted in the bones, particularly early in the morning after rising, and in the evening before lying down; the parts are painless when touched; the pains are relieved by emission of flatulence: an increase of pain obliges one to close the eyes.
- The joints are painful when moving the limbs, as if they had been sprained.
- Sensation in the limbs during motion, as is felt in the arm when knocking the ulnar nerve in the region of the elbow against anything hard.
- The limbs go to sleep, especially when standing or walking, after rising from a seat.
- In the morning, when lying in bed, and resisting a desire for an embrace, he is attacked with a kind of arthritic pain in the small of the back, knees and all the joints; the pains are bruised or weary pains.
- Burning emanation from the head, down the right side; immediately after, the whole body is covered with sweat.
- Burning emanations through every part of the body in every direction.
- Intolerable burning from the head to the feet, with pain as if the limbs were being torn and divided.
- Burning and pricking pains.
- During the burning pains there was neither external heat, nor redness of the parts.
- Sensation as of flying sparks over the body.
- Sensation in every part as if cut up.
- Heaviness in all the limbs, and palpitation of the heart from omitting the usual imposition of the magnets.

- |Dull, numb pain.
- Drawing and pricking pain, mingled with itching.
- ||Shuddering movement through whole body.
- |The joints are painful when touched.
- The places on which the magnets lie, burn as if hot coal were lying near them.
- |The place where the magnet had been imposed goes to sleep, becomes numb and insensible.
- |Jerking shock, causing the trunk to bend violently upward and forward as low down as the hips, with cries.
- ||The trunk, while in a recumbent position, is jerked up spasmodically as it were, the head being jerked forward upon the bed, and then again backward upon the cushion.
- |The upper part of the body is spasmodically lifted and jerked forward, and then again backward on one side.
- Violent shocks causing a general tremor of the body, burning in the chest and through either arm, and sweat all over.
- None of the convulsions excited by the magnet after the pulse.
- A sort of starting through the body, afterwards sweat on either hand.
- Paralysis for ten days, with loss of sensation, the limb having its natural temperature and being moist.
- Shocks deprive him of consciousness.
- The spasmodic risings and jerkings of the body forward, are followed by a long-lasting loss of consciousness, followed by blowing with the mouth as when one experiences a great heat; after which consciousness and cheerfulness return.
- Loss of consciousness with staring eyes, open mouth, almost imperceptible inspirations, and a movement in the chest which is almost like palpitation of the heart, the pulse remaining unchanged and having its ordinary quality.
- During the loss of consciousness the fingers are moved one after the other; after the return of consciousness a profuse sweat breaks out.
- Languor in all the limbs, accompanied with a swoon, which lasts but a short while and returns several times.
- Fits of fainting, palpitation of the heart, and suffocation.
- Long-lasting swoons, in which she retained her consciousness.
- Swoon, during which she feels her pain, but is unable to complain on account of an inability to speak or move.
- Insensibility and deadly sopor.

Magnetis polus arcticus

[magnetis polus arcticus (north-pole of the magnet)]

Mind and disposition

- Out of humor and weary.
- Weeping mood, with chilliness and a disposition to feel chilly.
- |Sadness, in the evening; he had to weep, contrary to his will, after which his eyes felt sore.
- He felt in the evening as if it were difficult for him to commence the execution of his designs, and it was long before he made a beginning; but as soon as he had commenced, he carried out his designs with great promptness.
- |Indolent fancy; he sometimes felt as if he had no fancy at all.

- When sitting, he felt as if he had lost all powers of motion, and had grown fast to the chair.
- ||Indolent mind.
- Anxious, desponding, inconsolable, self-reproaching mood.
- Sleep ceased at three o'clock in the morning, and he became anxious; he became solicitous about his health, as if he were dangerously sick; he became gloomy; he grudged every word he was obliged to utter.
- Exaggerated, over-scrupulous solicitude.
- Irritated and vexed mood; he does not like to be interrupted in his work, and, nevertheless, he does not accomplish anything.
- ||While attending to his business, he talks aloud to himself.